

Rare and LFNU B decays at LHCb



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on behalf of the LHCb Collaboration



LHCb detector

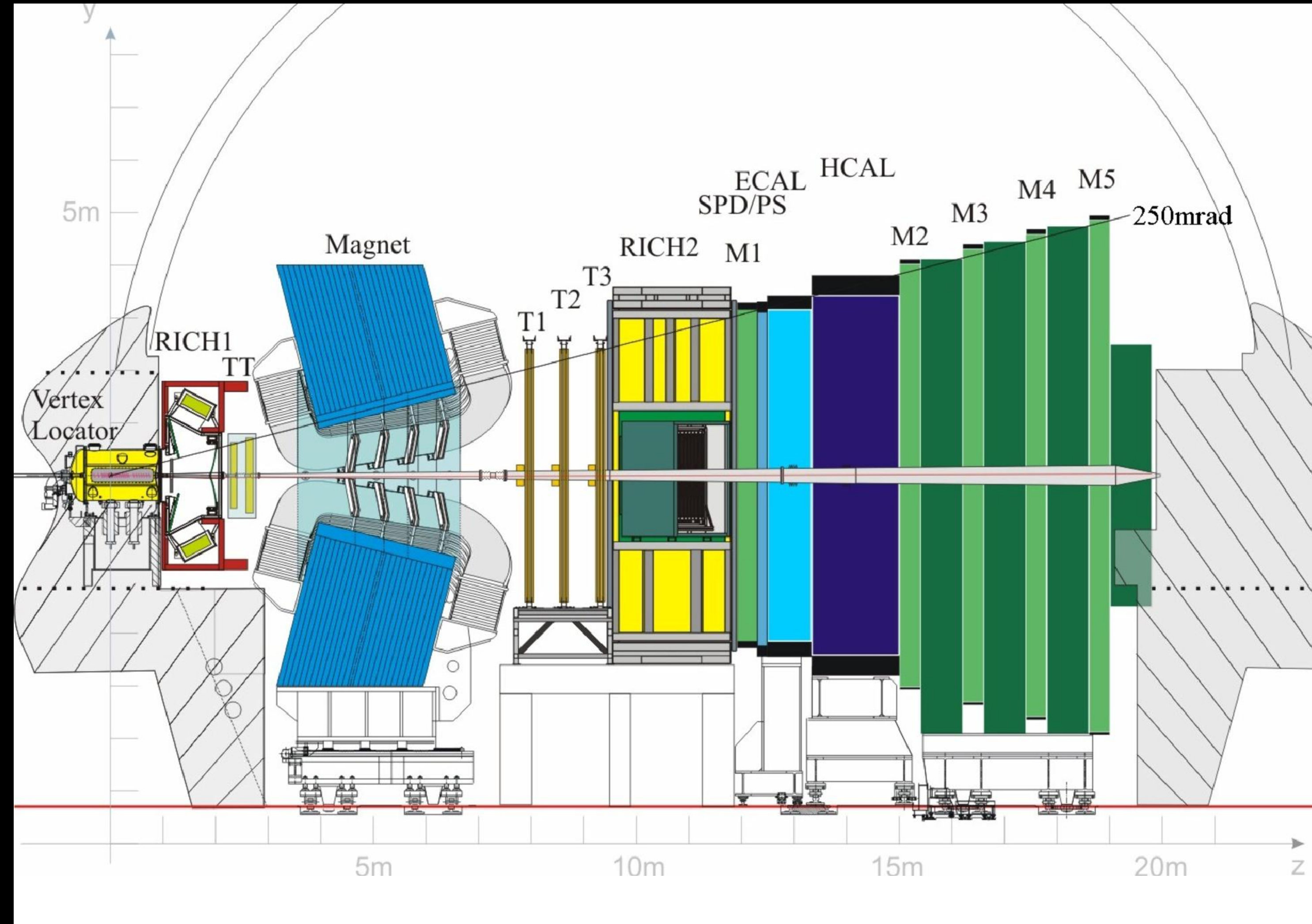
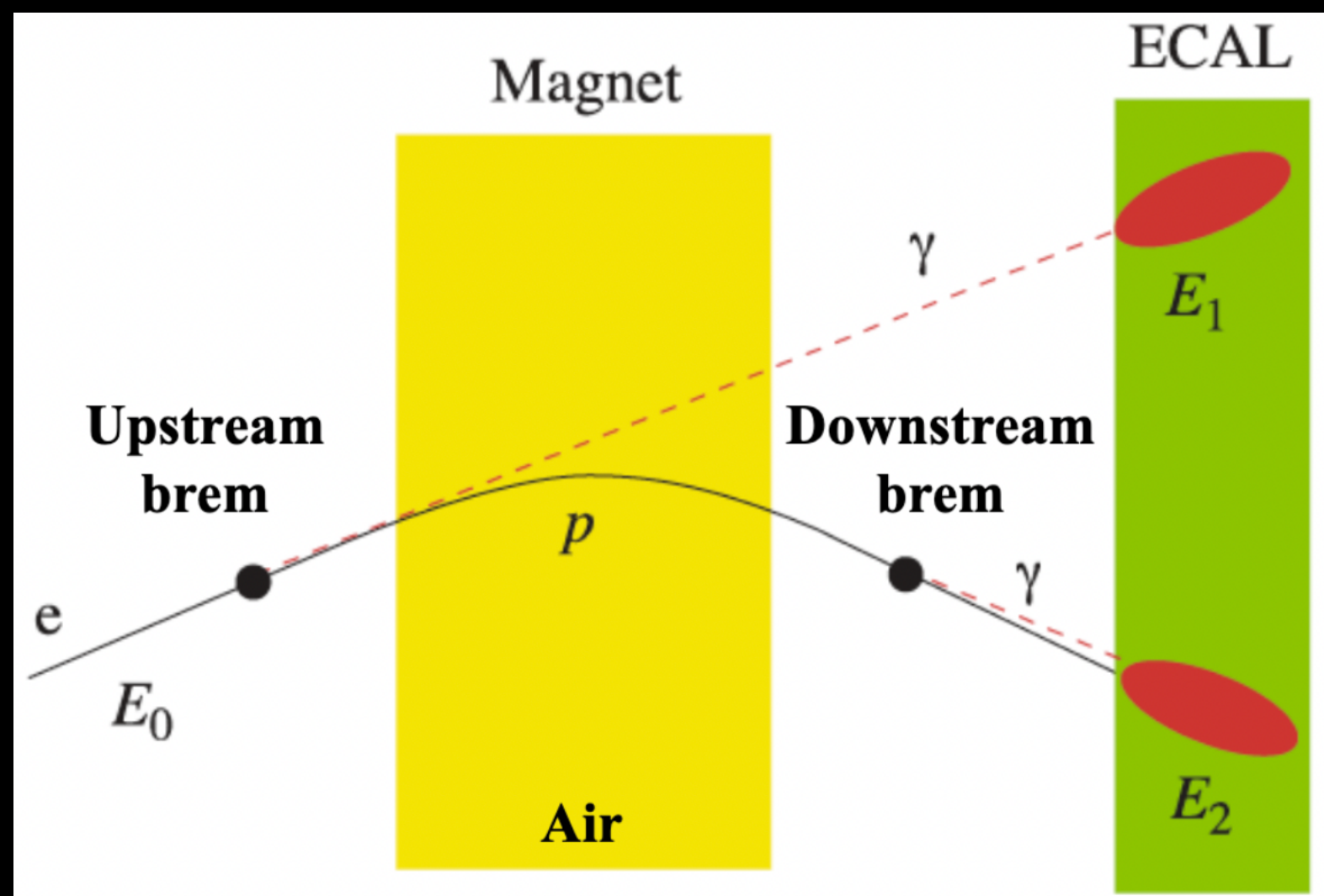
FORWARD SPECTROMETER

PRODUCTION OF B-HADRONS IN PP COLLISIONS

RUN 1 AND RUN 2 $\rightarrow 9 \text{ FB}^{-1}$ INTEGRATED LUMINOSITY

TRIGGERING AND RECONSTRUCTING:

