



Measurement of electroweak Z(vv)γjj production and limits on anomalous quartic gauge couplings in ATLAS



Diana Pyatiizbyantseva

on behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration



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Motivation

- Tests of the electroweak (EWK) symmetry breaking mechanism in the Standard Model (SM).
- Sensitivity to SM quartic gauge couplings (QGCs) and possible anomalous QGCs (aQGCs) ⇒ beyond SM (BSM) physics.

Neutral QGCs are absent in the SM at tree level, but they can be induced by BSM.



Higher Γ + better bkg control $\Rightarrow Z(\nu \bar{\nu})\gamma jj$ final state – optimal choice between $Z(II)\gamma jj$ and $Z(qq)\gamma jj$

2015–2018 data collected by the ATLAS experiment from *pp* collisions at \sqrt{s} = 13 TeV, 139 fb⁻¹

Definition of the Regions

High-energy phase-space region (sensitive to aQGC)



Selection optimisation to increase the signal significance: $S = N_{signal} / \sqrt{N_{signal} + N_{bkg}}$ Preselection + additional cuts to suppress bkgs \Rightarrow **Zy inclusive region**

Background Composition

Signal: *Ζ*(νν̄)γjj EWK

Backgrounds:

Simultaneous SR+CRs fit to data: Z(vv)yjj
 QCD, W(lv)yjj, and ttyjj



• **Data-driven:** $e \rightarrow \gamma$ (tag and probe method), $j \rightarrow E_T^{\text{miss}}$ and $j \rightarrow \gamma$ (2D sideband method), pile-up background ($\Delta z = z_{vtx} - z_{\gamma}$)









Maximum-likelihood Fit

BDT classifier:

- created with the TMVA package
- Z(νν̄)γjj EWK and QCD, W(lv)γjj, ttγjj
- trained in the Zγ inclusive region



Maximum-likelihood fit: the BDT classifier response (SR), *m*_{ii} (Zy QCD and Wy CRs)

 μ_{zyEWK} $\mu_{zyQCD'}$ $\mu_{Wy'}$ event yields – estimation in the fit to the observed data:

	Value		
POI	Current analysis Previous analysis* Combination		
$\mu_{Z\gamma { m EWK}} \ \mu_{Z\gamma { m QCD}} \ \mu_{W\gamma}$	$\begin{array}{ll} 0.78 \pm 0.33 \\ 1.21 \pm 0.37 \\ 1.02 \pm 0.22 \end{array} \begin{array}{ll} 1.04 \pm 0.23 \\ 1.02 \pm 0.41 \\ 1.01 \pm 0.20 \end{array} \begin{array}{ll} 0.96 \pm 0.18 \\ 1.17 \pm 0.27 \\ 1.01 \pm 0.13 \end{array}$		

*Observation for $Z(v\bar{v})yjj$ with $\mathbf{E}_{\mathbf{T}}^{\underline{Y}} \in [15; 110]$ GeV

Current analysis: **E**_T^y > **150 GeV**

The largest impact of systematic uncertainties is from the theoretical uncertainties of the Z(vv̄)yjj EWK and QCD

Results

- ★ The observed significance (μ_{ZγEWK} = 0, background-only fit to the data): 3.2σ.
 The expected significance (fit to the Asimov dataset): 3.7σ.
 The observed (expected) significance of the combined result* is 6.3σ (6.6σ).
 <u>*Observation for Z(vv)vii with E_r¥ ∈ [15; 110] GeV</u>
- Predicted with MadGraph5_aMC@NLO (interfaced with Pythia) at LO, with NLO QCD corrections and scale uncertainties computed with VBFNLO fiducial cross-section:

$$\sigma_{Z\gamma EWK}^{\text{pred}} = 0.98 \pm 0.02 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.09 \text{ (scale)} \pm 0.02 \text{ (PDF) fb.}$$

Observed fiducial cross-section:

$$\sigma_{Z\gamma EWK} = 0.77^{+0.25}_{-0.23} \text{ (stat.)}^{+0.22}_{-0.18} \text{ (syst.) fb},$$

which is consistent with the SM prediction.

