

Machine learning tutorial

Melissa Lopez ft. ChatGPT

Mentimeter code: [6471 8286](#)



Brief history of Machine Learning

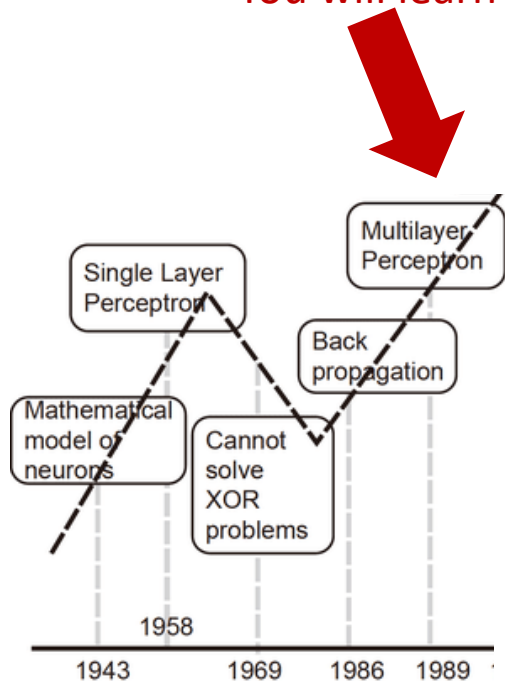
What happened?

1. Big Data (WWW in 90s)

2. Hardware (GPUs, TPUs)

3. Software (Keras, Pytorch,...)

You will learn this



Machine Learning Arxiv Papers per Year

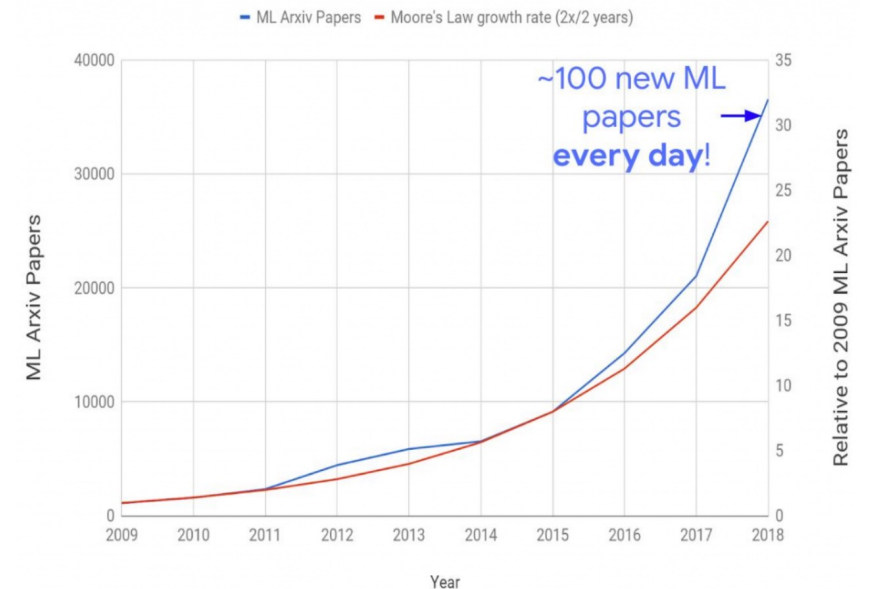


Chart obtained from LinkedIn, that is likely true (if someone knows the original source, I will update this post to cite it)

What is Machine Learning?

37 answers

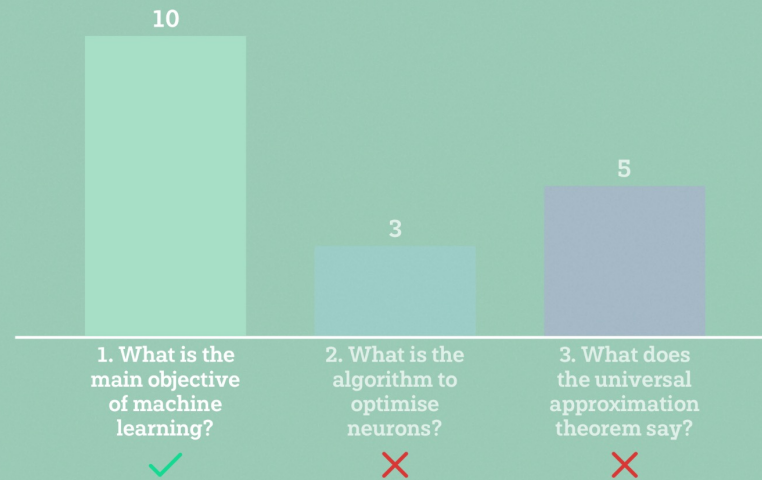


What is Machine Learning?

Let's go to Mentimeter!