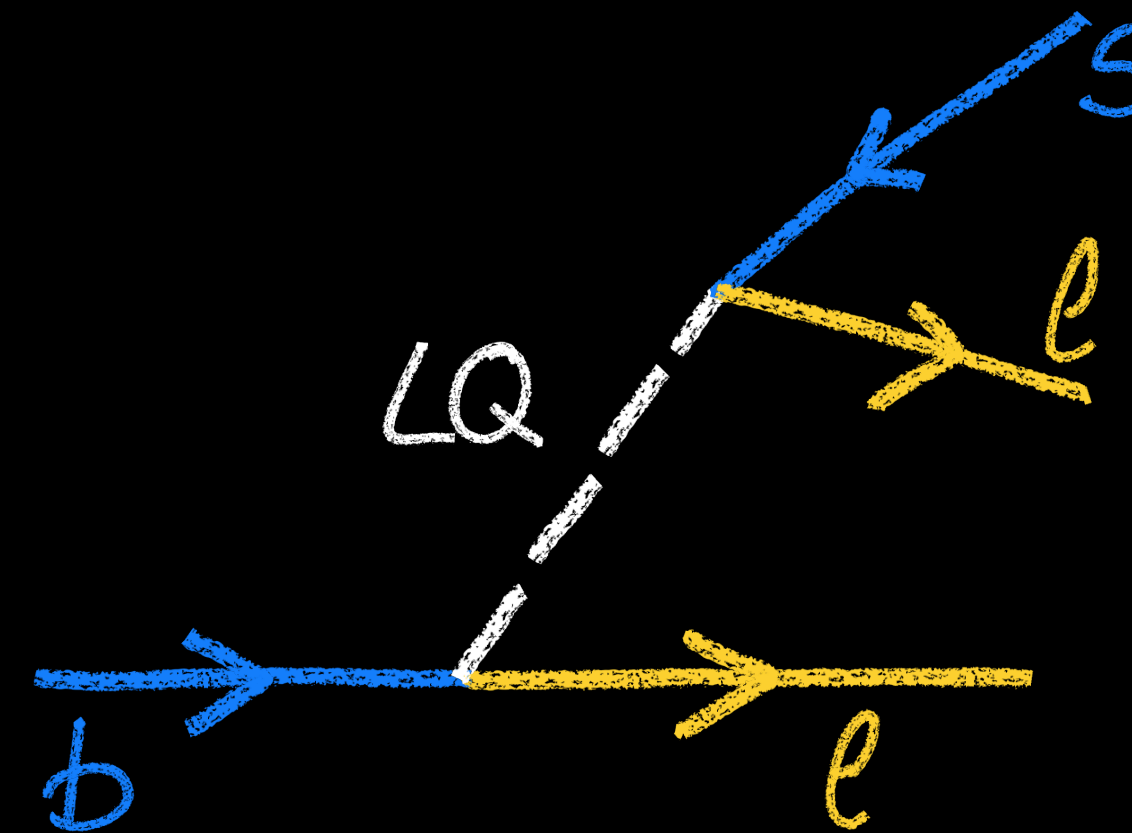
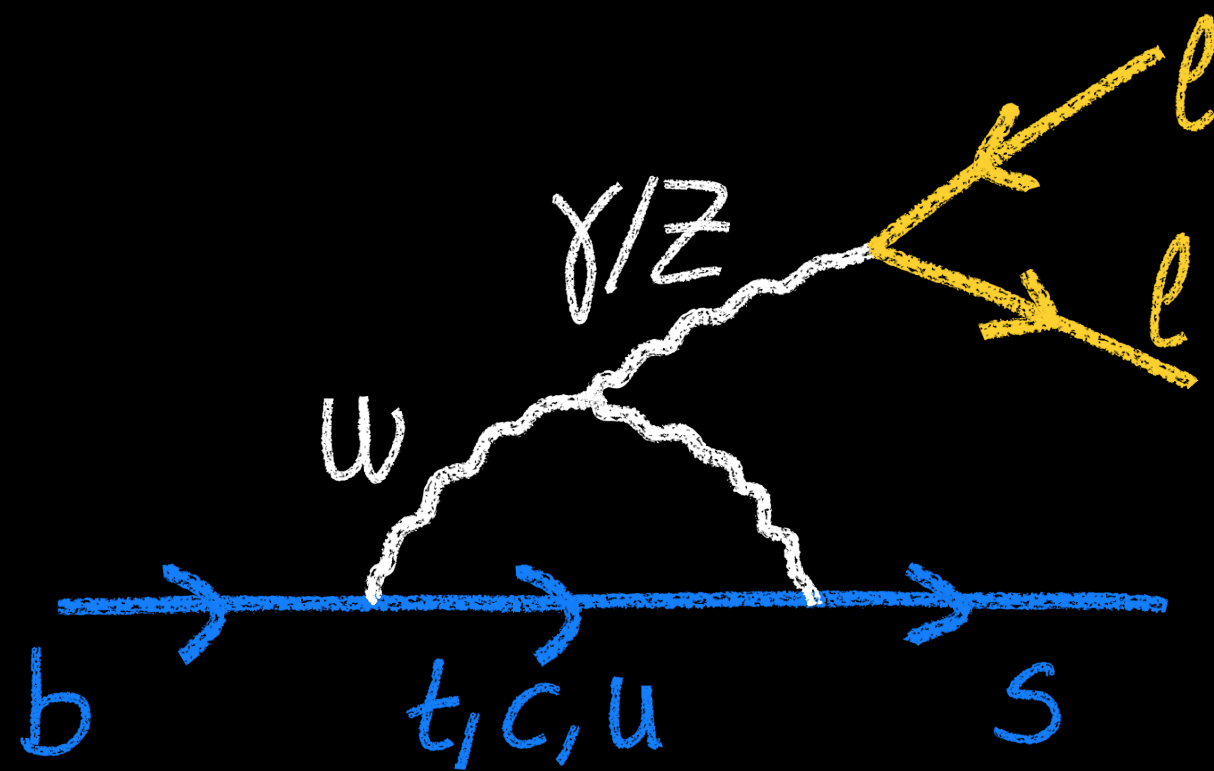
- GOOD AND EASY FOR MUONS
- DIFFICULT FOR ELECTRONS $\rightarrow$ BREMSSTRAHLUNG