Effective Field Theory (EFT)

Model-independent approach – **Effective Field Theory (EFT)**, which parametrises the BSM physics contributions in the Lagrangian:

$$\mathcal{L}_{\rm EFT} = \mathcal{L}_{\rm SM} + \sum_{i} \underbrace{\int_{i} \partial_{i} \partial_{i}}_{i} + \sum_{j} \underbrace{\int_{\Lambda^{4}} \mathcal{O}_{j}^{8}}_{\Lambda^{4}} \xrightarrow{\text{dim-8}} aQGCs, \text{ no aTGCs}$$

$$\underbrace{\text{dim-6}}_{\text{QGCs, TGCs}} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{O}_{S,0}, \quad \mathcal{O}_{M,0}, \quad \mathcal{O}_{M,2}, \quad \mathcal{O}_{T,0}, \quad \mathcal{O}_{S,1}, \\ \mathcal{O}_{S,1}, \quad \mathcal{O}_{M,1}, \quad \mathcal{O}_{M,3}, \quad \mathcal{O}_{T,1}, \quad \mathcal{O}_{M,4}, \\ \mathcal{O}_{T,2} = \mathcal{O}_{T,2$$

Wilson coefficients:

- $f_{\rm M0}/\Lambda^4, f_{\rm M1}/\Lambda^4, f_{\rm M2}/\Lambda^4$ ($f_{\rm MX}$ couplings)
- $f_{T0}/\Lambda^4, f_{T5}/\Lambda^4, f_{T8}/\Lambda^4, f_{T9}/\Lambda^4$ (f_{TX} couplings)

can be probed **only** by the neutral quartic vertices

	$\mathcal{O}_{S,0},\ \mathcal{O}_{S,1},\ \mathcal{O}_{S,2}$	$\mathcal{O}_{M,0},$ $\mathcal{O}_{M,1},$ $\mathcal{O}_{M,7}$	$\mathcal{O}_{M,2},$ $\mathcal{O}_{M,3},$ $\mathcal{O}_{M,4},$ $\mathcal{O}_{M,5}$	$\mathcal{O}_{T,0}, \ \mathcal{O}_{T,1}, \ \mathcal{O}_{T,2}$	$\mathcal{O}_{T,5},$ $\mathcal{O}_{T,6},$ $\mathcal{O}_{T,7}$	$\mathcal{O}_{T,8},\ \mathcal{O}_{T,9}$	
WWWW	Х	Х		Х			
WWZZ	Х	X	Х	X	Х		
ZZZZ	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
$WWZ\gamma$		Х	Х	X	Х		SM
$WW\gamma\gamma$		Х	Х	Х	Х		,
$ZZZ\gamma$		Х	Х	X	X	Х	
$ZZ\gamma\gamma$		Х	Х	X	Х	Х	BSM
$Z\gamma\gamma\gamma$				Х	Х	Х	
$\gamma\gamma\gamma\gamma$				Х	Х	Х	

Evolution of the Expected and Observed Limits

Clipping technique: preserve unitarity at high energies.

E_c – a cut-off scale: $m_{Zv} > E_c \Rightarrow$ the anomalous signal contribution = 0.



Limits on Anomalous Quartic Gauge Couplings





Coefficient	Observed limit, TeV^{-4}	Expected limit, TeV^{-4}
f_{T0}/Λ^4	$[-9.4, 8.4] \times 10^{-2}$	$[-1.3, 1.2] \times 10^{-1}$
f_{T5}/Λ^4	$[-8.8, 9.9] imes 10^{-2}$	$[-1.2, 1.3] \times 10^{-1}$
f_{T8}/Λ^4	$[-5.9, 5.9] imes 10^{-2}$	$[-8.1, 8.0] imes 10^{-2}$
f_{T9}/Λ^4	$[-1.3, 1.3] imes 10^{-1}$	$[-1.7, 1.7] imes 10^{-1}$
f_{M0}/Λ^4	[-4.6, 4.6]	[-6.2, 6.2]
f_{M1}/Λ^4	[-7.7, 7.7]	$[-1.0, 1.0] imes 10^1$
f_{M2}/Λ^4	[-1.9, 1.9]	[-2.6, 2.6]

