

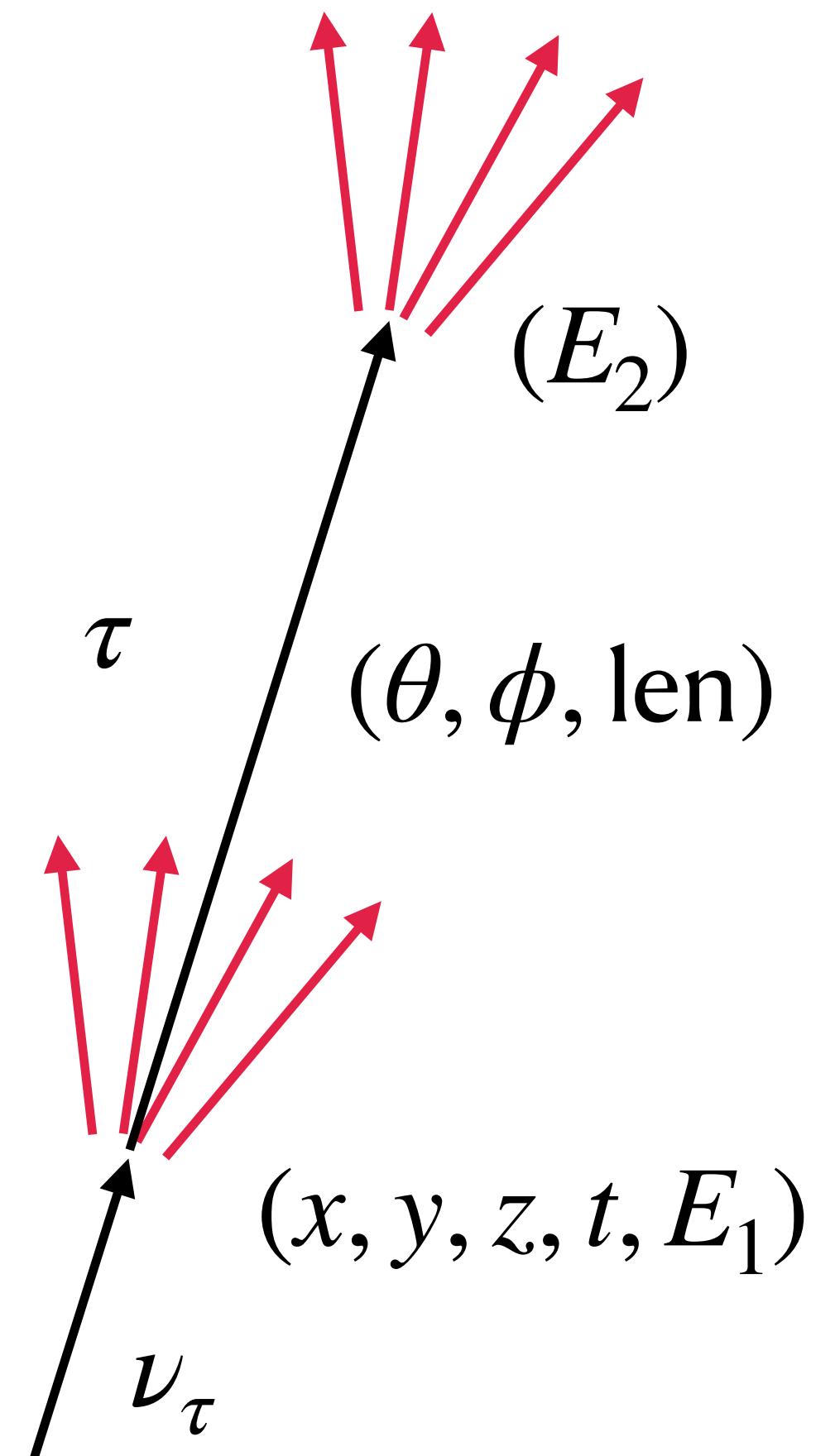
# Reconstruction update

Thijs van Eeden - 03-12-2020

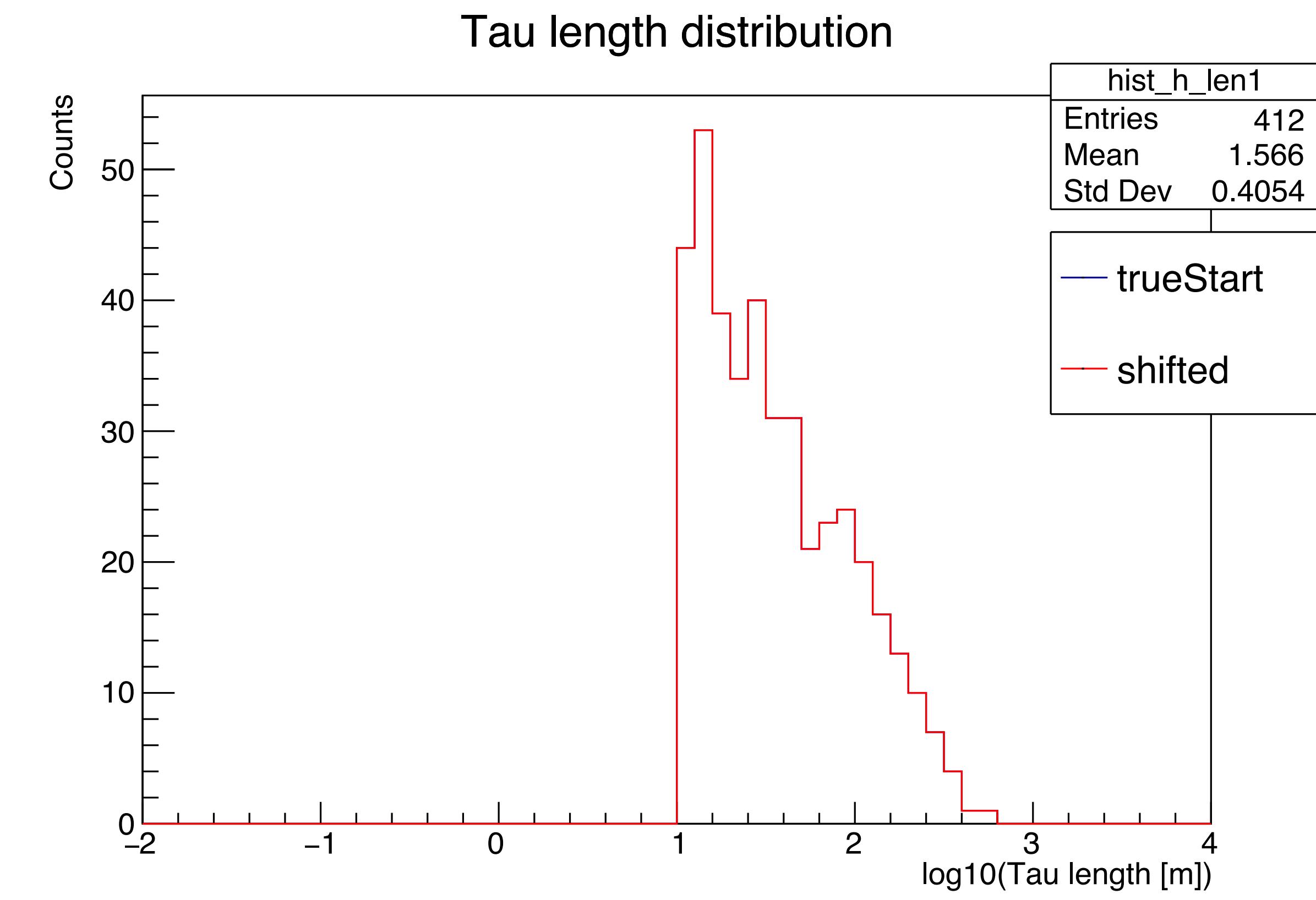