Rare decays

RARE DECAYS: ELECTROWEAK DECAYS WITH LOW BF OR FORBIDDEN IN SM

STUDY OF THE $b \rightarrow s \ell \ell$ TRANSITION

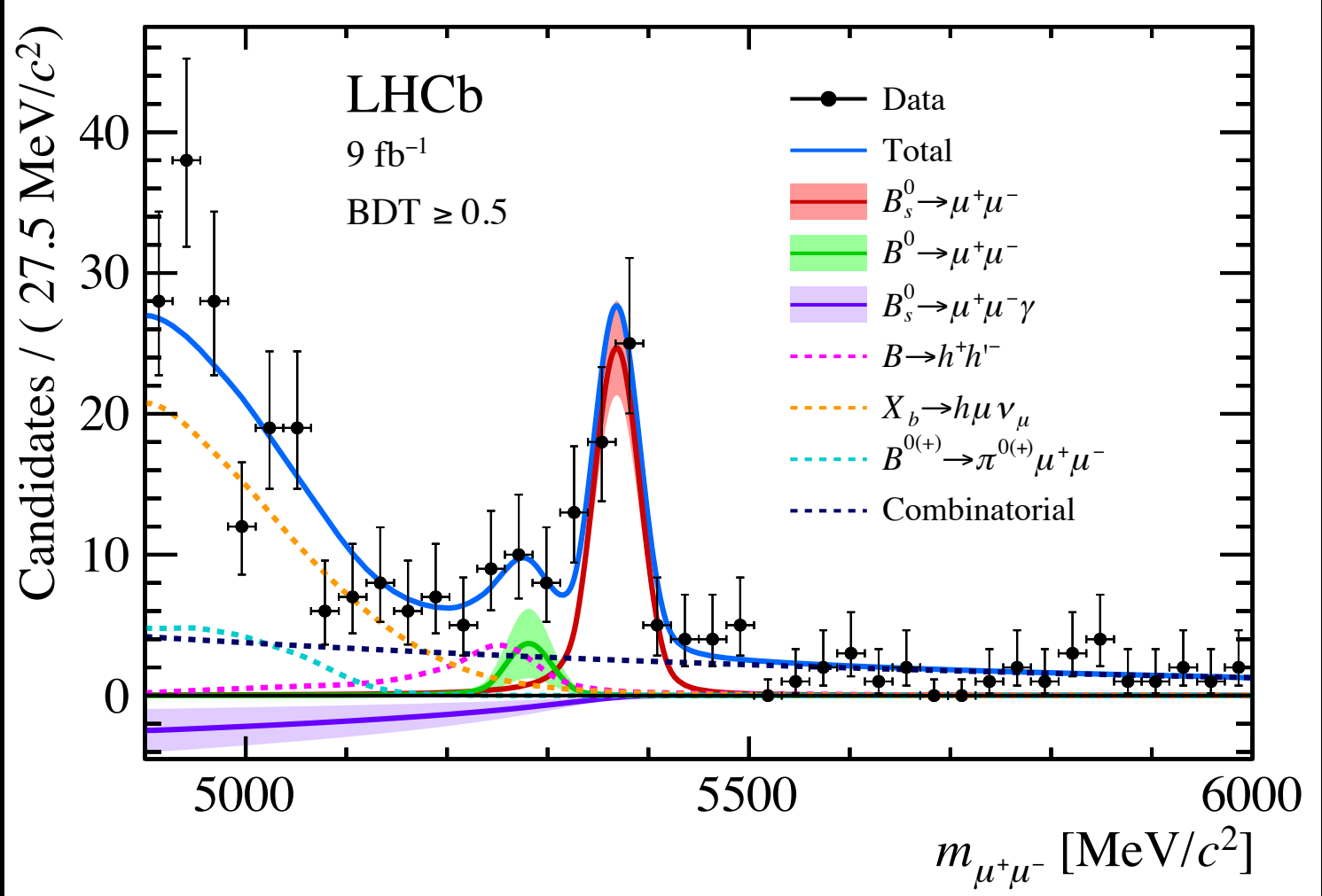


VERY SUPPRESSED IN THE SM:

THEORETICALLY VERY CLEAN (QCD UNCERTAINTIES CANCEL)

VERY SENSITIVE TO NEW PHYSICS

$$B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- (\gamma)$$



- $\mu^+\mu^-$ CANDIDATES FORMING A GOOD, DISPLACED VERTEX
- SIGNAL FROM FIT TO $m_{\mu^+\mu^-}$ IN BINS OF A BDT CLASSIFIER

$$\mathcal{B}(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (3.09^{+0.46+0.15}_{-0.43-0.11}) \times 10^{-9}$$

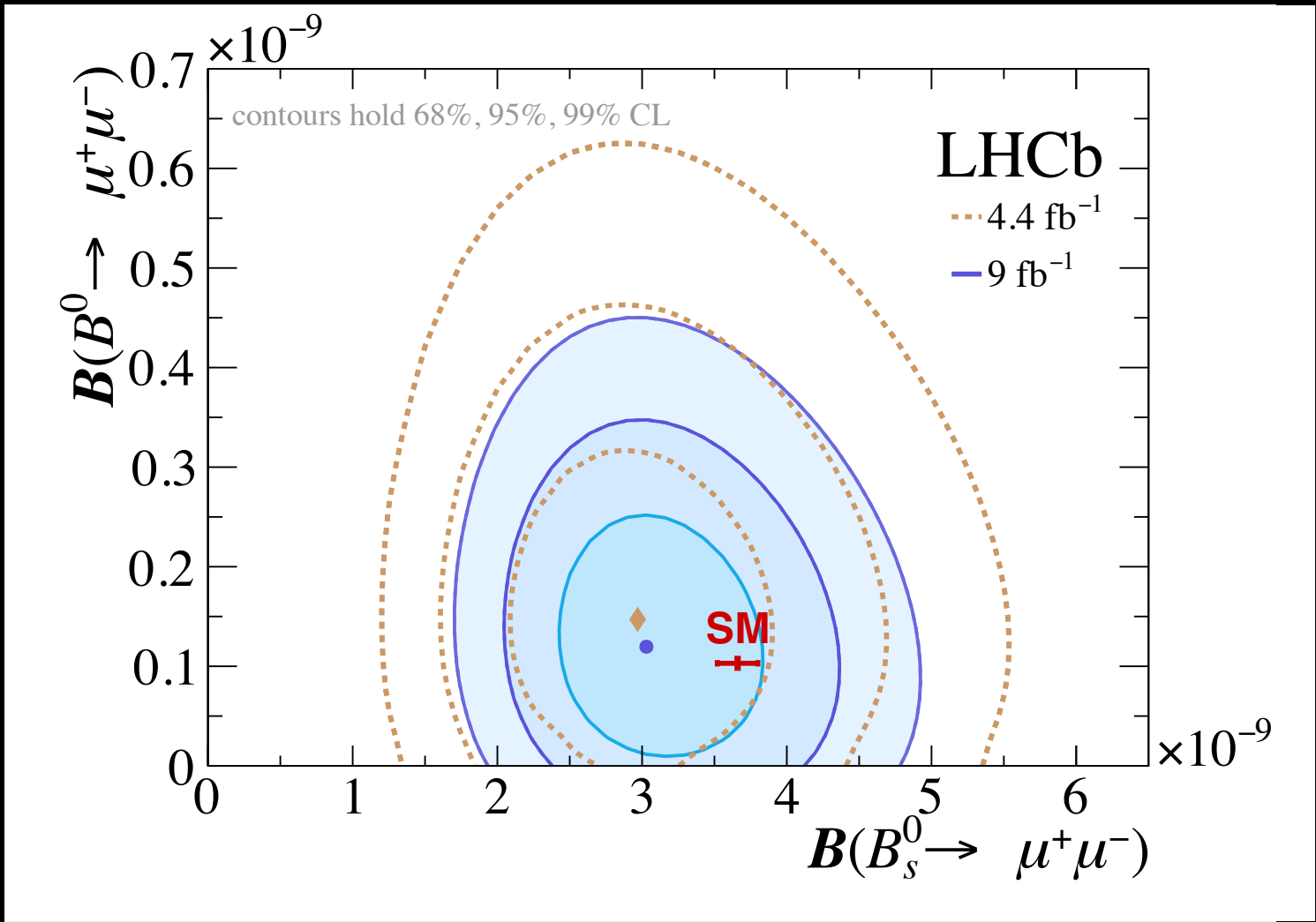
MOST PRECISE TO DATE
IN AGREEMENT WITH SM

$$\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) < 2.6 \times 10^{-10} \text{ at 95\% CL}$$

TIGHTER UPPER LIMIT
AFFECTED BY $B \rightarrow h^+h^-$

$$\mathcal{B}(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- \gamma)_{m_{\mu\mu} > 4.9 \text{ GeV}/c^2} < 2.0 \times 10^{-9} \text{ at 95\% CL}$$