Unitarised limits:

Coefficient	$E_c, {\rm TeV}$	Observed limit, TeV^{-4}	Expected limit, TeV^{-4}
f_{T0}/Λ^4	1.7	$[-8.7, 7.1] imes 10^{-1}$	$[-8.9, 7.3] \times 10^{-1}$
f_{T5}/Λ^4	2.4	$[-3.4, 4.2] \times 10^{-1}$	$[-3.5, 4.3] imes 10^{-1}$
f_{T8}/Λ^4	1.7	$[-5.2, 5.2] \times 10^{-1}$	$[-5.3, 5.3] imes 10^{-1}$
f_{T9}/Λ^4	1.9	$[-7.9, 7.9] \times 10^{-1}$	$[-8.1, 8.1] imes 10^{-1}$
f_{M0}/Λ^4	0.7	$[-1.6, 1.6] imes 10^2$	$[-1.5, 1.5] imes 10^2$
f_{M1}/Λ^4	1.0	$[-1.6, 1.5] imes 10^2$	$[-1.4, 1.4] \times 10^2$
f_{M2}/Λ^4	1.0	$[-3.3, 3.2] imes 10^1$	$[-3.0, 3.0] imes 10^1$

Comparison of Limits

	$Z(\nu\nu)\gamma jj$ ATLAS	$Z(\ell\ell)\gamma jj$ CMS	ZZjj CMS	$W\gamma jj~{ m CMS}$	WW/WZ/ZZ + jj CMS
$f_{ m T0}/\Lambda^4$	[-0.09, 0.08]				[-0.12, 0.11]
$f_{ m T5}/\Lambda^4$	[-0.09, 0.10]			[-0.5, 0.5]	
$f_{ m T8}/\Lambda^4$	[-0.06, 0.06]		[-0.43, 0.43]		
$f_{ m T9}/\Lambda^4$	[-0.13, 0.13]	[-0.91, 0.91]			
$f_{ m M0}/\Lambda^4$	$[-4.6, \ 4.6]$				$[-0.69, \ 0.70]$
$f_{\mathrm{M1}}/\Lambda^4$	[-7.7, 7.7]				$[-2.0, \ 2.1]$
$f_{\mathrm{M2}}/\Lambda^4$	[-1.9, 1.9]			[-2.8, 2.8]	

* Bold indicates the most stringent constraint.

- f_{T5}/Λ^4 , f_{T8}/Λ^4 , f_{T9}/Λ^4 : constraints are **significantly stringent** than those previously published for <u>Z(II)yjj</u>, <u>ZZjj</u>, and <u>Wyjj</u> CMS analyses.
- f_{T0}/Λ^4 , f_{M2}/Λ^4 : constraints are **more stringent** than those previously published for <u>WW/WZ/ZZ+jj</u> CMS analyses.

Conclusion

*Z***(***ν***ν̄)***γjj* **EWK** production (full Run 2, the ATLAS experiment, $E_T^{\gamma} > 150$ GeV):

- ★ The resulting observed (expected) significance is 3.2σ (3.7σ) ⇔ evidence for this process in boosted photon regime. Signal significance of the combination with the previously published ATLAS result is 6.3σ (6.6σ).
- Measured fiducial **cross-section** $0.77^{+0.25}_{-0.23}$ (stat.) $^{+0.22}_{-0.18}$ (syst.) fb is in agreement with SM prediction within the uncertainty.
- Limits on aQGCs set on EFT dimension-8 operators are either competitive with or more stringent than previously published results.

Collecting more data (Run 3), optimising the signal extraction procedure, improving the bkg estimation techniques (better bkg suppression), and taking into account the impact of aQGCs on the bkgs can **increase the sensitivity**!

Thanks for your attention!

Back-up slides

Feynman Diagrams



Electroweak *Zyjj* production involving the VBS subprocess (top left) or non-VBS subprocesses (top right) and of QCD *Zyjj* production with gluon exchange (bottom left) or the *s*-channel *gg–qq* process (bottom right).