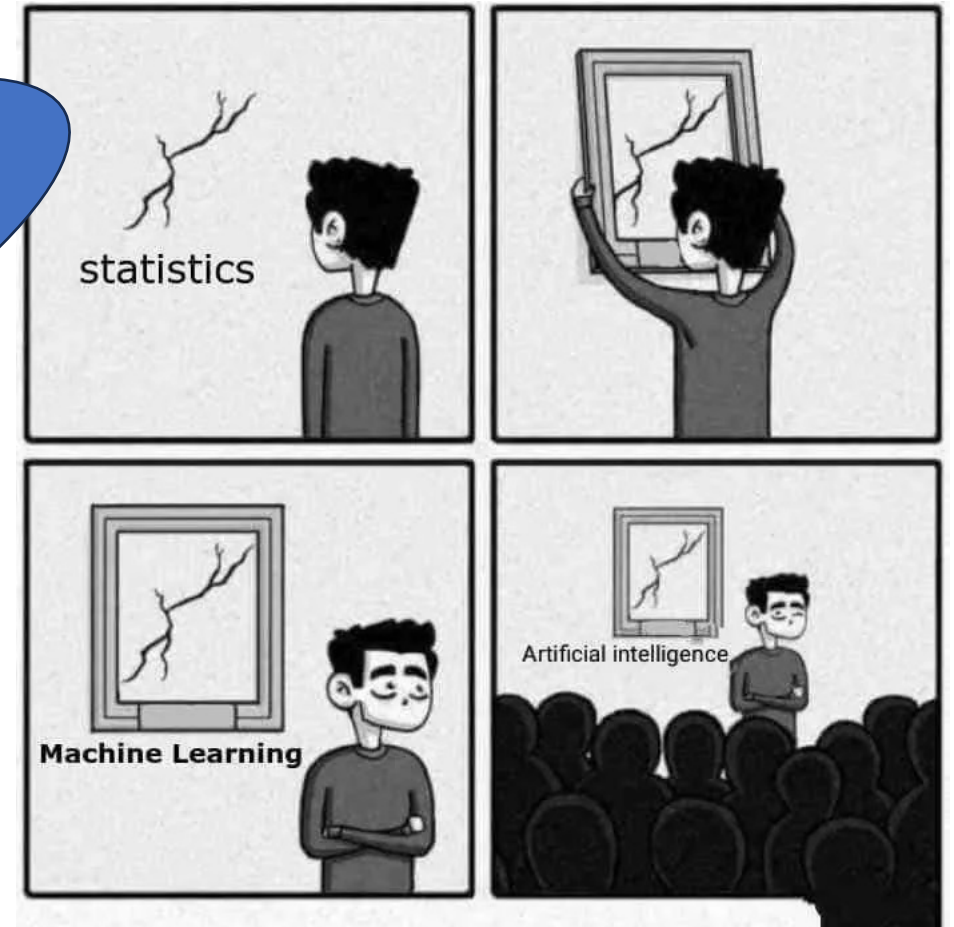
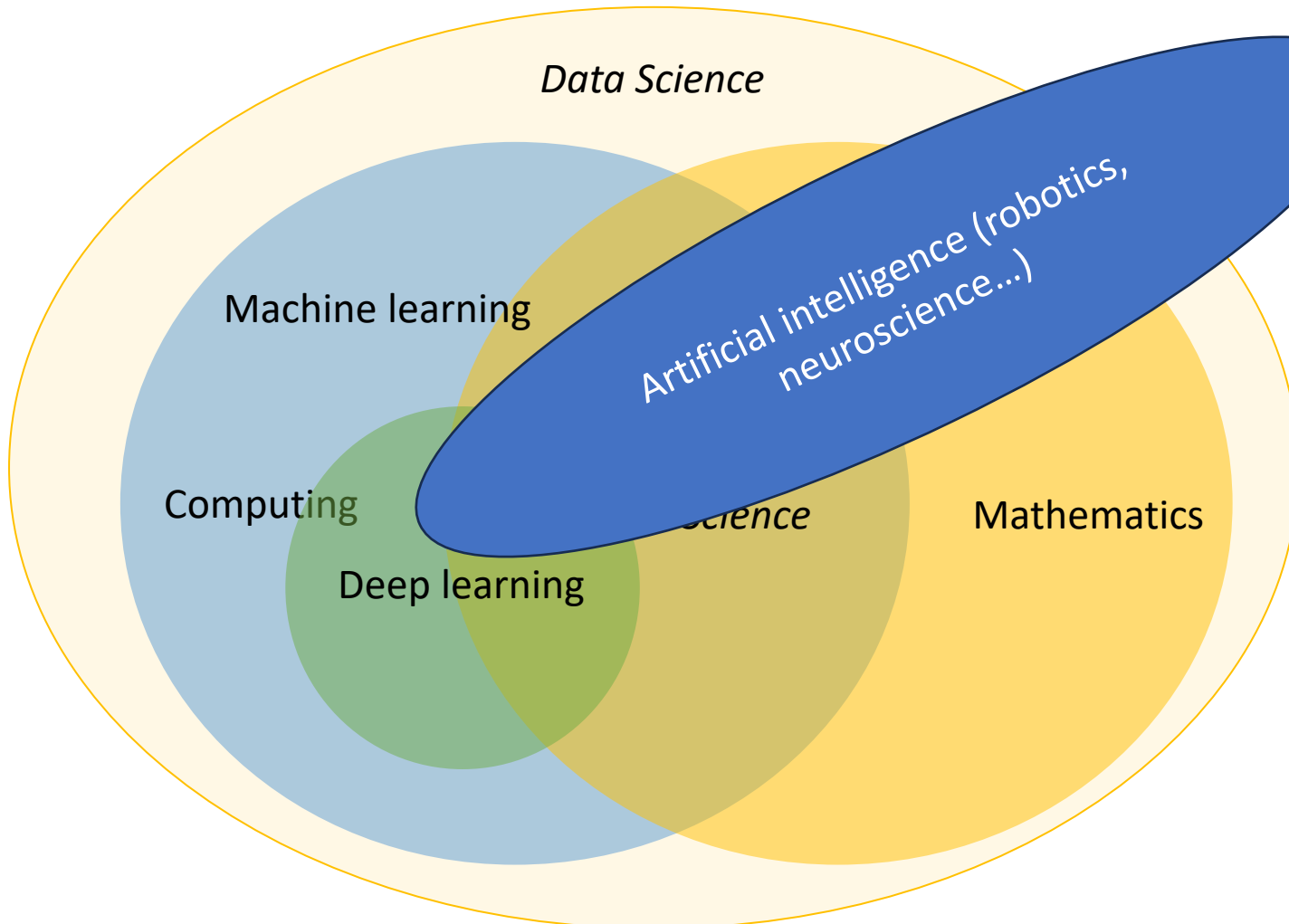


Bonus track: which question was generated with ChatGPT?



What is Machine Learning?

I heard that you like Venn diagrams...



Introduction: how do *machines* learn?

Supervised → Task-driven → Classification: autonomous car, Galaxy Zoo

Unsupervised → Data-driven → Anomaly detection: fraud detection, novel particle detection

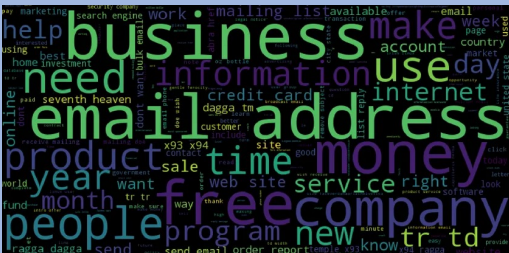
Reinforcement learning → Error-driven → Artificial intelligence, game theory

Daily life applications

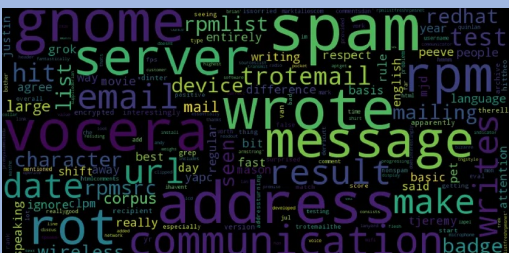
Gmail

Anti-spam algorithms

Spam



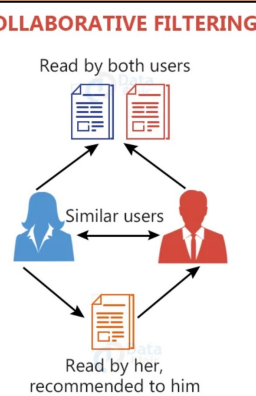
Non-spam



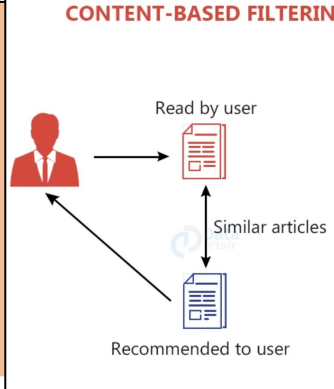
Netflix

Recomendation systems

COLLABORATIVE FILTERING

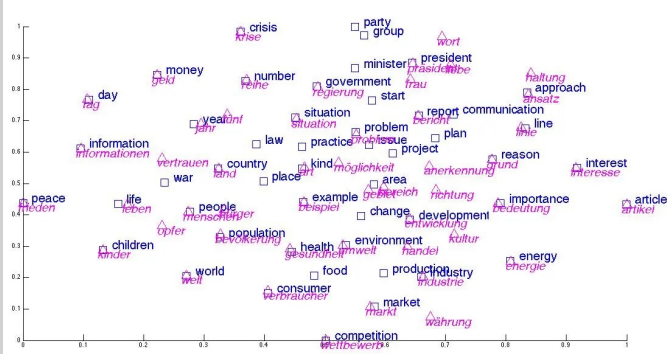


CONTENT-BASED FILTERING



Google translate

Mapping between languages



The semantic equivalence of words has been inferred by their context, so similar meanings are co-located.

