

Using the Finesse-Virgo package

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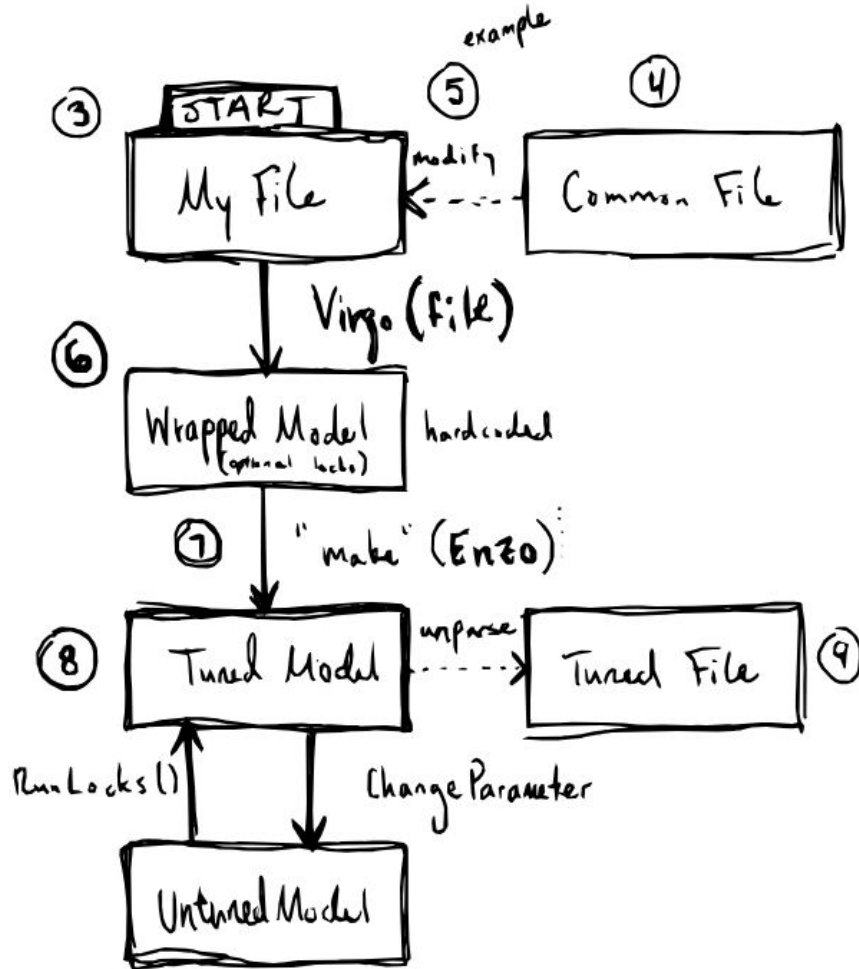
Introduction

The `finesse-virgo` package includes top-level tools and models for simulating Virgo in Finesse 3.

- Common file with current configuration
- Pre-tuning scripts (including locks)
- Diagnostic and informative utility functions