Zy inclusive region definition

Selections	Cut value
$E_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}}$	$> 120 { m ~GeV}$
E_{T}^{γ}	$> 150 { m ~GeV}$
Number of isolated photons	$N_{\gamma} = 1$
Photon isolation	$E_{\rm T}^{\rm cone40} < 0.022 E_{\rm T}^{\gamma} + 2.45 \text{ GeV}, \ p_{\rm T}^{\rm cone20} / E_{\rm T}^{\gamma} < 0.05$
Number of jets	$N_{ m jets} \geq 2$
Lepton veto	$N_e=0,N_\mu=0$
$E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$ significance	> 12
$ \Delta \phi(\gamma,ec{p}_{ ext{T}}^{ ext{miss}}) $	> 0.4
$ \Delta \phi(j_1,ec{p_{ ext{T}}^{ ext{miss}}}) $	> 0.3
$ \Delta \phi(j_2,ec{p_{ ext{T}}^{ ext{miss}}}) $	> 0.3
$p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{SoftTerm}}$	$< 16 { m ~GeV}$

 $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$ significance is calculated as $|\vec{p}_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}|^2 / (\sigma_{\rm L}^2 (1 - \rho_{\rm LT}^2))$, where $\sigma_{\rm L}$ is the total variance in the direction longitudinal to the $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$, and $\rho_{\rm LT}$ is the correlation coefficient of the longitudinal (L) and transverse (T) measurements [62].

Background Composition

Signal: *Ζ*(νν̄)γjj EWK

Background estimation:

- *Ζ(νν̄)γjj* QCD (36%)
- *W(lν)γjj* QCD (25%) and EWK (7%)
- *ttyjj* (6%)
- $e \rightarrow \gamma$ (*W*(ev), t, tt, 6%) tag and probe method ($e\gamma$ /ee pairs)
- $E_{T}^{\text{miss}} \rightarrow j (\gamma + j, 6\%) 2D$ sideband method (E_{T}^{miss} significance and p_{T}^{SoftTerm})
- $j \rightarrow \gamma$ ($Z(\nu \bar{\nu})$, multijet, 2%) 2D sideband method (photon isolation and ID)
- pile-up background (negligible) dependence on $\Delta z = z_{vtx} z_v$
- *Ζ(II)γjj* (< 1%) **MC**



simultaneous SR+CRs **fit to data** (shape from MC)

data-driven

Systematic Uncertainties

Source of uncertainty	$\Delta\sigma/\sigma[\%]$
Experimental	
Jets	-3.2/+3.4
Electrons and photons	-0.3/+1.7
Muons	-0.4/+0.5
$E_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}}$	-1.8/+2.2
Pile-up modelling	-1.7/+3.2
Trigger efficiency	-0.9/+2.1
Luminosity	-1.2 / +2.6
Theory	
$Z(\nu\bar{\nu})\gamma jj$ EWK/QCD interference	-0.6 / +2.6
$Z(\nu\bar{\nu})\gamma jj$ EWK process	-6 / +12
$Z(\nu\bar{\nu})\gamma jj$ QCD process	-15 / +16
Other processes	-5.3 / +7.7
Other sources	
Data-driven backgrounds	-0.9/+1.2
Pile-up background	-1.2/+2.6
$Z(\nu \bar{\nu}) \gamma j j$ QCD m_{ij} modelling	-4.4/+4.4

The largest impact – theoretical uncertainties of the *Z*(*νν̄*)*γjj* EWK and QCD

Theoretical Systematic Uncertainties: Ζ(νν)γjj EWK and QCD





BDT Classifier

Variables used to create the classifier:

- m_{jj}
- $\Delta y(j_1, j_2)$
- $E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$
- $p_{\rm T}$ -balance
- η(j₂)
- *p*_T(*j*₁)
- η(γ)
- p_{T} -balance (reduced)
- N_{jets}
- $sin(|\Delta \phi(j_1, j_2)/2|)$
- Δ*y*(*j*₁, γ)