Can you write a poem about Einstein Telescope in less than 100 words?

Einstein's vision in cosmic flight,
 The telescope emerges, blazing bright.
 Arms stretch below, deep underground,
 Whispers of gravity, it seeks to sound.
 A symphony of secrets, it aims to trace,
 Unveiling the universe with grace.
 Mysteries of stars and cosmic rhyme,
 The Einstein Telescope, a glimpse through time.

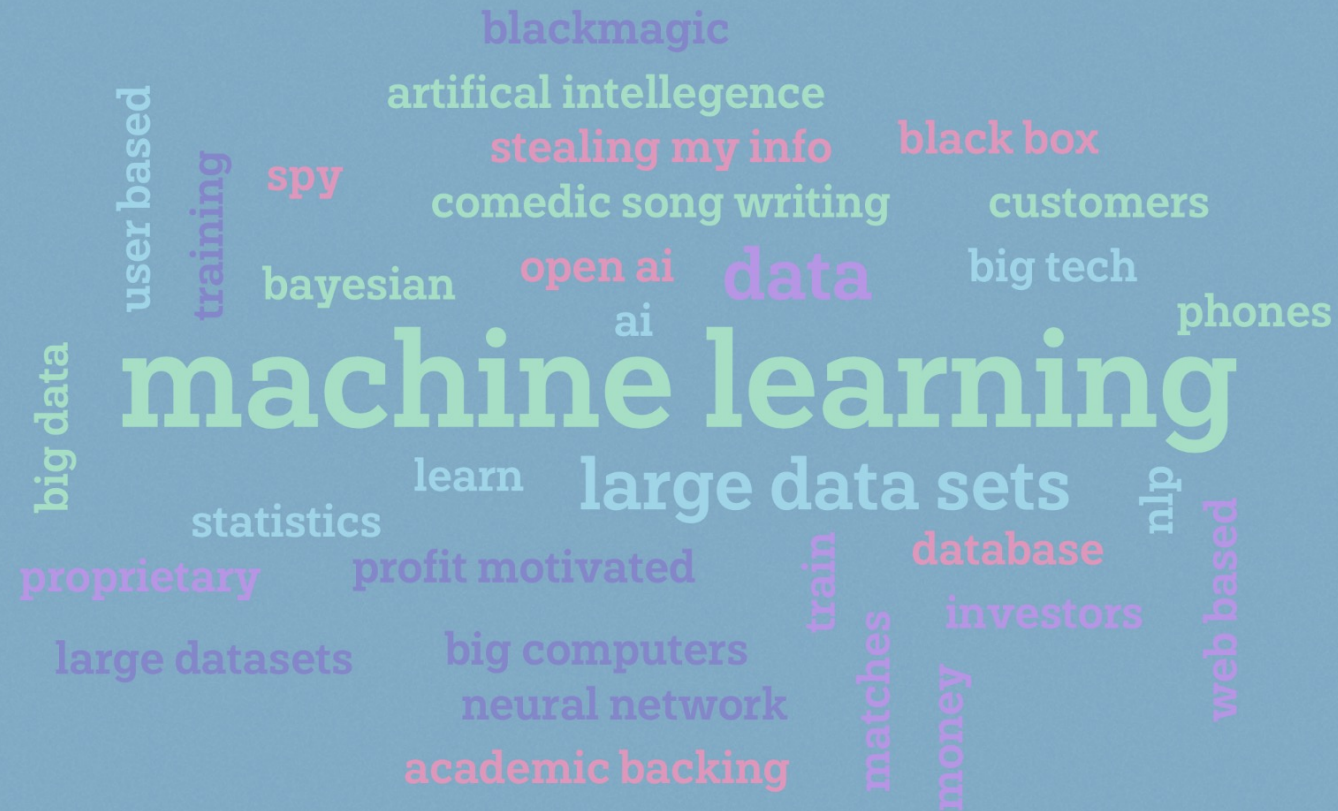
ChatGPT

Generation of text

And many more: social media, facial recognition, virtual assistants...

What do Gmail, Netflix, Google translate and ChatGPT have in common?

41 answers



What do Gmail, Netflix, Google translate and ChatGPT have in common?



Huge amounts of data



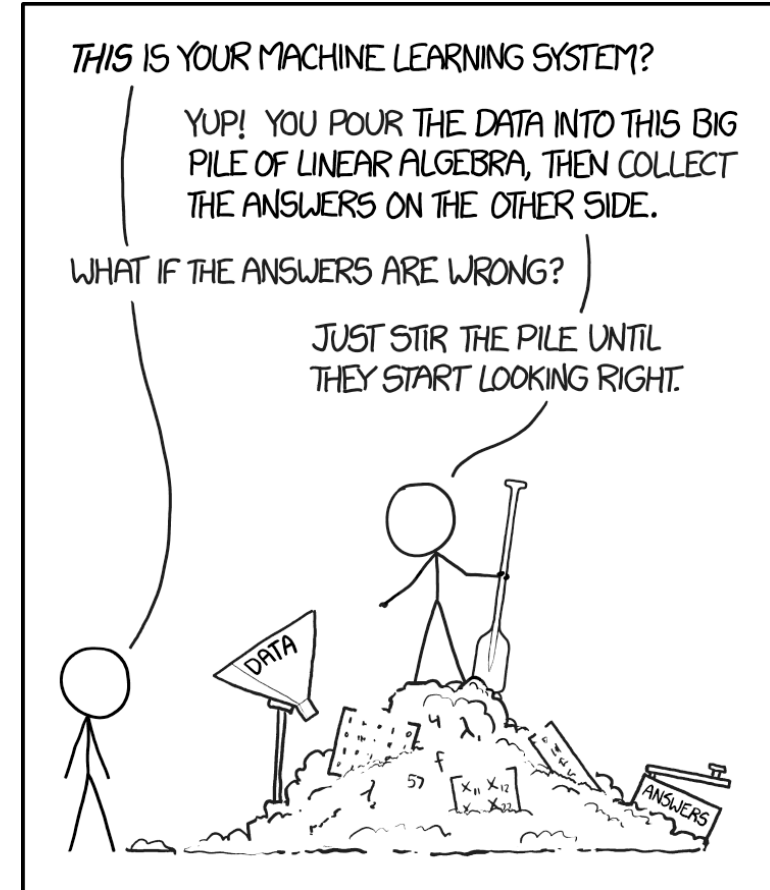
Learnable features.
Data has structure (even if it is not obvious)