Introduction

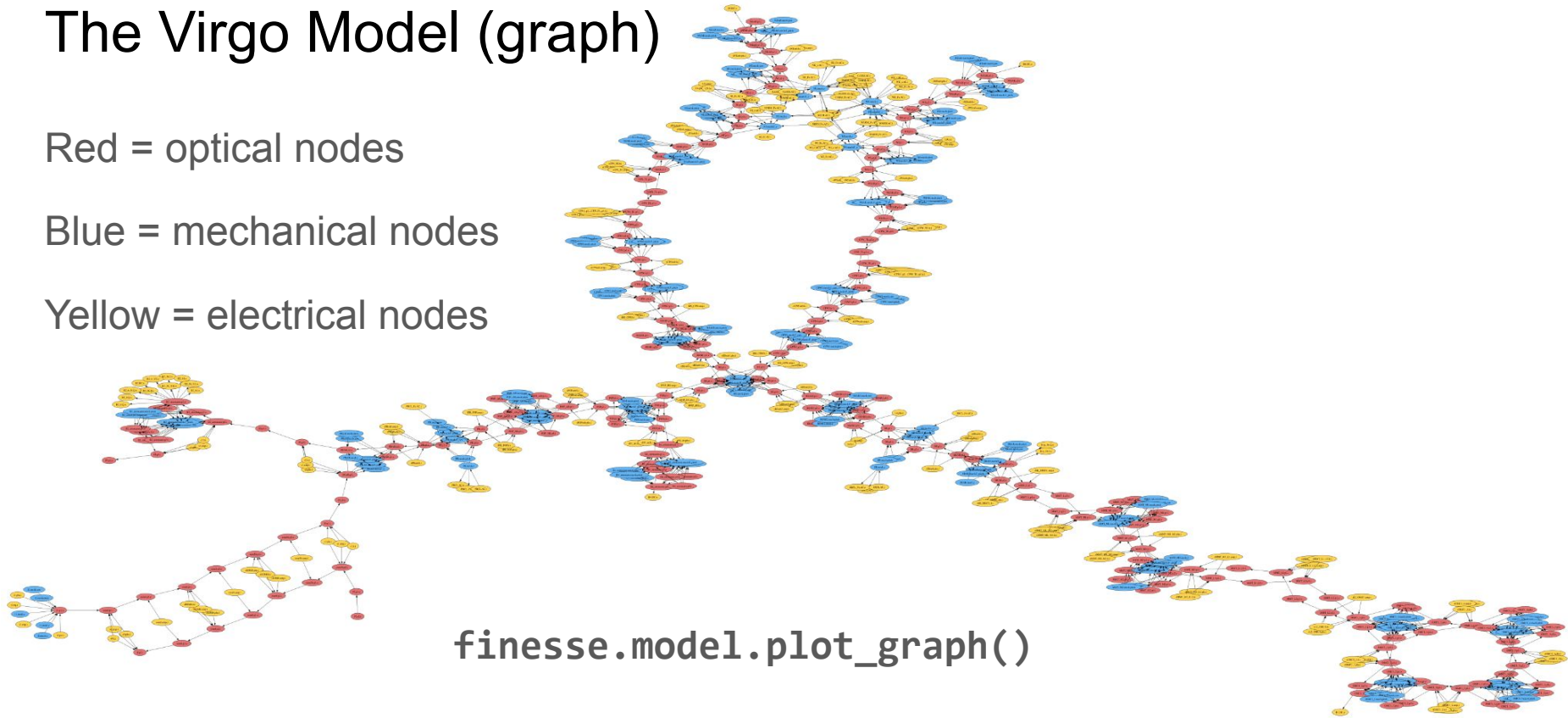


The Virgo Model (graph)