ONLY ISR INCLUDED
FIRST LIMIT EVER SET



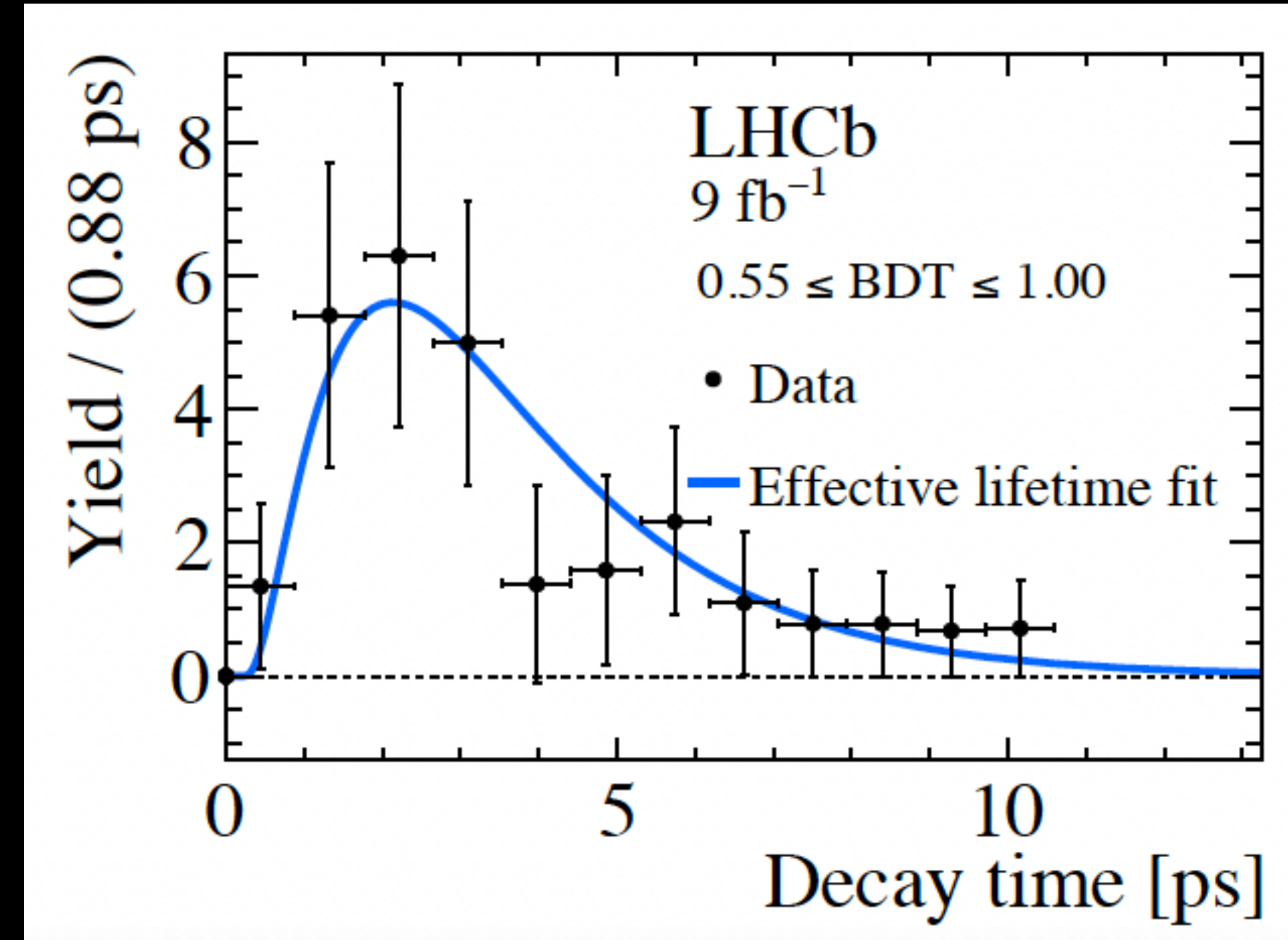
$$B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- (\gamma)$$

Run1+Run2 datasets

*EFFECTIVE LIFETIME: AVERAGE DECAY TIME OF
DECAY CANDIDATES IN EXPERIMENT

$$\tau_{\mu\mu} = (2.07 \pm 0.29 \pm 0.03) \text{ ps}$$

CONSISTENT WITH HEAVY MASS
EIGENSTATE (SM) $\rightarrow 1.56$



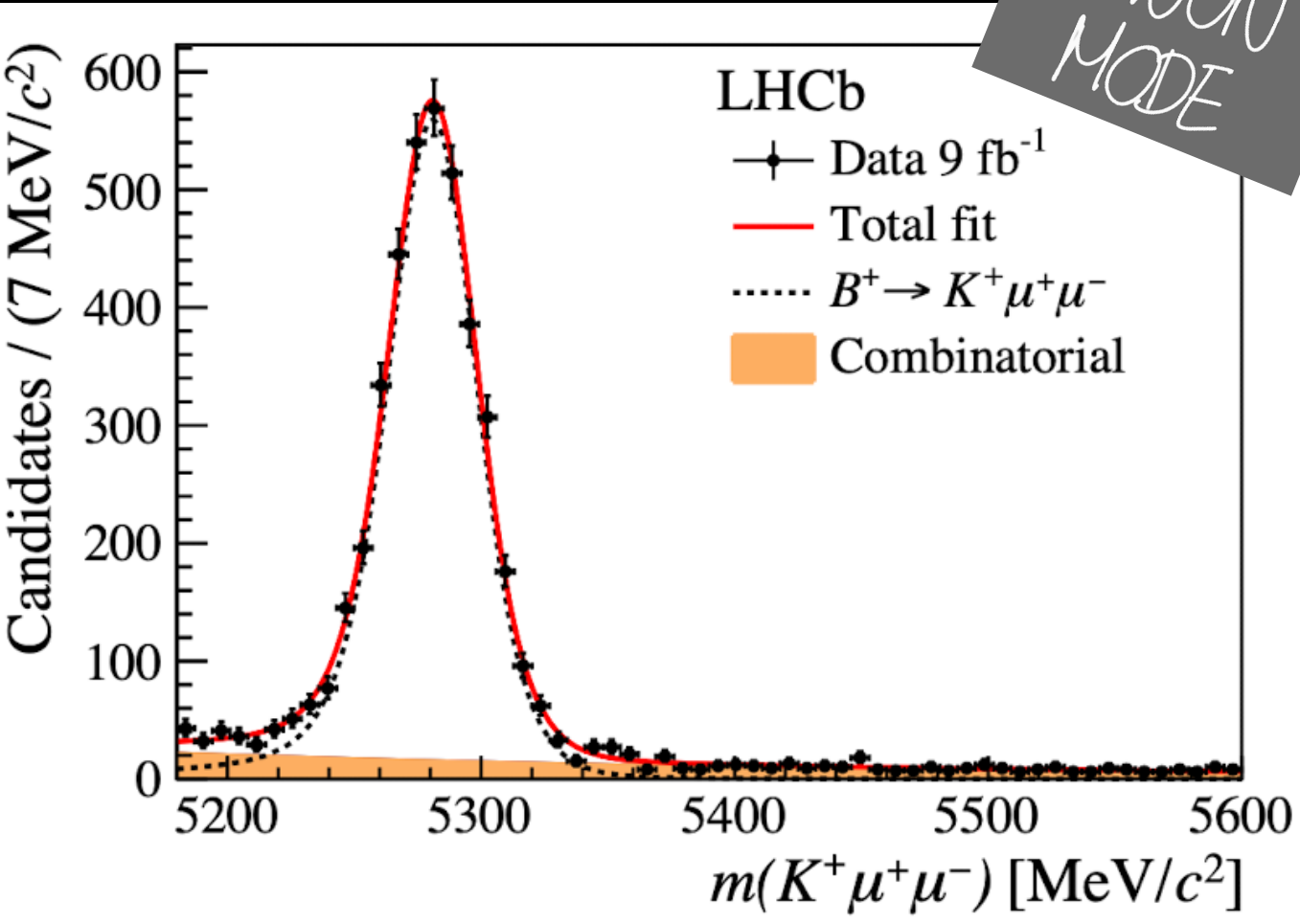
Lepton Flavour Universality

- IN SM ELECTROWEAK COUPLING IS UNIVERSAL FOR ALL LEPTONS
- ONLY DIFFERENCES FROM MASSES $\rightarrow$ PHASE SPACE
- * TESTED IN MANY DIFFERENT DECAYS

$$R_H = \frac{\mathcal{B}(X_b \rightarrow H\mu^+\mu^-)}{\mathcal{B}(X_b \rightarrow He^+e^-)} \sim 1$$

- GOOD WAY TO SEARCH FOR NEW PHYSICS:
 - * SOME NP MODELS DO NOT HAVE LFU
 - * WELL PREDICTED $\rightarrow$ QCD UNCERTAINTIES CANCEL