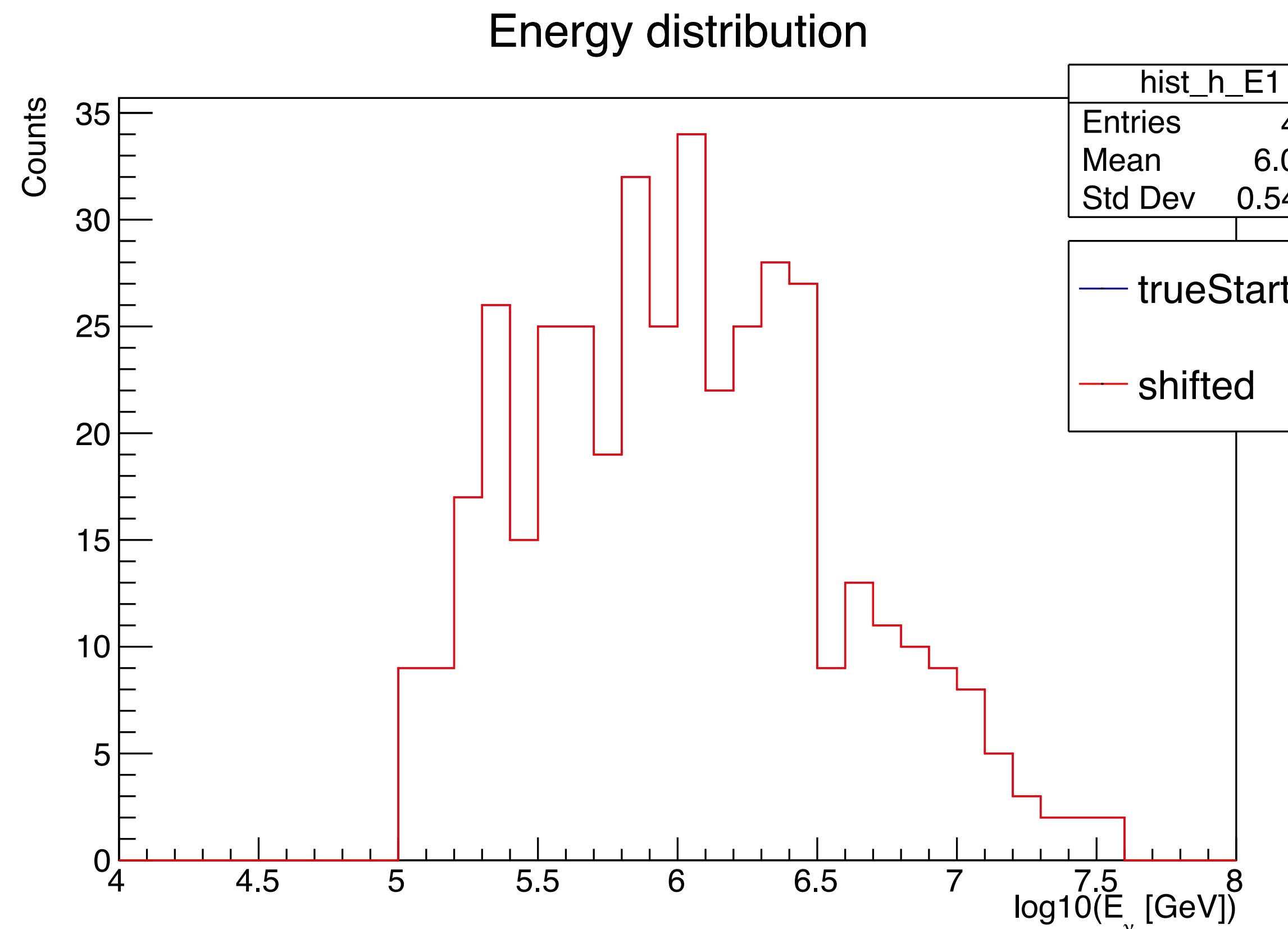
# Double bang fit

Fit starts at:

- True  $(x, y, z, t, \theta, \phi, \text{len}, E_1, E_2)$