Red = optical nodes

Blue = mechanical nodes

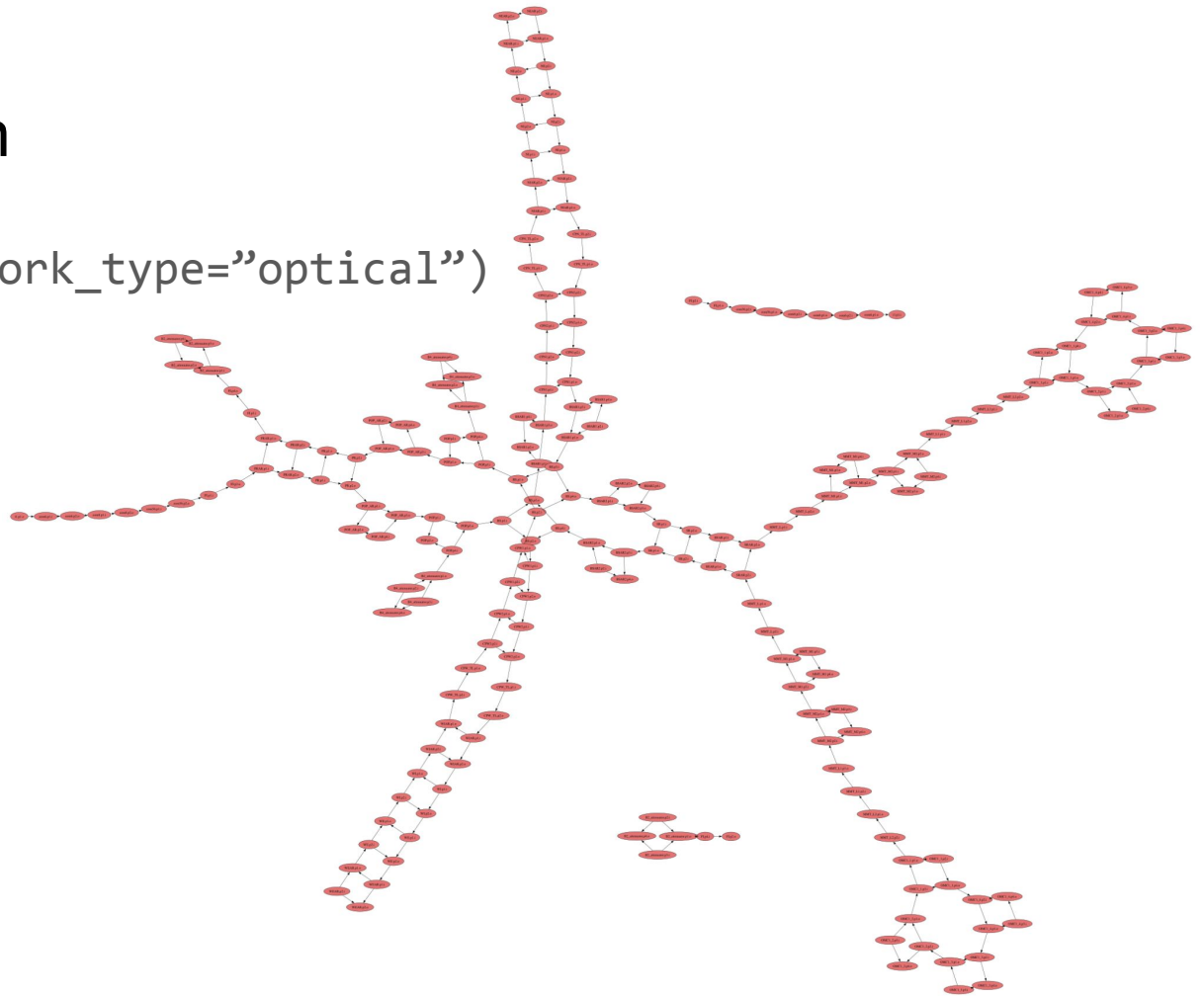
Yellow = electrical nodes



```
finesse.model.plot_graph()
```

The Optical Graph

```
model.plot_graph(network_type="optical")
```



Install / Update

Installation can be done with `pip`:

```
pip install finesse_virgo
```

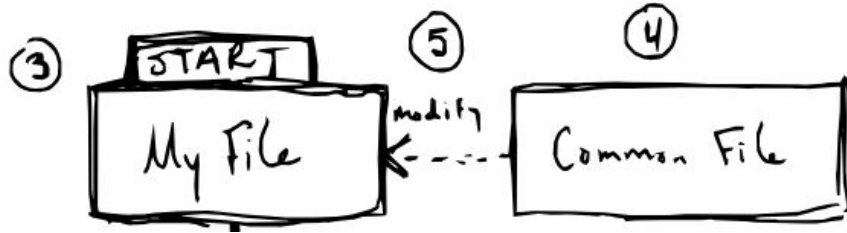
Update to latest version:

```
pip install -upgrade finesse_virgo
```

Import via `finesse`:

```
import finesse.virgo as fv
```

My file (the starting point)



The starting point of every study is a katfile.

```
fv.Virgo("my_file.kat")
```

```
fv.Virgo("my_file_dir")
```

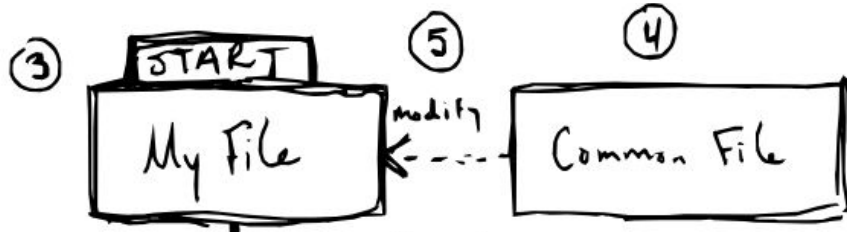
Not currently good for design tasks due to

rigid constraints on naming conventions.