Decisions are made based on the data

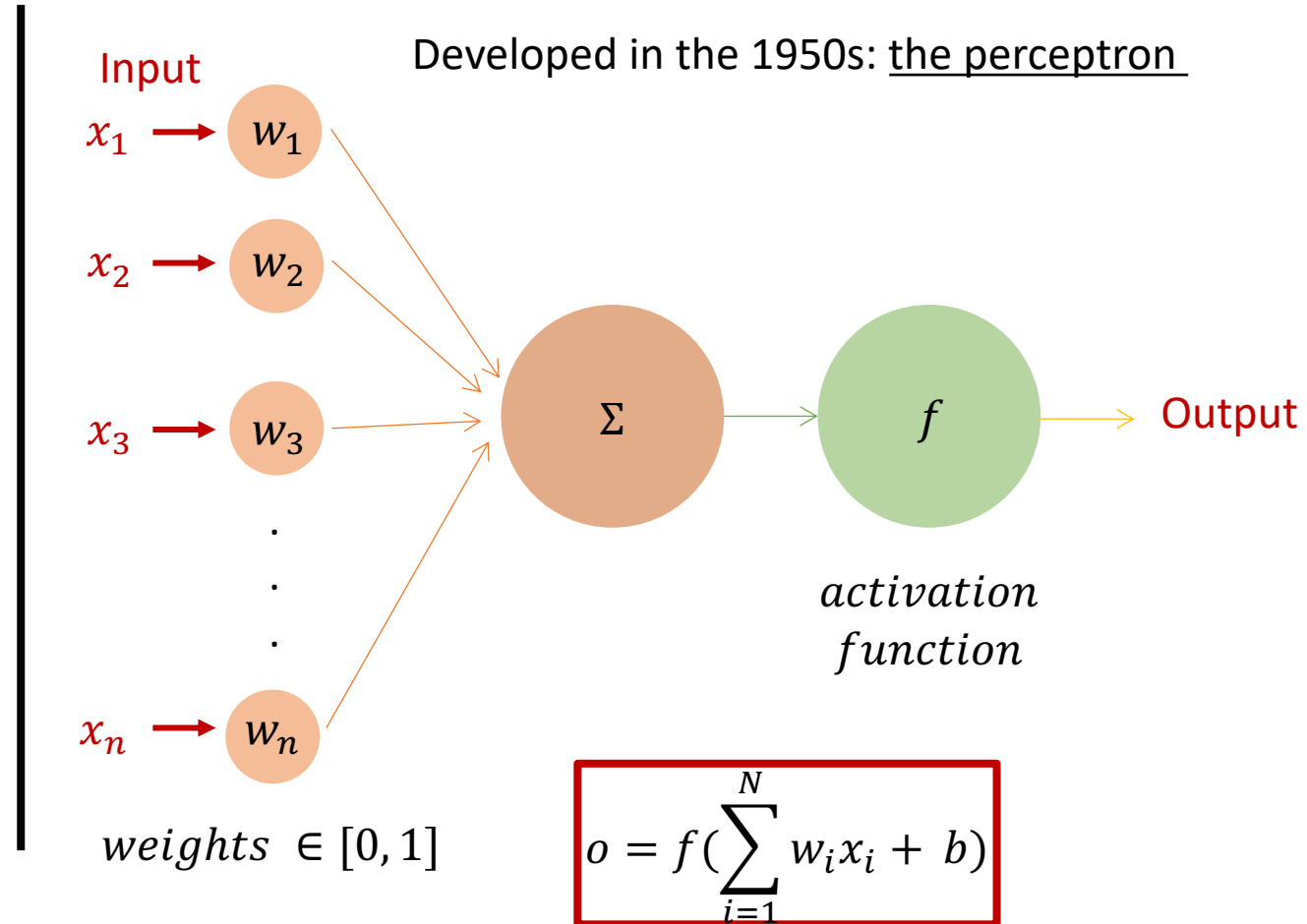
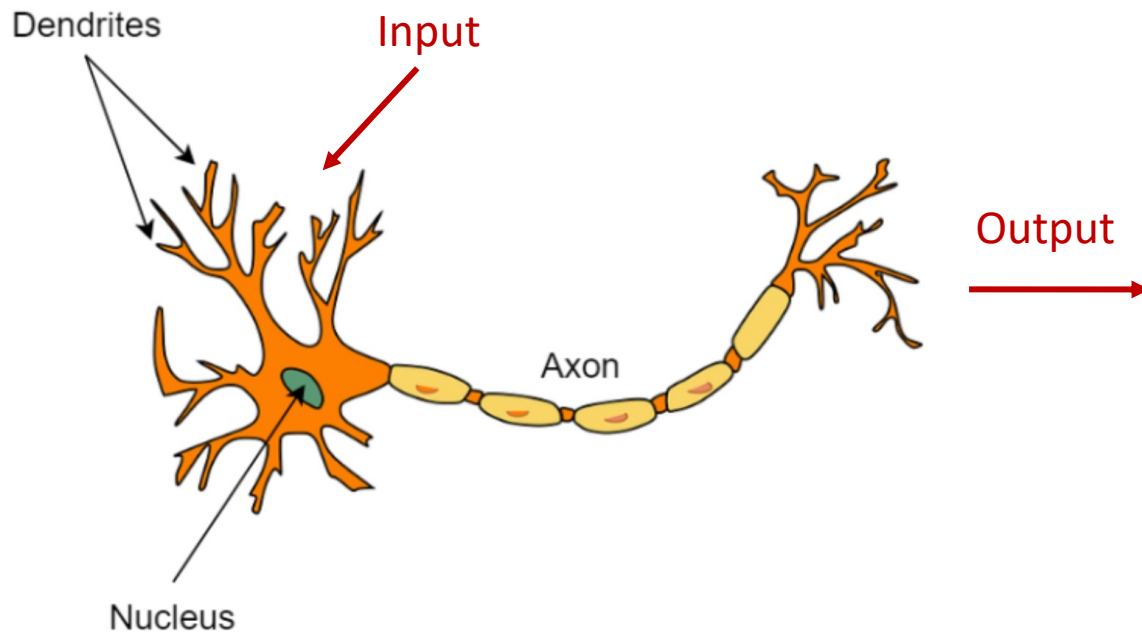


Get better over time (with more data!)



Humans learn from experience and machines learn from data!

Simplifying the human brain: what is a neuron?