The
$$p_{\rm T}$$
-balance = $\frac{|\vec{p}_{\rm T}^{\rm miss} + \vec{p}_{\rm T}^{\gamma} + \vec{p}_{\rm T}^{j_1} + \vec{p}_{\rm T}^{j_2}|}{E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss} + E_{\rm T}^{\gamma} + p_{\rm T}^{j_1} + p_{\rm T}^{j_2}}.$
The $p_{\rm T}$ -balance (reduced) = $\frac{|\vec{p}_{\rm T}^{\gamma} + \vec{p}_{\rm T}^{j_1} + \vec{p}_{\rm T}^{j_2}|}{E_{\rm T}^{\gamma} + p_{\rm T}^{j_1} + p_{\rm T}^{j_2}}.$

Correlation Coefficients between the Input Variables



Difference

MC

Data

The Post-fit m_{jj} and BDT Classifier Response Distributions



Event Yields after the Fit to the Data

	$W\gamma$ CR	$Z\gamma$ QCD CR 1	$Z\gamma$ QCD CR 2	Signal region
$Z(\nu\bar{\nu})\gamma jj$ EWK	0.108 ± 0.028	11.0 ± 4.3	4.0 ± 2.2	37 ± 14
$Z(\nu\bar{\nu})\gamma jj$ QCD	1.04 ± 0.46	394 ± 84	143 ± 32	133 ± 39
$W(\ell \nu)\gamma j j \text{ QCD}$	425 ± 63	237 ± 71	76 ± 24	91 ± 30
$W(\ell \nu)\gamma j j EWK$	63 ± 12	14.3 ± 2.7	4.5 ± 1.2	24.6 ± 4.9
$W(ev)jj,tjj,t\bar{t}jj$	39.8 ± 2.5	70.1 ± 4.1	17.9 ± 1.3	22.5 ± 1.5
tīγjj	193 ± 57	57 ± 20	9.1 ± 3.4	21.3 ± 7.6
$\gamma j j$	4.8 ± 7.4	52 ± 36	8 ± 11	20 ± 17
Zj, jj	0.06 ± 0.66	20 ± 14	5.9 ± 6.9	6.6 ± 7.8
$Z(\ell\bar{\ell})\gamma jj$	8.6 ± 2.5	6.8 ± 2.0	2.04 ± 0.95	2.2 ± 1.3
Total	735 ± 30	863 ± 54	271 ± 25	357 ± 30
Data	737	849	268	356

Fiducial Region Definition

Selections	Cut value
$E_{ m T}^{ m miss}$	> 120 GeV
$\dot{E}^{oldsymbol{\gamma}}_{\mathrm{T}}$	> 150 GeV
Number of isolated photons	$N_{\gamma} = 1$
Photon isolation	$E_{\rm T}^{\rm cone40} < 0.022 p_{\rm T} + 2.45 \text{ GeV}, p_{\rm T}^{\rm cone20}/p_{\rm T} < 0.05$
Number of jets	$N_{\rm jets} \ge 2$ with $p_{\rm T} > 50$ GeV
Overlap removal	$\Delta R(\gamma, \text{jet}) > 0.3$
Lepton veto	$N_e = 0, N_\mu = 0$
$ \Delta \phi(\gamma,ec{p}_{ ext{T}}^{ ext{ miss}}) $	> 0.4
$ \Delta \phi(j_1, \vec{p}_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}}) $	> 0.3
$ \Delta \phi(j_2, \vec{p}_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}}) $	> 0.3
m_{jj}	> 300 GeV
γ -centrality	< 0.6

$$\gamma\text{-centrality} = \left| \frac{y(\gamma) - 0.5[y(j_1) + y(j_2)]}{y(j_1) - y(j_2)} \right|$$

Evolution of the Expected and Observed Limits

 f_{T0}/Λ^4 [TeV⁻⁴]

0.5

-1.5

 f_{Mf}/Λ^4 [TeV⁻⁴]

-2^t

150

100

50

-50

-100

-150

1

1

0 -0.5