(optics, DOFs, detectors, etc.) **To be relaxed.**

```
1 #-----
2 # An Advanced Virgo Plus input file for Finesse 3
3
4 # modulation frequencies [TDR, tab 2.3, pp 24]
5 var f6 6270777 # 6 MHz, fmod1 in TDR
6 var f8 4/3*f6 # 8 MHz, 4 / 3 * f6, fmod3 in TDR
7 var f56 9*f6 # 56 MHz, 9 * f6, fmod2 in TDR
8
9 var nsilica 1.44963
10 var Mloss 30u
11
12 var etalonNI 0 # NI etalon tuning
13 var etalonWI 0 # WI etalon tuning
14
15 # Laser and modulators
16 #####
17 # EOM parameters from https://logbook.virgo-gw.eu/virgo/?r=34898
18 # and https://logbook.virgo-gw.eu/virgo/?r=38123
19 # and https://logbook.virgo-gw.eu/virgo/?r=41551
20 laser il P=40.0
21 s s0 il.p1 eom6.p1 L=1m
22 mod eom6 f=f6 midx=0.22
23 s sEOM6 eom6.p2 eom8.p1 L=0.1
24 mod eom8 f=f8 midx=0.15
25 s sEOM8 eom8.p2 eom56.p1 L=0.1
26 mod eom56 f=f56 midx=0.25
27
28 # REFL, B2 readout
29 #####
30 s s1 eom56.p2 FI.p1 L=0.2
31 # Lossless faraday isolator to pick off B2-beam
32 dbs FI
33 s s2 FI.p3 PRAR.p1 L=0
34
35 # Beam splitter to obtain 18 mW of power on B2 (with 40W input)
36 s s3 FI.p4 B2_attenuator.p1 L=0
37 bs B2_attenuator R=0.99816 T=0.00184
38 # B2 readout is at B2_attenuator.p3
```

The common file



Start with the “common file” if you don’t have your own:

```
fv.copy_input_files(“local_dir”)
```

```
virgo = fv.Virgo(“local_dir”)
```

Includes common optical layout file and **additional katscript** for tuning and controls.

```
# DOFs
#####
# position
dof DARM NE.dofs.z -1 WE.dofs.z +1
dof CARM NE.dofs.z +1 WE.dofs.z +1
dof MICH NI.dofs.z -1 NE.dofs.z -1 WI.dofs.z +1 WE.dofs.z +1
dof PRCL PR.dofs.z +1
dof SRCL SR.dofs.z -1

dof NARM NI.dofs.z +1 NE.dofs.z +1
dof WARM WI.dofs.z +1 WE.dofs.z +1

dof NI_z NI.dofs.z +1
dof NE_z NE.dofs.z +1
dof WI_z WI.dofs.z +1
dof WE_z WE.dofs.z +1

# applied force
dof DARM_Fz NE.dofs.F_z -1 WE.dofs.F_z +1
dof CARM_Fz NE.dofs.F_z +1 WE.dofs.F_z +1
dof MICH_Fz NI.dofs.F_z -1 NE.dofs.F_z -1 WI.dofs.F_z +1 WE.dofs.F_z +1
dof PRCL_Fz PR.dofs.F_z +1
dof SRCL_Fz SR.dofs.F_z -1

dof NARM_Fz NI.dofs.F_z +1 NE.dofs.F_z +1
dof WARM_Fz WI.dofs.F_z +1 WE.dofs.F_z +1

dof NI_Fz NI.dofs.F_z +1
dof NE_Fz NE.dofs.F_z +1
dof WI_Fz WI.dofs.F_z +1
dof WE_Fz WE.dofs.F_z +1
```