- Shifted starting position:  
 $(x + 1, y + 1, z + 1, t + 1)$   
 $(\theta + 3 * \pi/180, \phi + 3 * \pi/180)$   
 $(1.3 * \text{len})$   
 $(0.7 * E_1, 1.3 * E_2)$



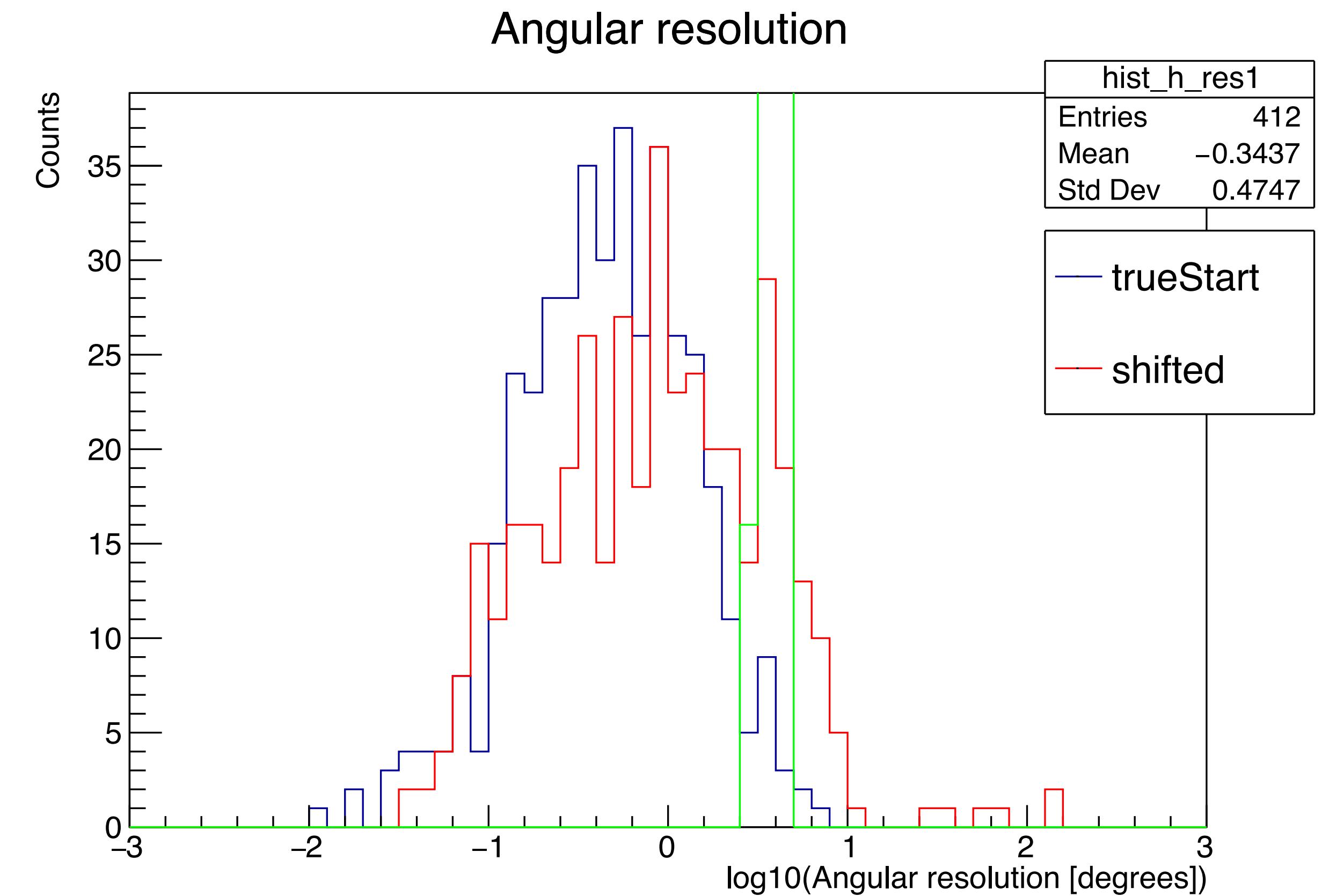
# Double bang events



- Tau length cut: Len > 10 m