LFU: R_K

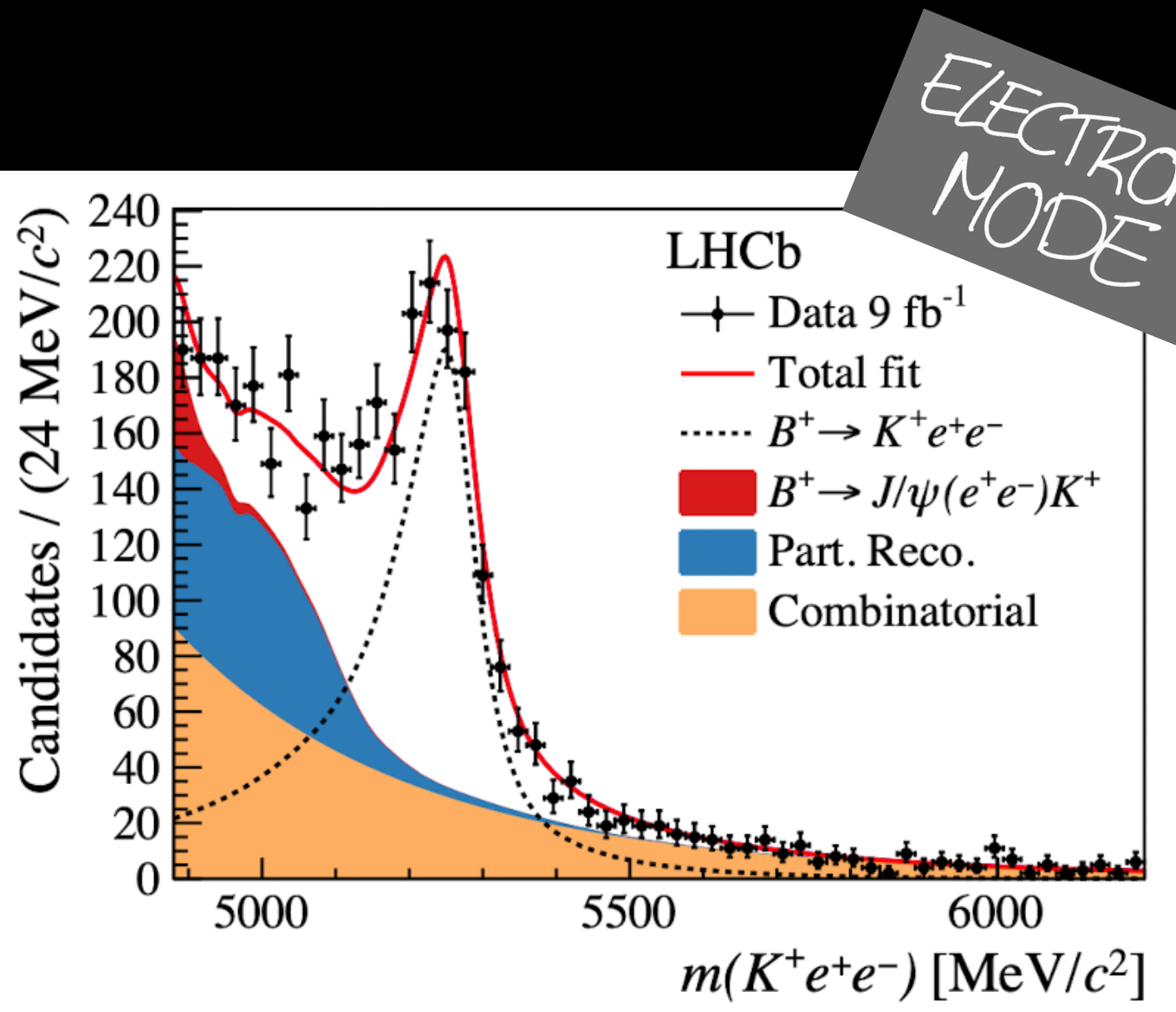


DOUBLE RATIO → CANCEL μ VS e DETECTION ASYMMETRIES

$$R_K = \frac{\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \mu^+ \mu^-)}{\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi(\mu^+ \mu^-) K^+)} \times \frac{\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi(e^+ e^-) K^+)}{\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ e^+ e^-)}$$

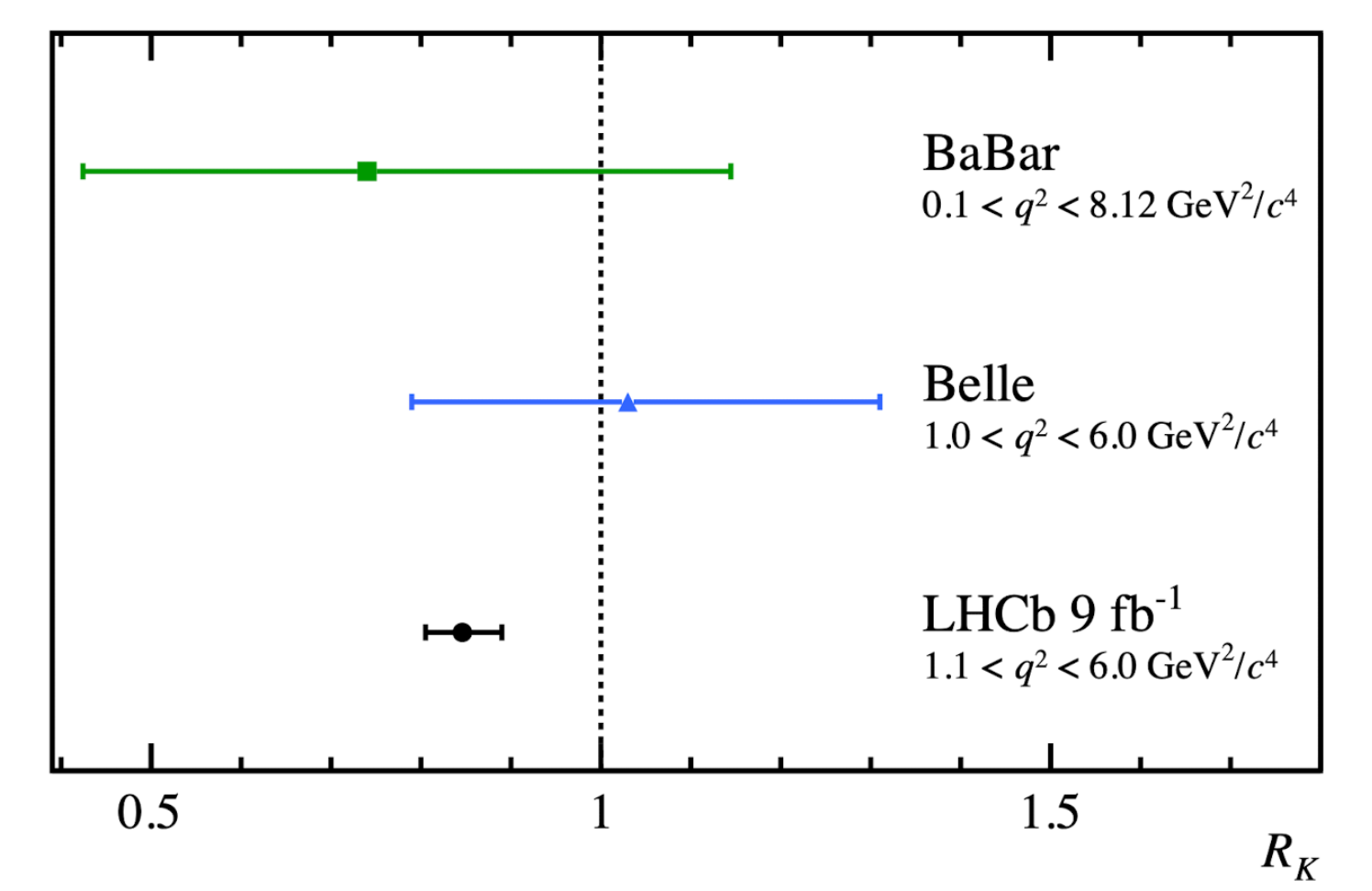
FOR RARE MODE ONLY $1.1 < q_{\ell\ell}^2 < 6 \text{ GeV}^2/c^4$