Example: Modifications to common file

Before parsing:



```
mod eomX f=1 midx=0
```

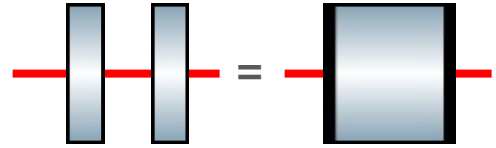
1. Additional modulator
2. Beamsplitter after SRM



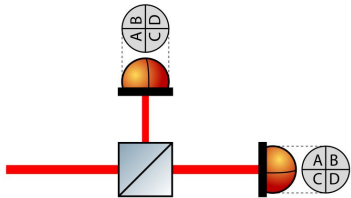
```
# SR pick-off  
bs B1p_BS R=0.5 T=0.5  
s B1p_BS_s SRAR.p2 B1p_BS.p1
```

After parsing:

1. Define degrees of freedom (for composite mirrors)
2. Create QPD RF readouts (demodulators)



```
dof SR_x SR.dofs.yaw 1 SRAR.dofs.yaw 1
```



```
s B1p_to_QPD_BS B1p_BS.p2 B1p_QPD_BS.p1  
nothing B1p_QPD_nf_nada  
nothing B1p_QPD_ff_nada  
s B1p_QPD_nf B1p_QPD_BS.p2 B1p_QPD_nf_nada.p1 user_gouy_x=0 user_gouy_y=0  
s B1p_QPD_ff B1p_QPD_BS.p3 B1p_QPD_ff_nada.p1 user_gouy_x=90 user_gouy_y=90  
readout rf B1p_f50_nf B1p_QPD_nf_nada.p1.i f=f50 output_detectors=true pdtype=xsplit  
readout rf B1p_f50_ff B1p_QPD_ff_nada.p1.i f=f50 output_detectors=true pdtype=xsplit
```

Pre-tuning / “Making” Virgo

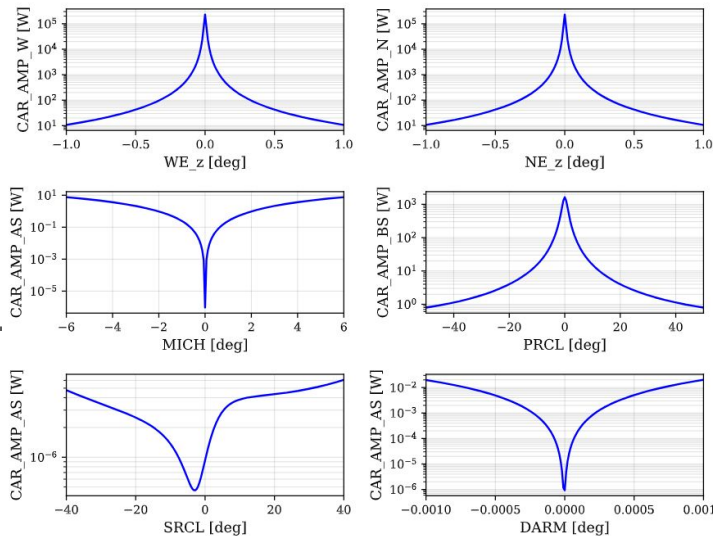
Note: Do not use `make()`, brief overview (in detail with Enzo)

- Defines the “operating point”
- Optimize lengths
- Optimize powers (maximize arms, minimize dark port)
- Optimize demodulation phase
- Optimize lock gains
- Run the locks (zero the error signals)