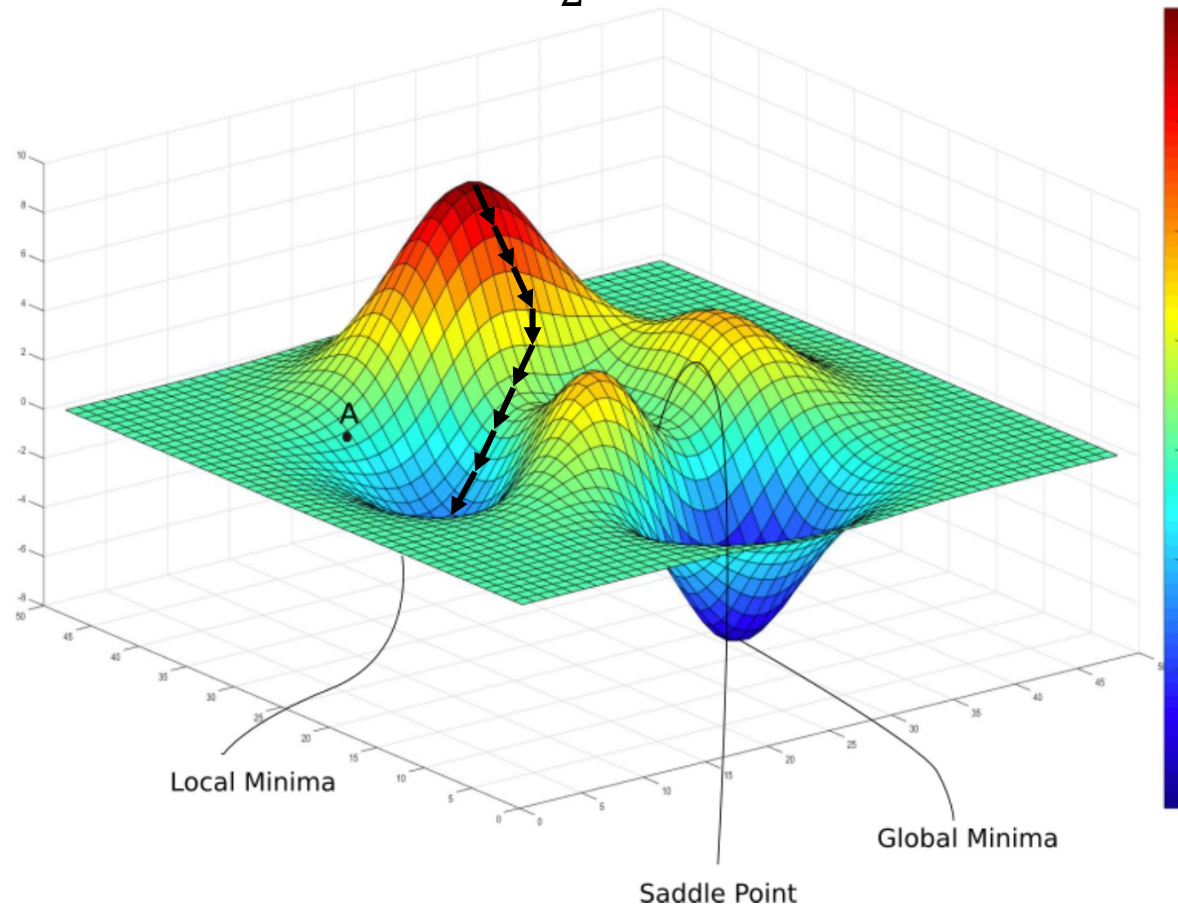
OK, but how do neurons learn?



How do neurons learn? Gradient descent!

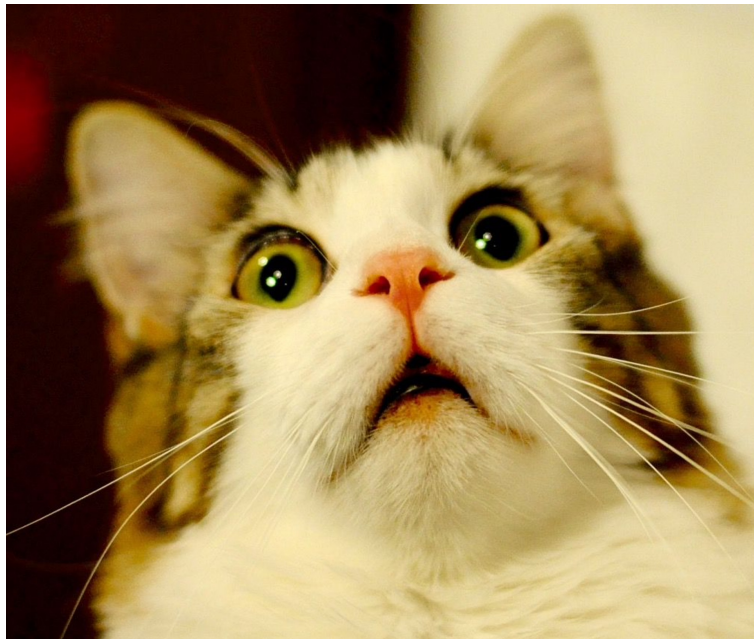
Cost function $J(w, b)$: difference between ground truth y and output of model $h_{w,b}(x)$

$$J(w, b) = \frac{1}{2} \|h_{w,b} - y\|^2$$

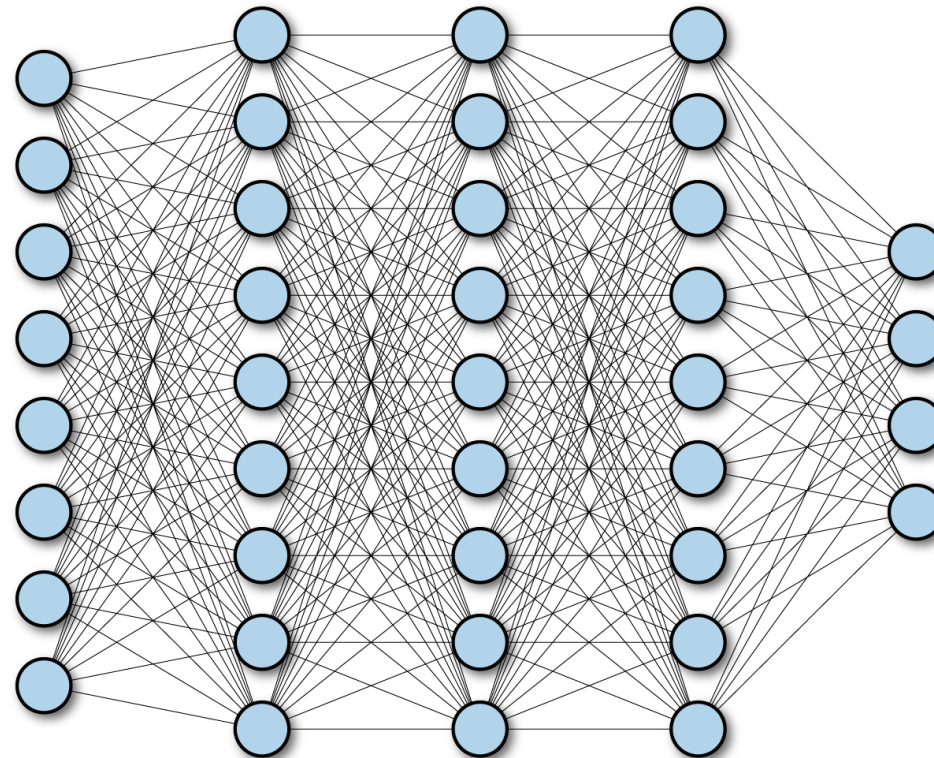


What is the worst that can happen?