EFFICIENCIES VALIDATED WITH J/ψ RATIO → CONSISTENT WITH UNITY

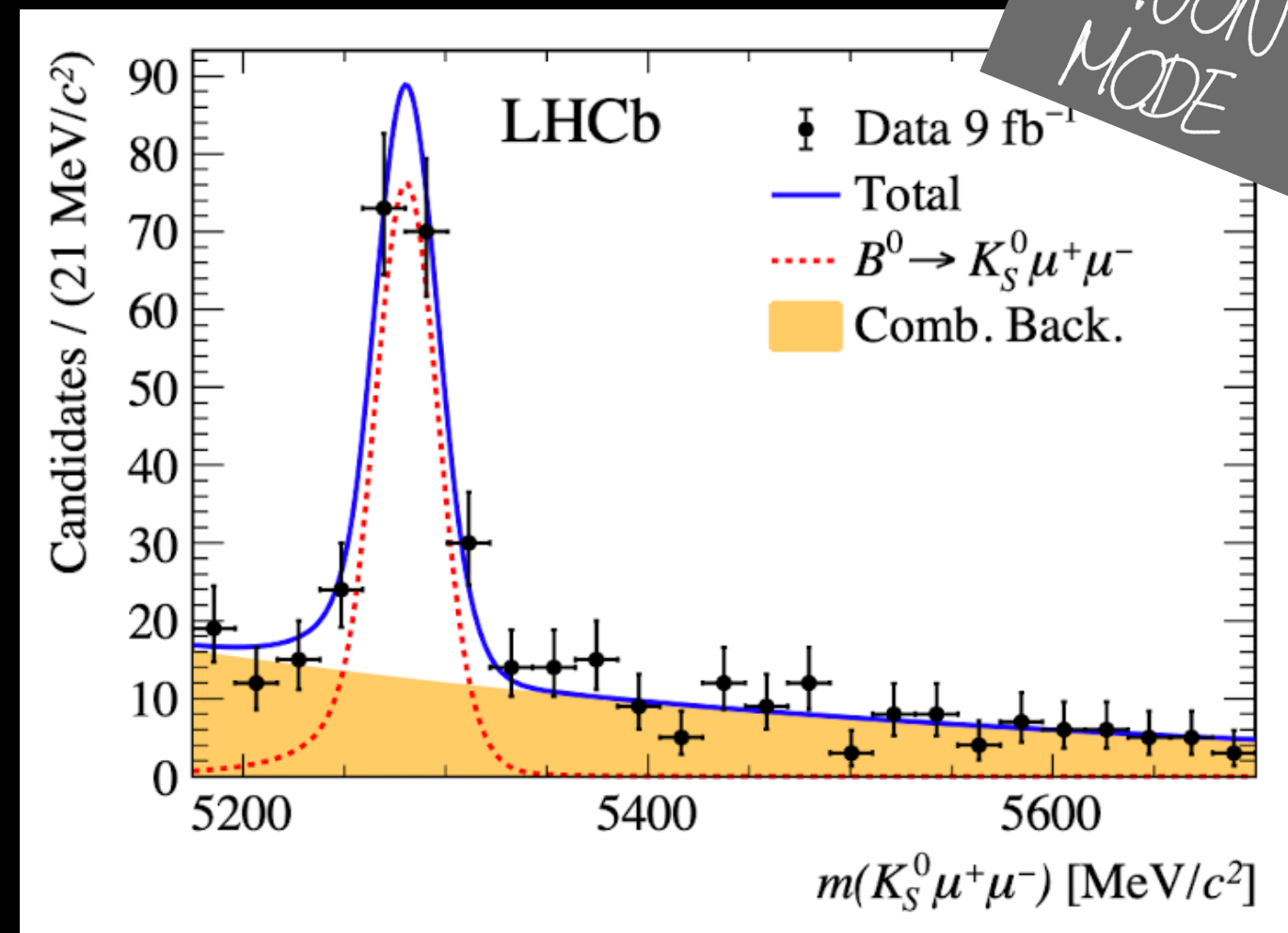


$$R_K = 0.846^{+0.042}_{-0.039} {}^{+0.013}_{-0.012}$$

TENSIONS WITH SM → 3.1 σ



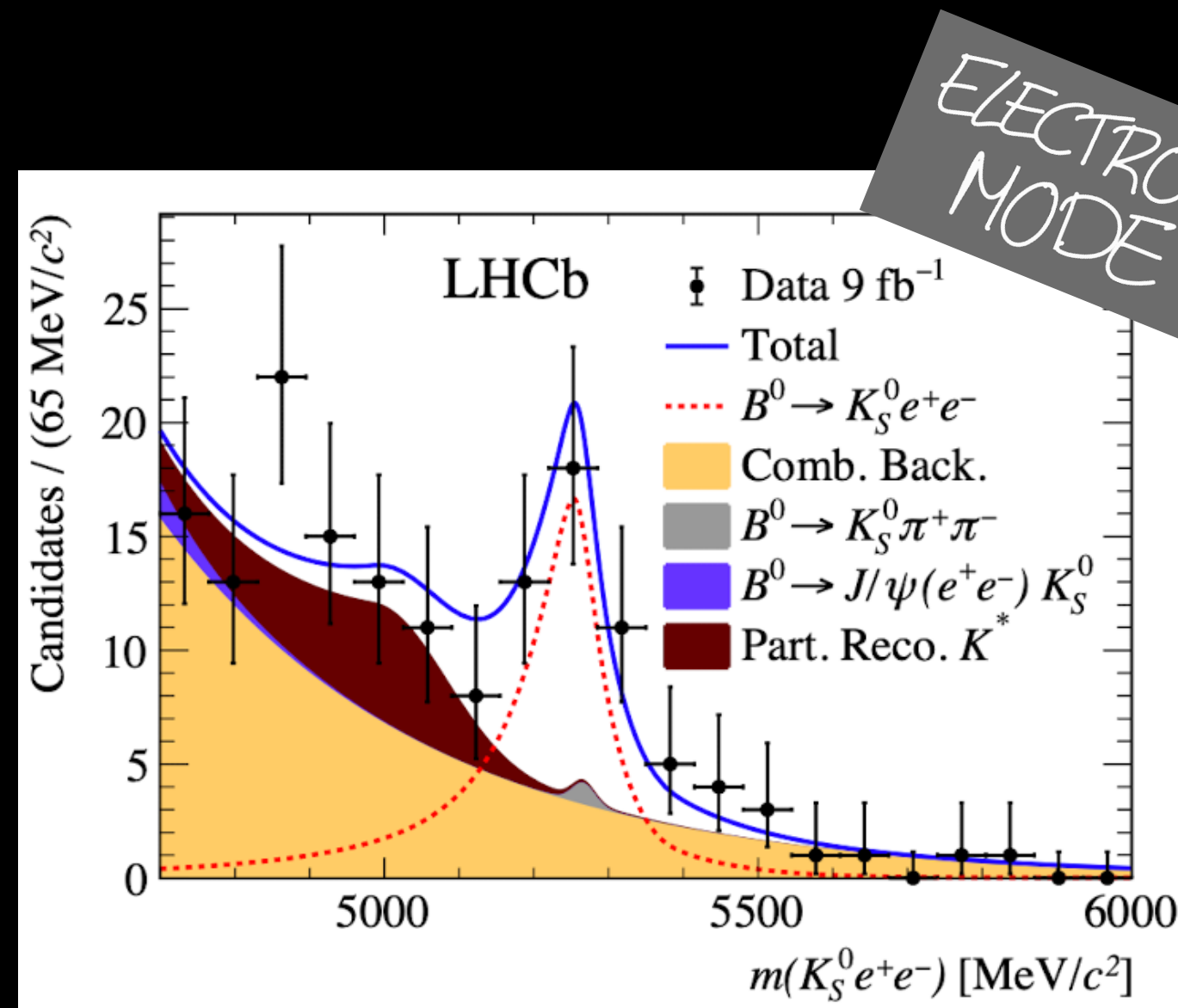
LFU: $R_{K_S^0}$



ISOSPIN PARTNER. INVERSE DOUBLE RATIO

$$R_{K_S^0}^{-1} = \left(\frac{\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 \mu^+ \mu^-)}{\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi(\mu^+ \mu^-) K_S^0)} \times \frac{\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi(e^+ e^-) K_S^0)}{\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 e^+ e^-)} \right)^{-1}$$

FOR RARE MODE ONLY $1.1 < q_{\ell\ell}^2 < 6 \text{ GeV}^2/c^4$



K_S^0 RECONSTRUCTED AS $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \rightarrow$ LESS PRECISE

$$R_{K_S^0}^{-1} = 1.51^{+0.40+0.09}_{-0.35-0.04}$$

$$R_{K_S^0} = 0.66^{+0.20+0.02}_{-0.14-0.04}$$

AGREES WITH SM $\rightarrow 1.5\sigma$

LFU: $R_{K^{*+}}$

AND ALSO $B^+ \rightarrow K^{*+} \ell^+ \ell^-$ WITH INVERSE DOUBLE RATIO

$$R_{K^{*+}}^{-1} = \left(\frac{\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^{*+} \mu^+ \mu^-)}{\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi(\mu^+ \mu^-) K^{*+})} \times \frac{\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi(e^+ e^-) K^{*+})}{\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^{*+} e^+ e^-)} \right)^{-1}$$