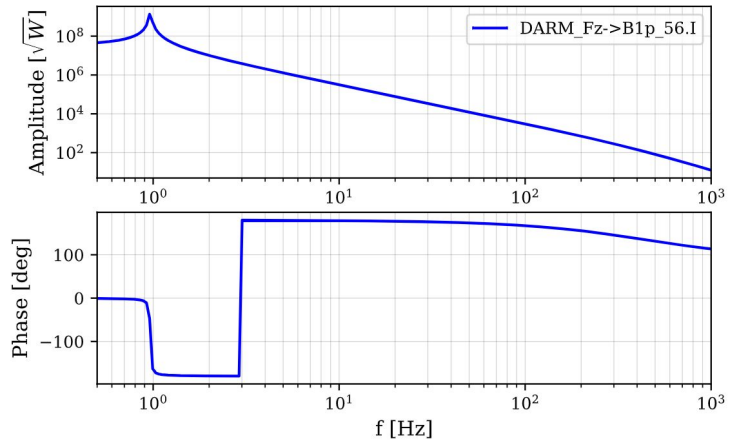
```
lock PRCL_lock B2_8_I PRCL.DC -63.80813077245811 5.3e-06
lock MICH_lock B2_56_Q MICH.DC 1995.7759287359338 9.1e-07
lock CARM_lock B2_6_I CARM.DC -0.1614654491019635 1.6e-05
lock DARM_rf_lock B1p_56_I DARM.DC -0.0065708585507211455 0.0017
lock DARM_dc_lock B1_DC DARM.DC -0.0065708585507211455 0.0017 enabled=false offset=4m
lock SRCL_lock B2_56_I SRCL.DC -3797.910605193875 2.2e-05 # West
```

Tuned Model

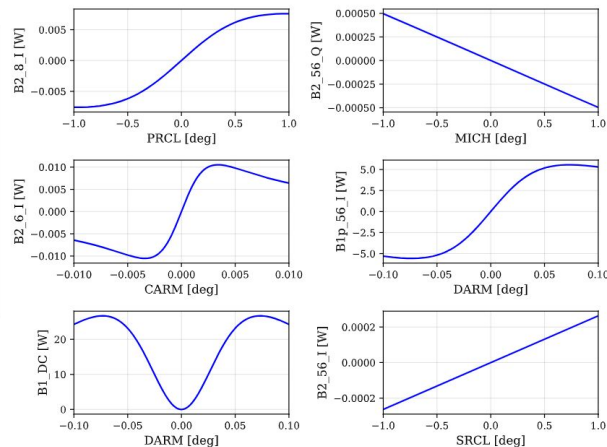
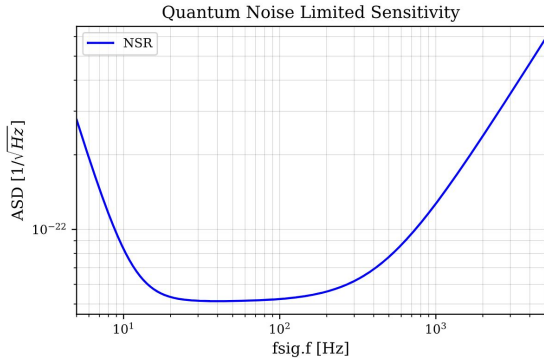
- Plot powers `virgo.plot_powers()`
- Plot error signals `virgo.plot_error_signal`
- DARM transfer function `virgo.plot_DARM()`
- QNLS `virgo.plot_QNLS()`