Deep Learning: from a single neuron to a neural network (NN)



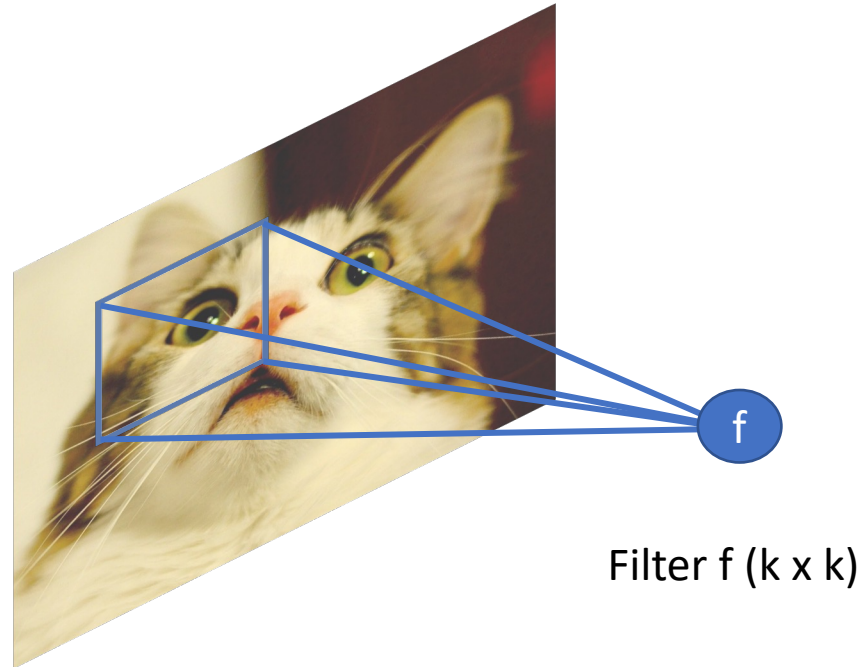
$32 \times 32 \times 3 \rightarrow 3072 \times 1$



Cat (0.999)

Billions of paramters to train! Maybe not all pixels are related?

Deep Learning: from a single neuron to a neural network (NN)



Filter f ($k \times k$)

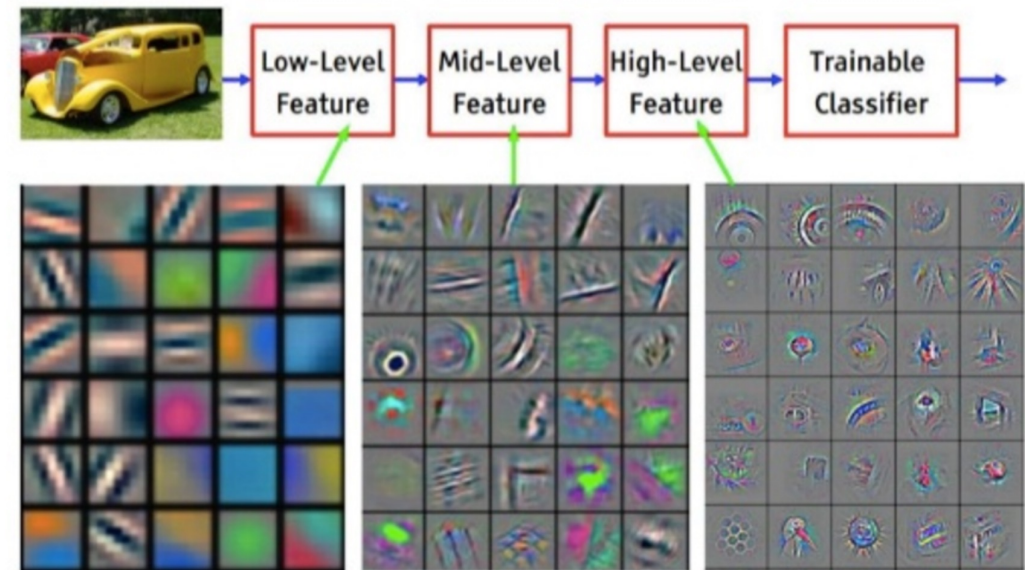
Parameter sharing \rightarrow learn spatial features

$32 \times 32 \times 3 \rightarrow$ we maintain spatial information!

3_0	3_1	2_2	1	0
0_2	0_2	1_0	3	1
3_0	1_1	2_2	2	3
2	0	0	2	2
2	0	0	0	1

12.0	12.0	17.0
10.0	17.0	19.0
9.0	6.0	14.0

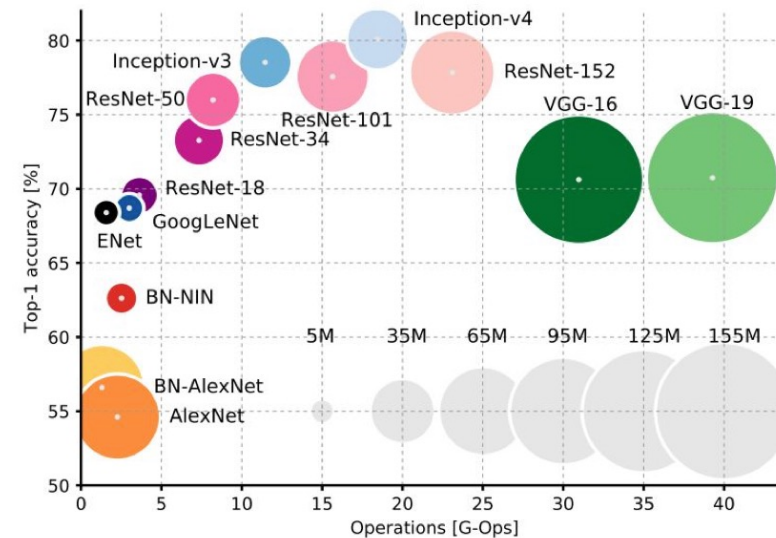
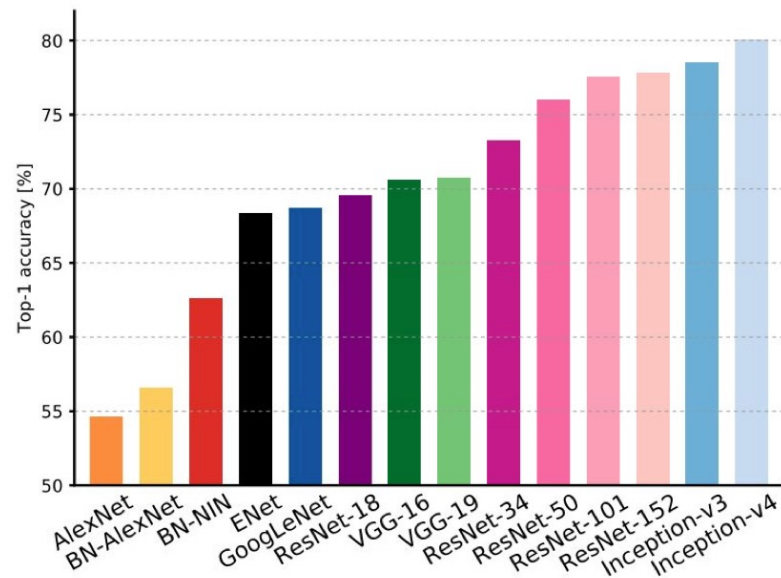
Convolution



Universal Approximation Theorem

Neural networks can approximate any continuous function with arbitrary accuracy given a sufficient number of neurons.

Comparing complexity...



An Analysis of Deep Neural Network Models for Practical Applications, 2017.

Creating a ML model: do's and dont's

Do's

Motivate your choices

Motivate your model, why should it work in your application?

Do experiments (and read papers!)

Start simple, increase size wisely (finite resources, easier to train)

Dont's

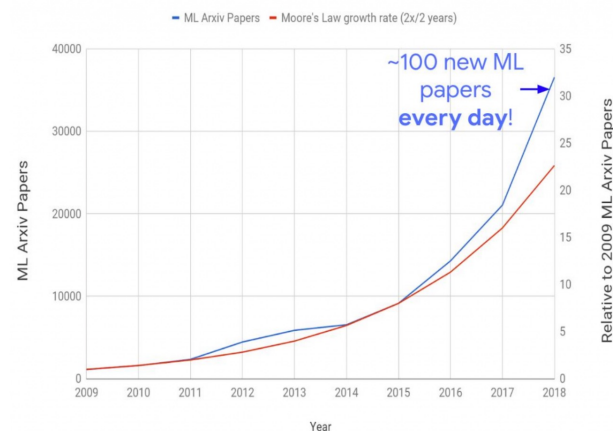
Apply ML to everything! (we can right?)