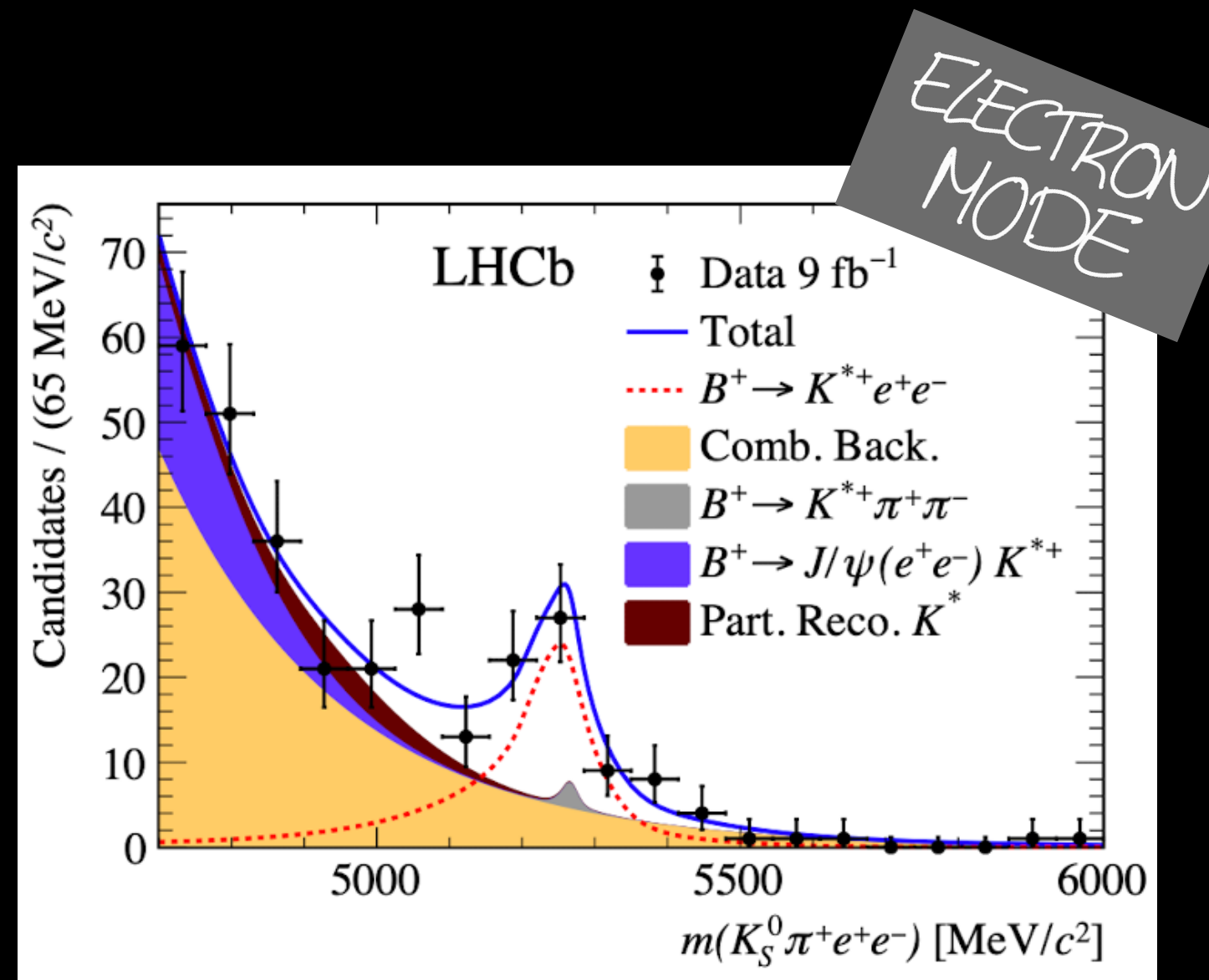
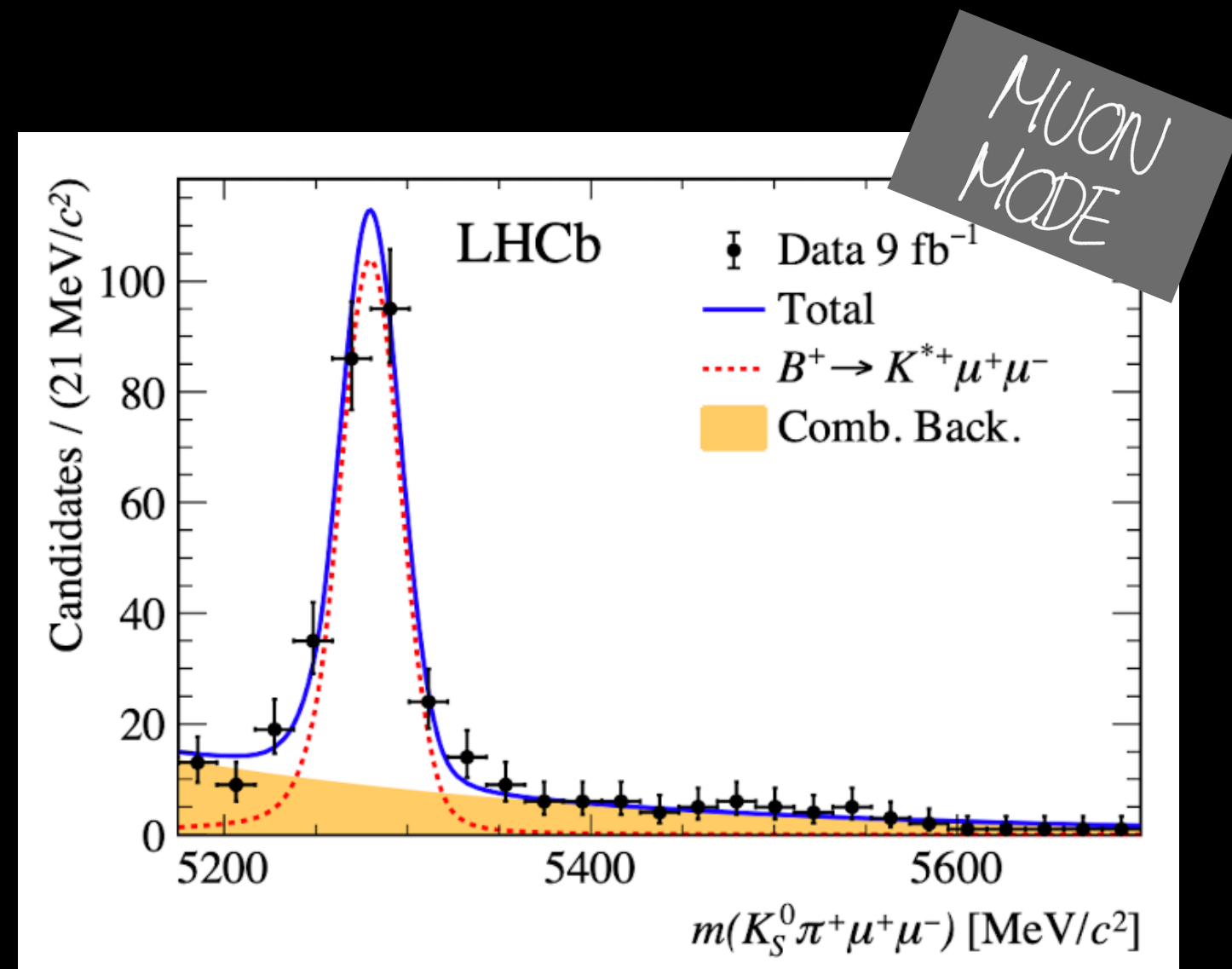
FOR RARE MODE ONLY $0.045 < q_{\ell\ell}^2 < 6 \text{ GeV}^2/c^4$

K^{*+} RECONSTRUCTED AS $K^{*+} \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+$