DARM TF



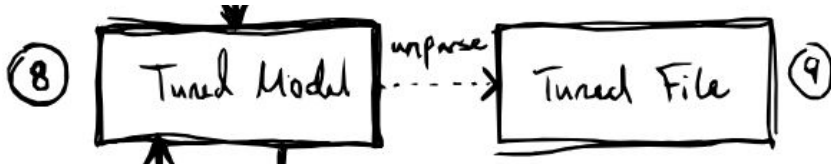
Quantum Noise Limited Sensitivity



Save tuned model

Save a tuned model for use later using the unparser:

```
virgo.model.unparse_file("my_tuned_file.kat")
```



```
1 #-----
2 # An Advanced Virgo Plus input file for Finesse 3
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4 # modulation frequencies [TDR, tab 2.3, pp 24]
5 var f6 6270777 # 6 MHz, fmod1 in TDR
6 var f8 4/3*f6 # 8 MHz, 4 / 3 * f6, fmod3 in TDR
7 var f56 9*f6 # 56 MHz, 9 * f6, fmod2 in TDR
8
9 var nsilica 1.44963
10 var Mloss 30u
11
12 var etalonNI 0 # NI etalon tuning
13 var etalonWI 0 # WI etalon tuning
14
15 # Laser and modulators
16 #####
17 # EOM parameters from https://logbook.virgo-gw.eu/virgo/?r=34898
18 # and https://logbook.virgo-gw.eu/virgo/?r=38123
19 # and https://logbook.virgo-gw.eu/virgo/?r=41551
20 laser il P=40.0
21 s s0 il.p1 eom6.p1 L=1m
22 mod eom6 f=f6 midx=0.22
23 s sEOM6 eom6.p2 eom8.p1 L=0.1
24 mod eom8 f=f8 midx=0.15
25 s sEOM8 eom8.p2 eom56.p1 L=0.1
26 mod eom56 f=f56 midx=0.25
27
```

Example: Running an Experiment

For each modulation frequency:

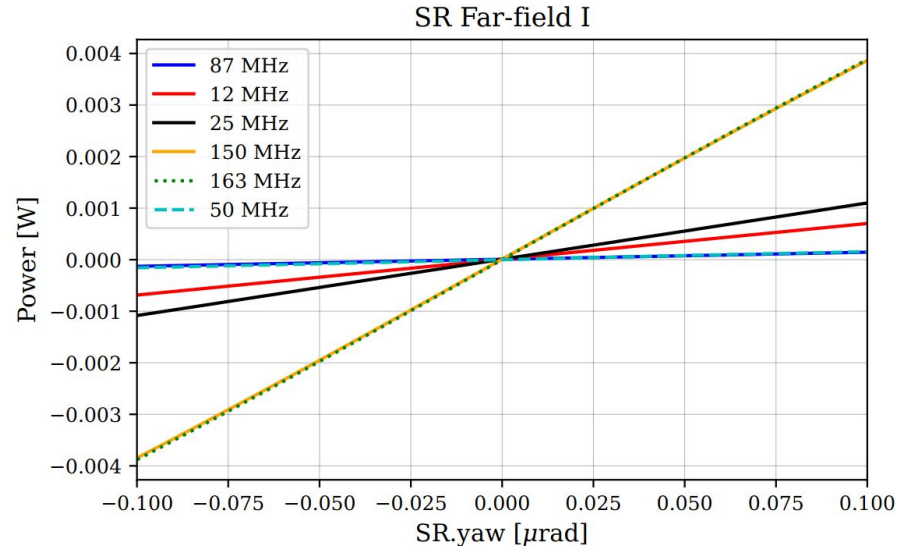
1. Set modulation frequency
2. Add sideband-of-sideband (SoS) frequency
3. Set demodulation frequency
4. Optimize demodulation phase
5. Misalign mirror

```
def misalign_BS(virgo, start=-0.05e-6, stop=0.05e-6, steps=200):  
    return virgo.model.run(  
        fa.Xaxis(  
            'BS_x.DC',  
            'lin',  
            start,  
            stop,  
            steps,  
            relative=True,  
            pre_step=fa.RunLocks(method="newton"),  
        )  
    )
```

```
var f50 (eom56.f - f6)  
var f31 (5*eom6.f)  
var f87 (eom56.f + (5*f6))  
var f68 (11*eom6.f)  
var f12 ((11*f6) - eom56.f)  
var f81 (13*eom6.f)  
var f25 ((13*f6) - eom56.f)
```

```
var f131 (21*eom6.f)  
var f75 ((21*f6) - eom56.f)  
var f206 (33*eom6.f)  
var f150 ((33*f6) - eom56.f)  
var f219 (35*eom6.f)  
var f163 ((35*f6) - eom56.f)
```

```
model.add_frequency(-virgo.model.get(sos).value)  
model.add_frequency(virgo.model.get(sos).value)
```



Summary

The `finesse-virgo` package includes top-level tools and models for simulating Virgo in Finesse 3.

Install with `pip install finesse_virgo`

1. Start with your modified katfile (or copy the common file to a local directory)
2. Use your modified katfile with the Virgo object
3. Pre-tune the model (check the figures of merit)
4. Save a tuned version (with locks)
5. Run the experiment while maintaining operating point.