Copy random model from ML guru

Choose non-learnable parameters of your model at random

Create HUGE models (more sugar, more sweet!)

Machine Learning Arxiv Papers per Year



What are big people doing?
Google, Microsoft, Facebook,
DeepMind, OpenAI...

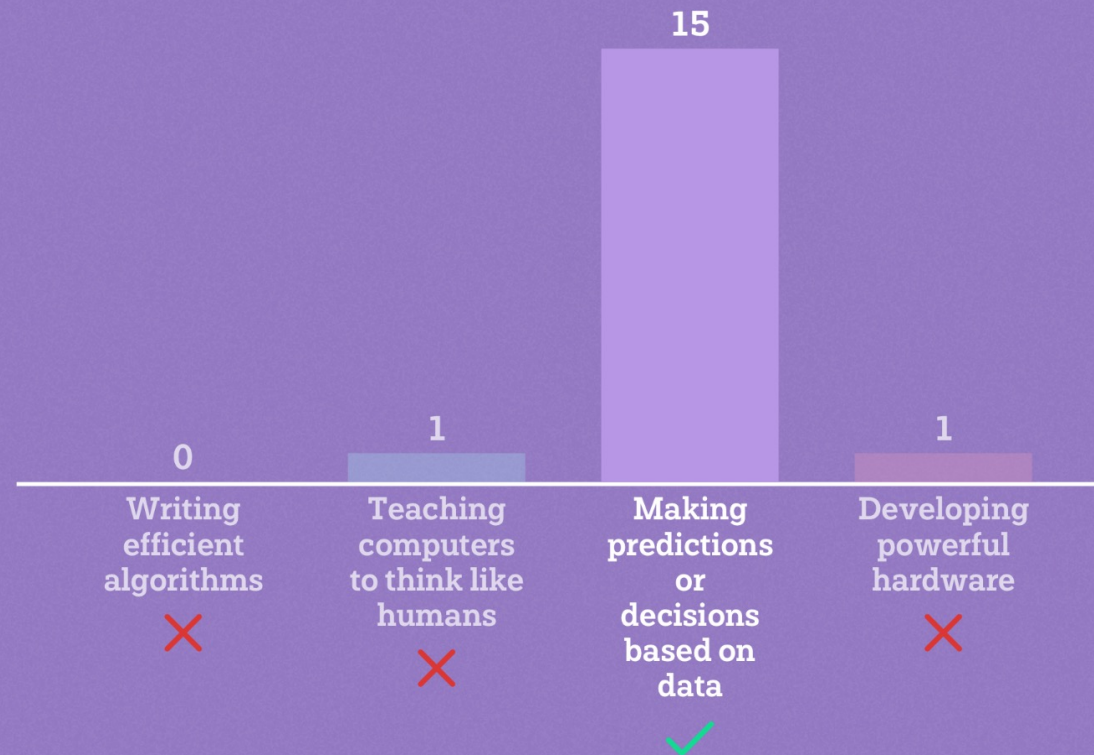
Mentimeter code: 6471 8286

Final test!

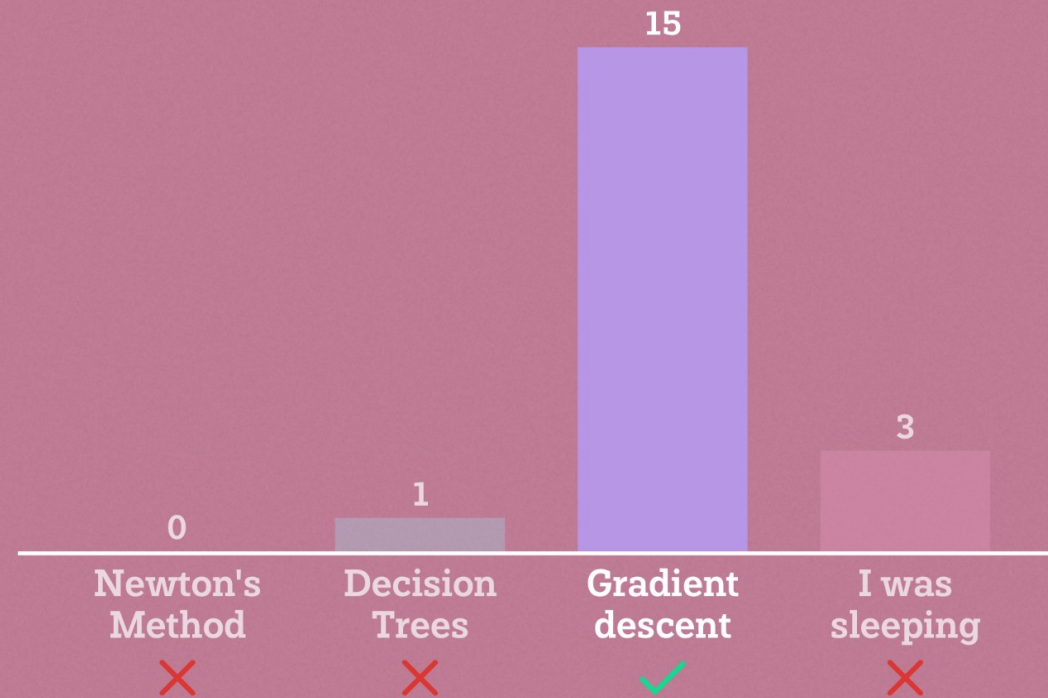
I gave you enough data, right? [Let's go to Mentimeter!](#)



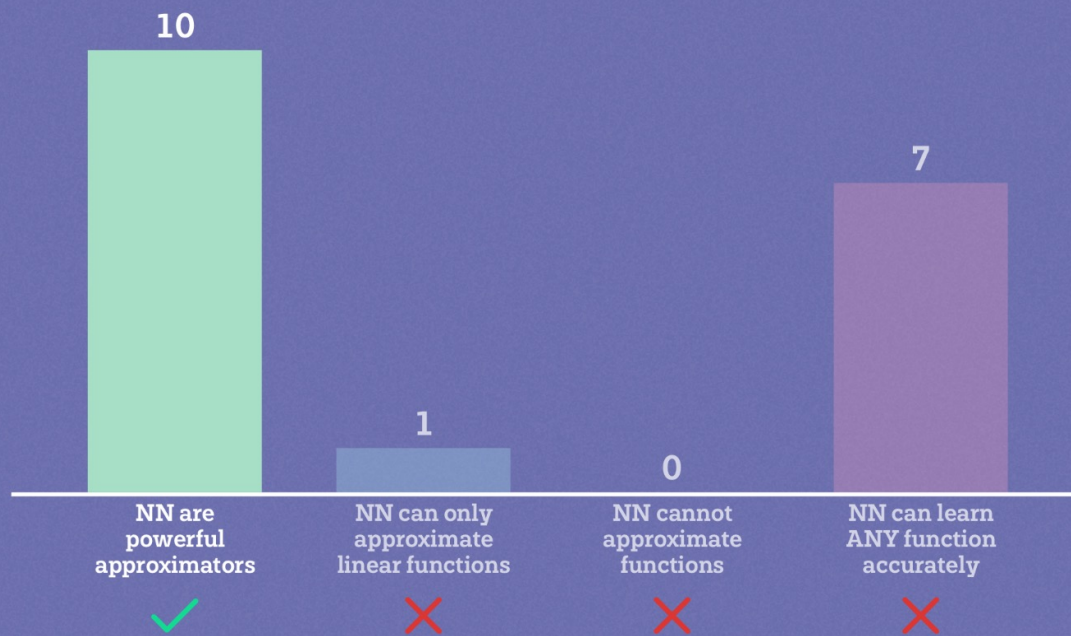
1. What is the main objective of machine learning?