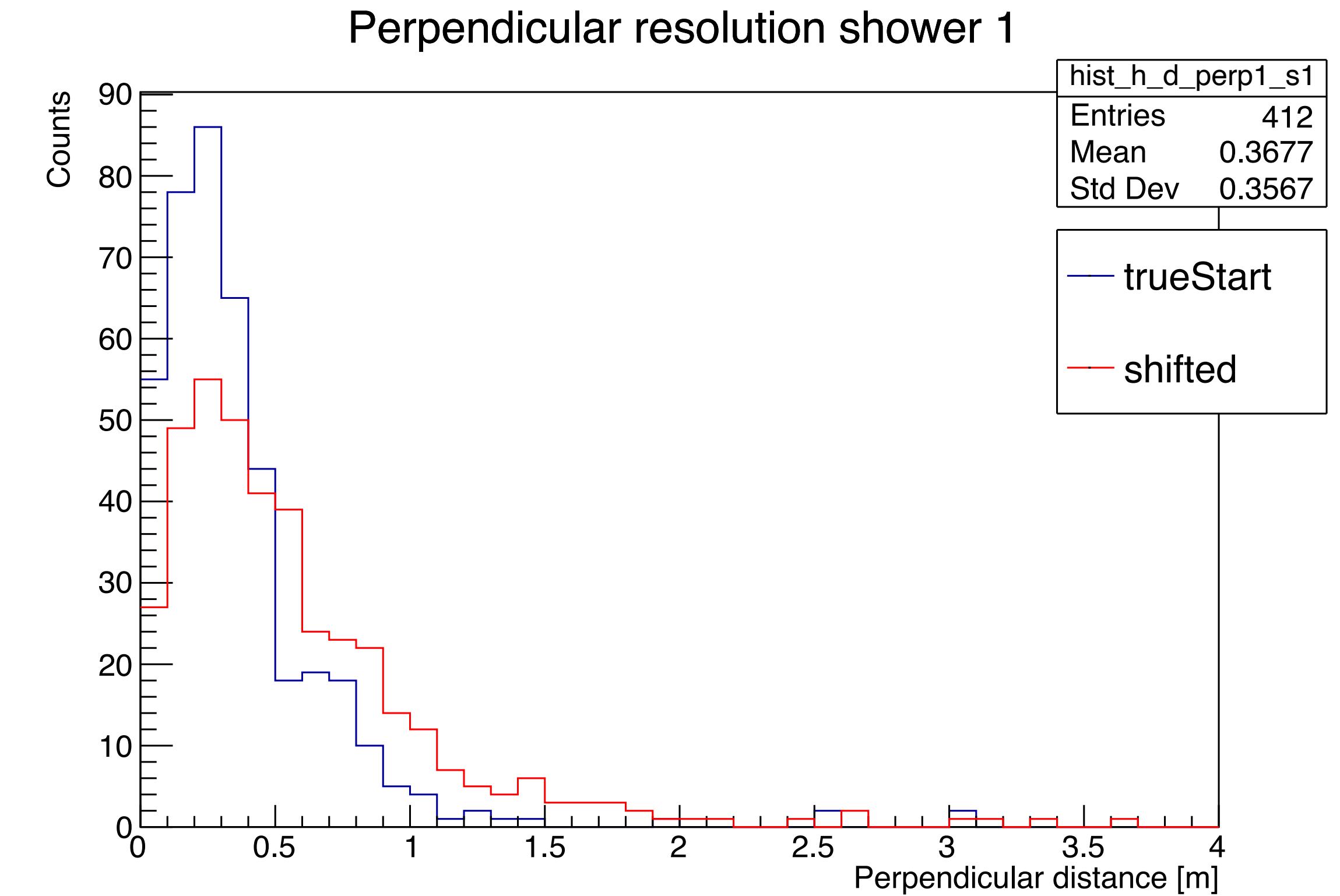
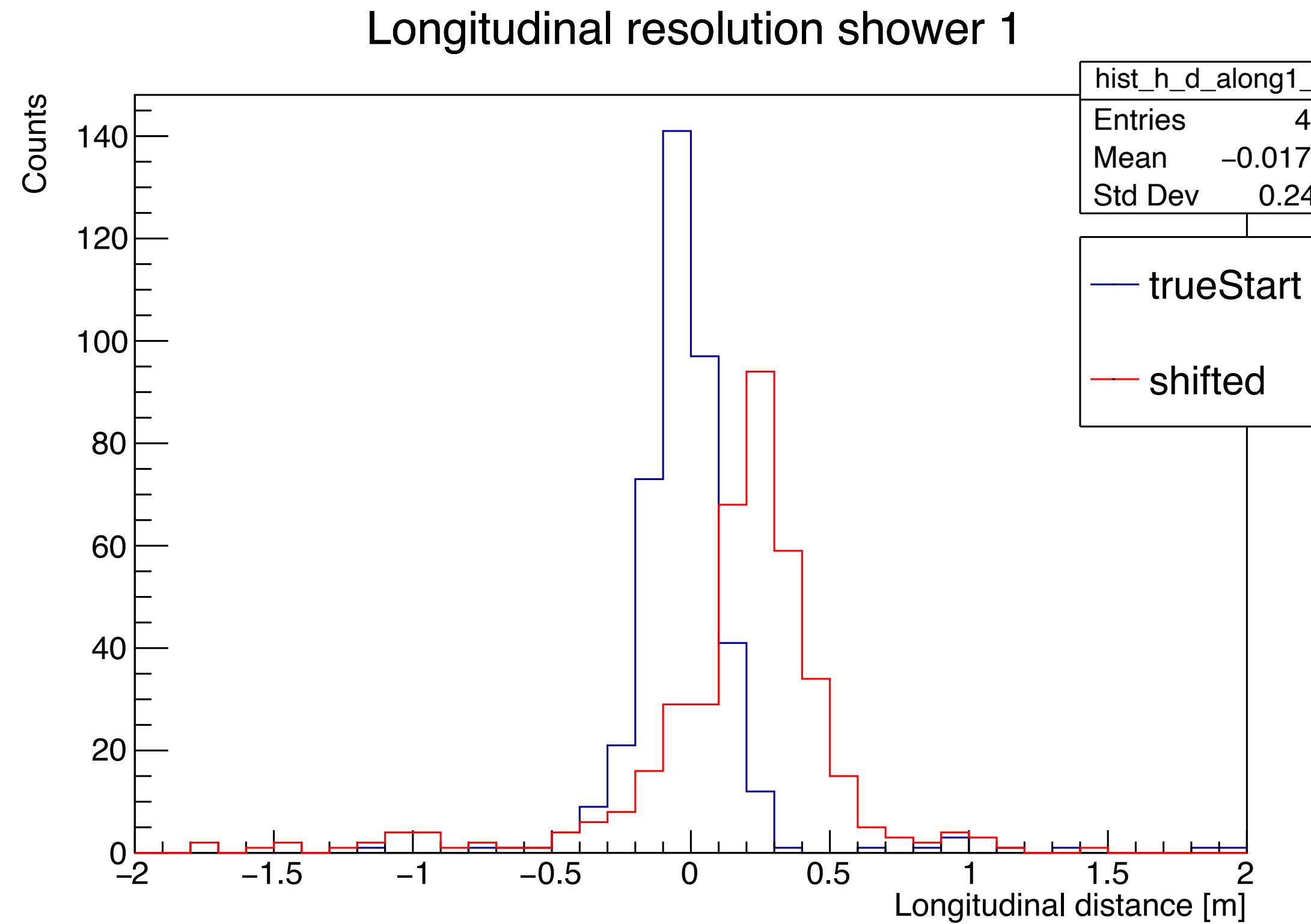
# Angular resolution

- Fit start at true: mean at  $0.45^\circ$