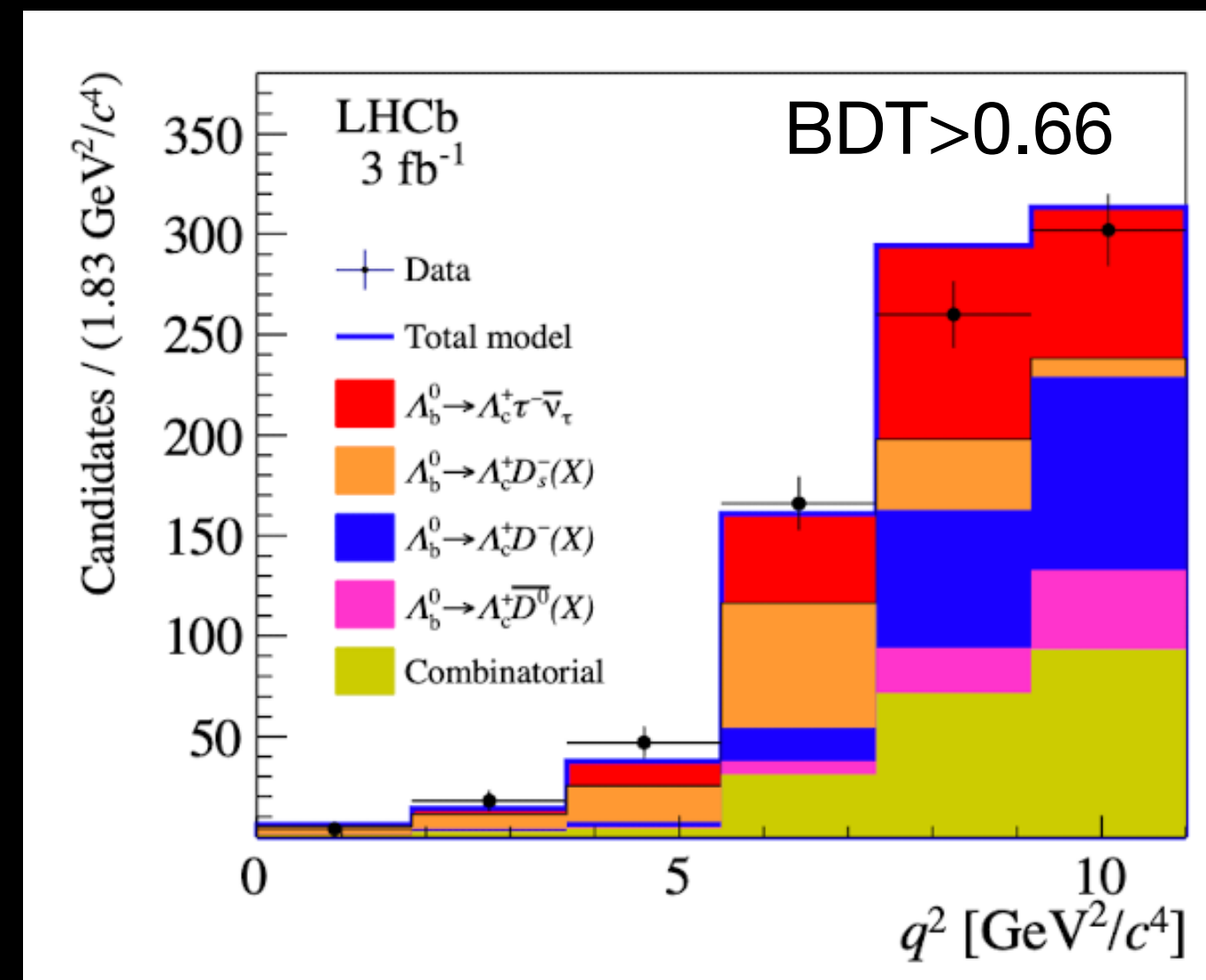
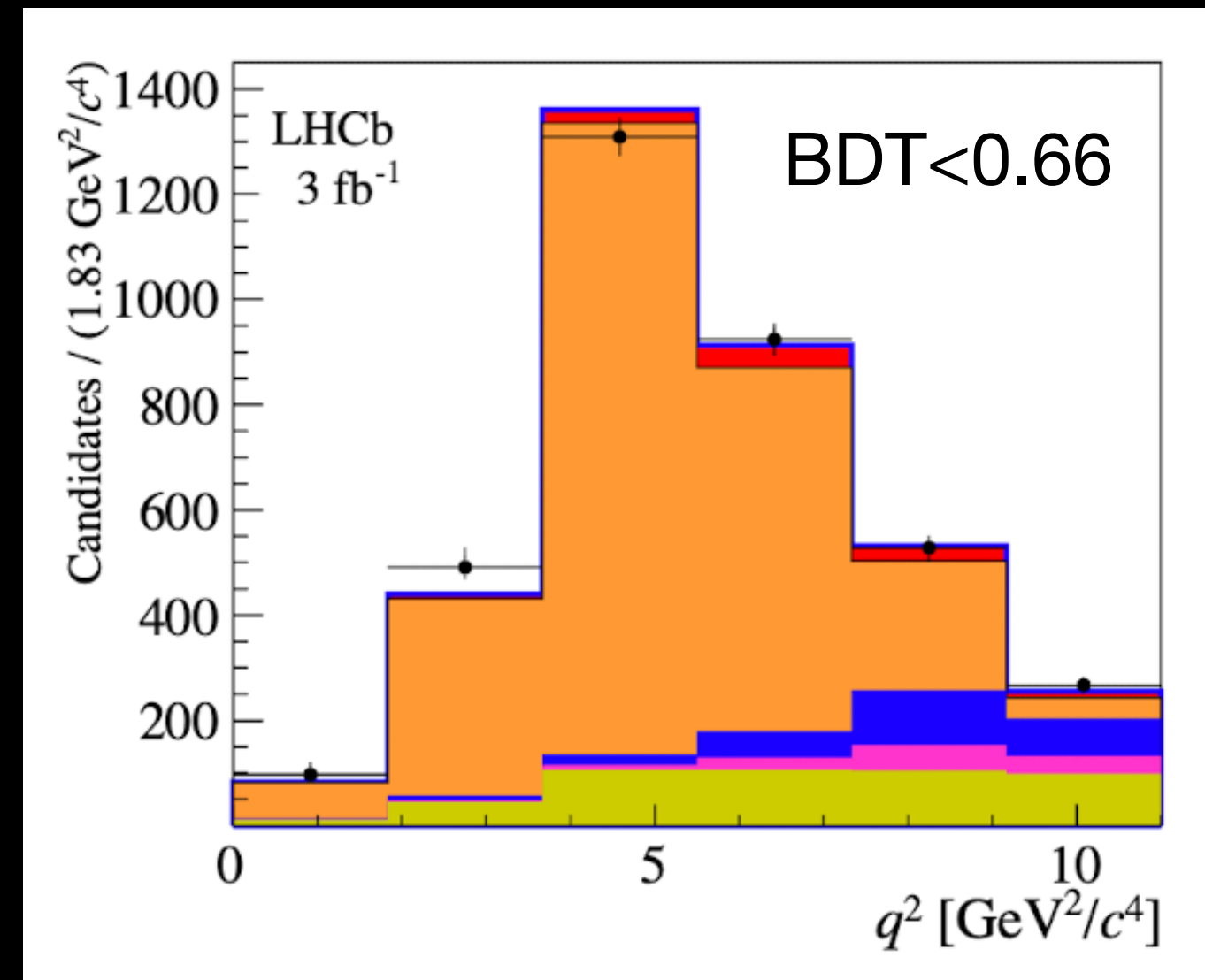
$$R_{K^{*+}}^{-1} = 1.44^{+0.32+0.09}_{-0.29-0.06}$$

$$R_{K^{*+}} = 0.70^{+0.18+0.03}_{-0.13-0.04}$$

AGREES WITH SM $\rightarrow 1.4\sigma$



$$\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ \tau^- \bar{\nu}_\tau \text{ and } R_{\Lambda_c^+}$$



COMPLEMENTARY: SPIN 1/2 AND DIFFERENT FORM-FACTORS

DECAY $\Lambda_b \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ \tau^- \bar{\nu}_\tau$ WITH $\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- (\pi^0) \nu_\tau$ AND $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p K^- \pi^+$

3-D FIT TO BDT, PSEUDO DECAY-TIME OF τ AND q^2

USING DELPHI VALUE FOR $\mathcal{B}(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ \mu \nu) = 6.2 \pm 1.4 \%$

$$R_{\Lambda_c^+} = 0.242 \pm 0.026 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.040 \text{ (syst)} \pm 0.059 \text{ (ext BF)}$$

POOR KNOWLEDGE OF BFs

Summary

- BRANCHING FRACTIONS AND LFU IN $b \rightarrow s\ell\ell$ TRANSITIONS
- R_K SHOWS TENSIONS WITH SM (3.1σ)
- $R_{K_S^0}$ AND $R_{K^{*+}}$ ALSO SHOWING DEFICIT IN MUON MODE
- BARYONIC DECAYS LOOK PROMISING

STAY TUNED!

The background is a dark, abstract composition. On the left, a portion of a computer keyboard is visible, with keys rendered in a dark, semi-transparent style. From the keyboard area, several bright, glowing lines in shades of orange and red extend diagonally across the frame towards the right. On the right side, there is a large, rectangular area filled with a dense grid of small, light-gray squares, resembling a data matrix or a digital screen. The overall aesthetic is high-tech and digital.

BACKUP

Displacement of the tau