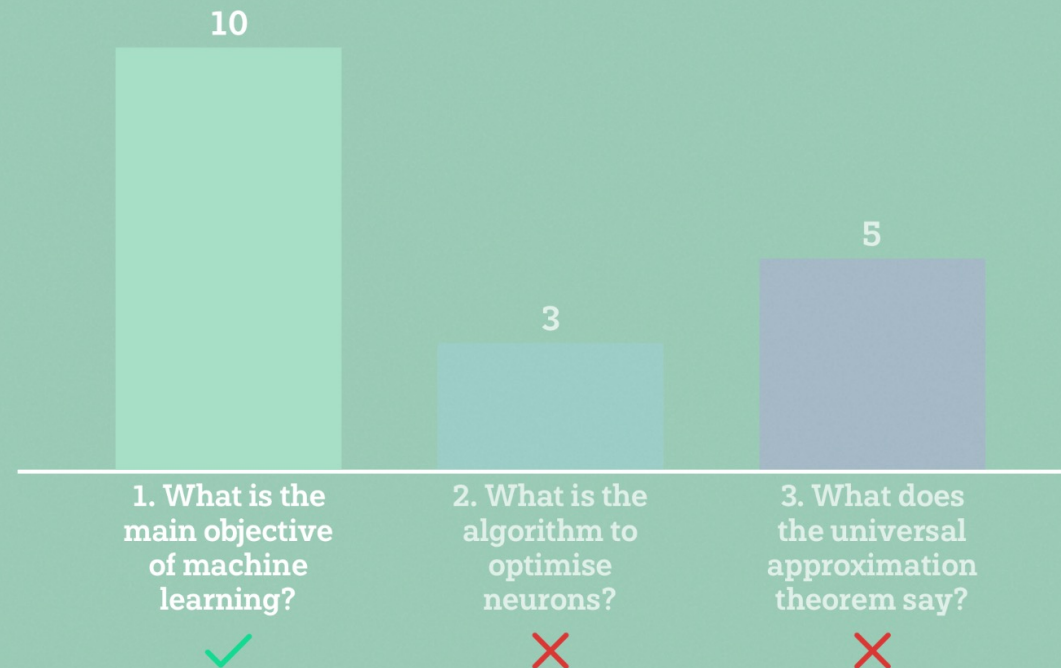
2. What is the algorithm to optimise neurons?

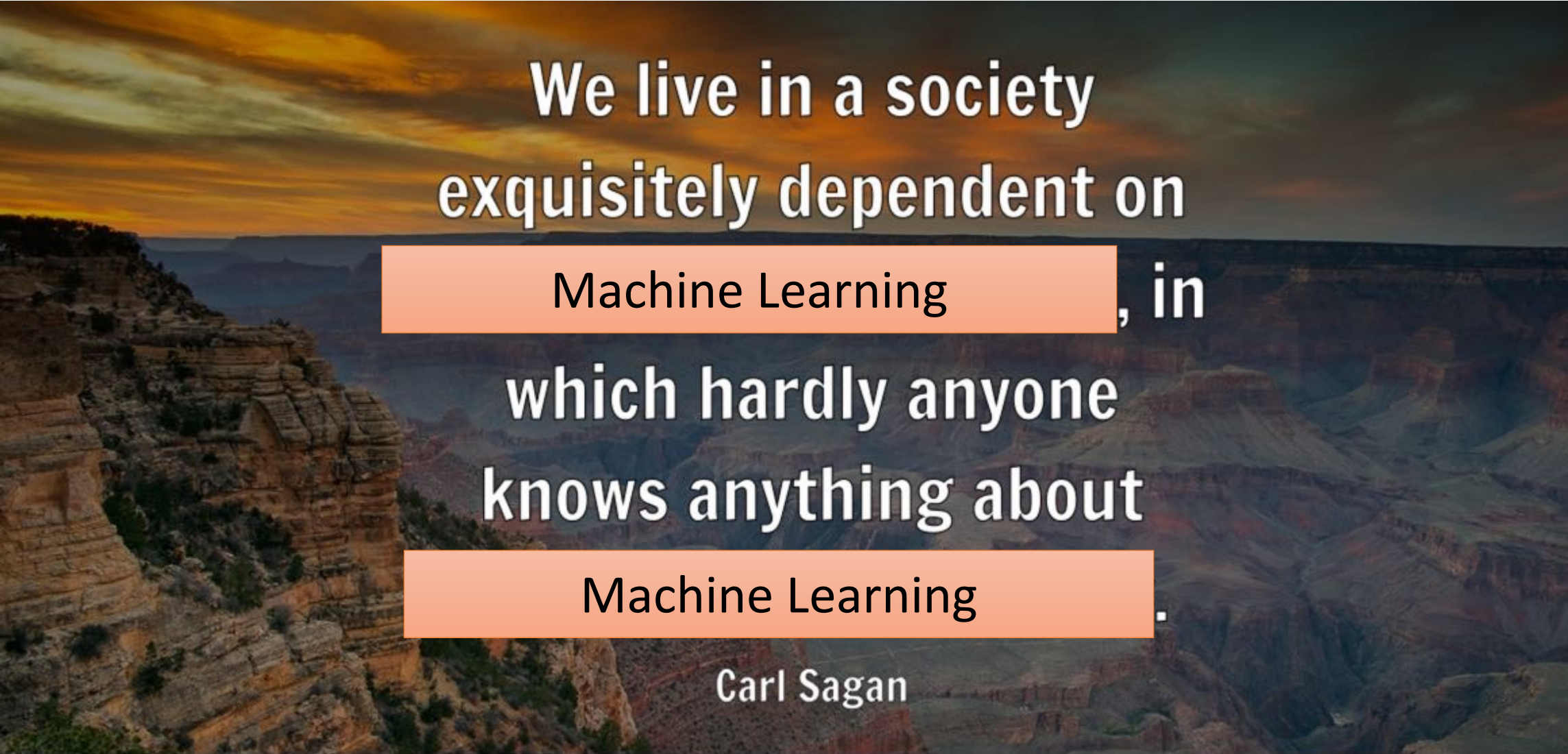


3. What does the universal approximation theorem say?



Bonus track: which question was generated with ChatGPT?





We live in a society
exquisitely dependent on

Machine Learning, in

which hardly anyone
knows anything about

Machine Learning.

Carl Sagan

Thank you for listening! Questions?