- Fit start at shifted: mean at  $0.83^\circ$
- Some events stay in the green bins: starting direction of the shifted fit



# Position resolution

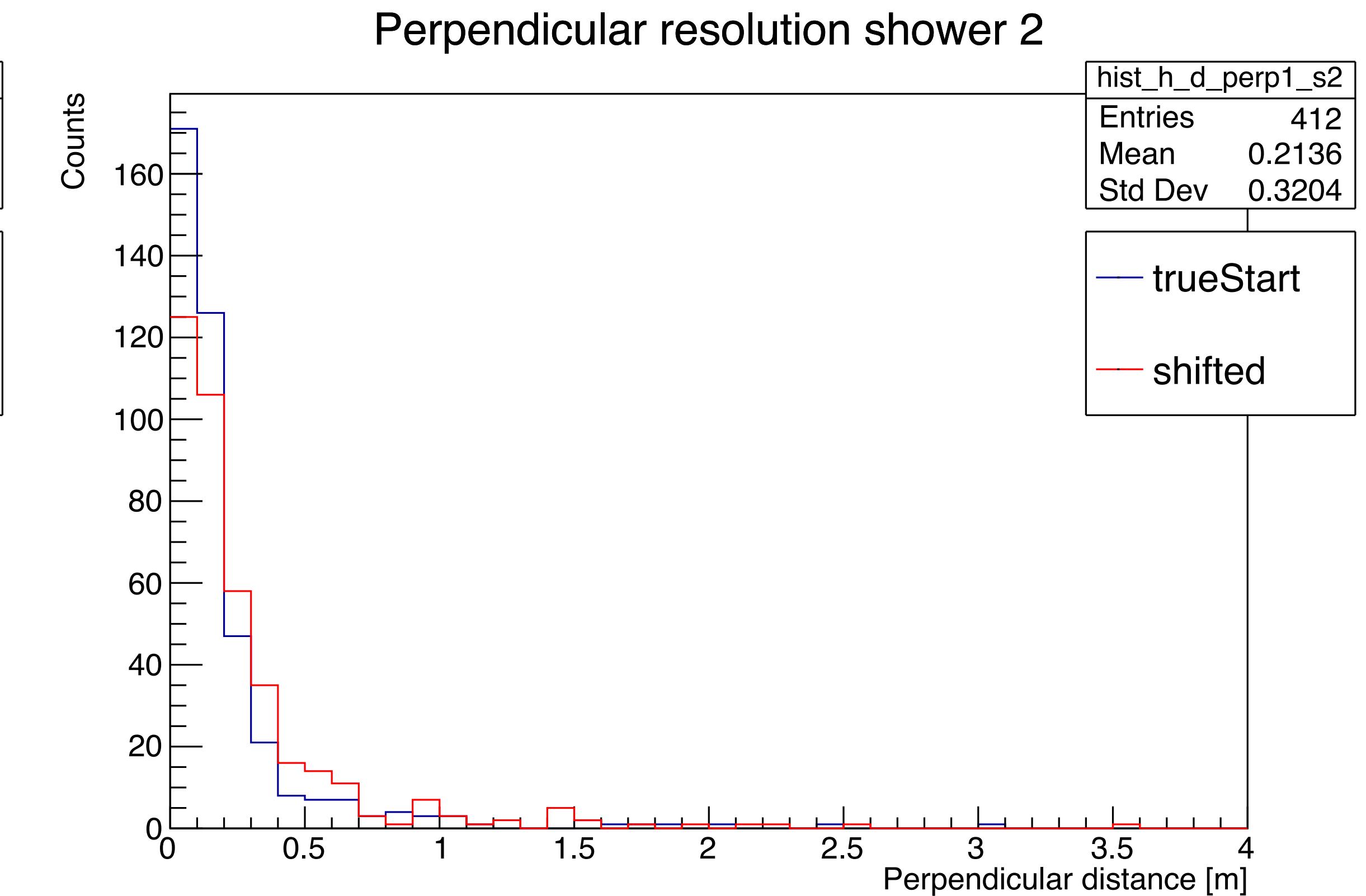
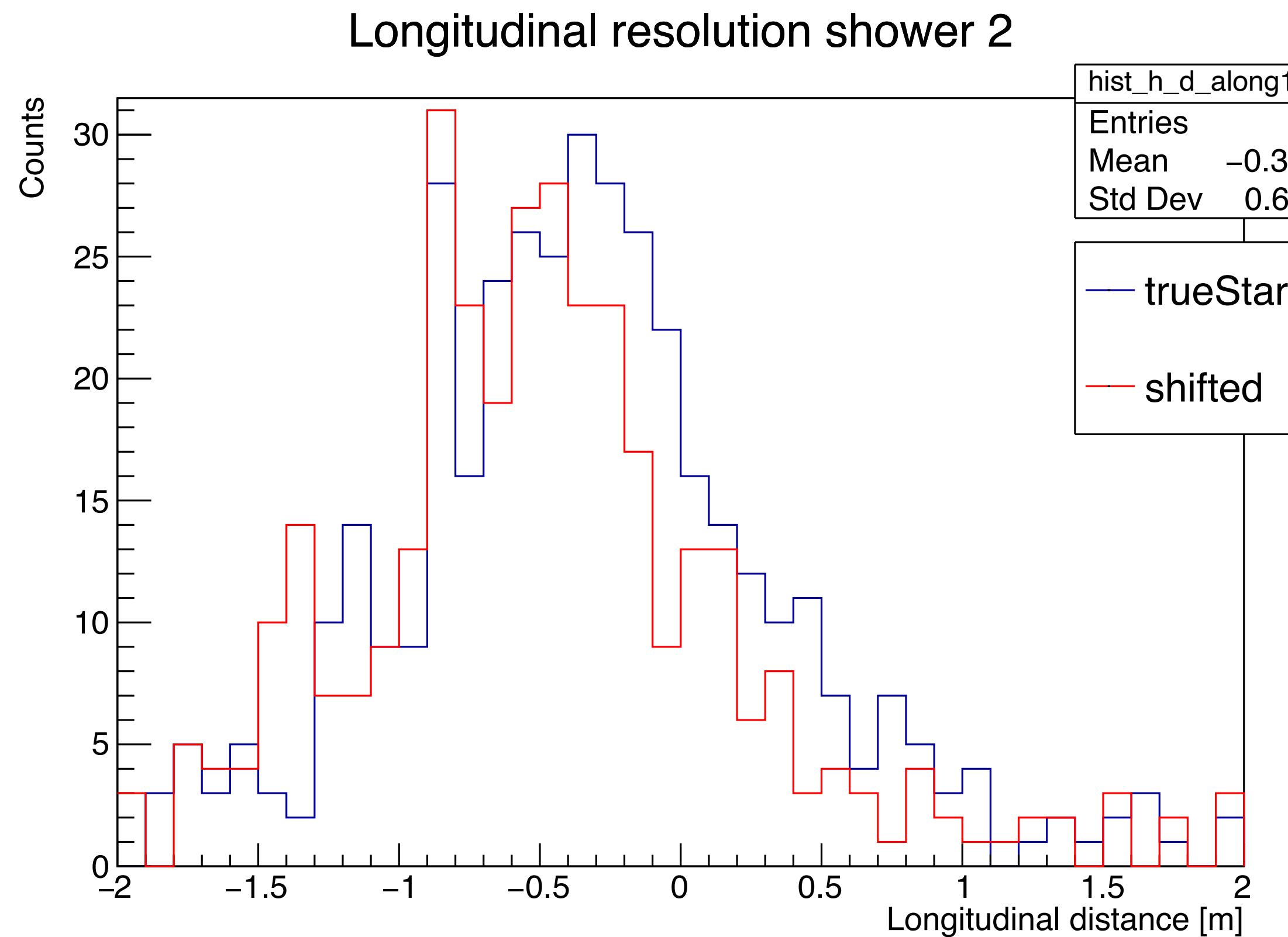
## Shower 1



- Longitudinal bias moves towards second shower for shifted starting points
- Perpendicular resolution: 36-57 cm

# Position resolution

## Shower 2

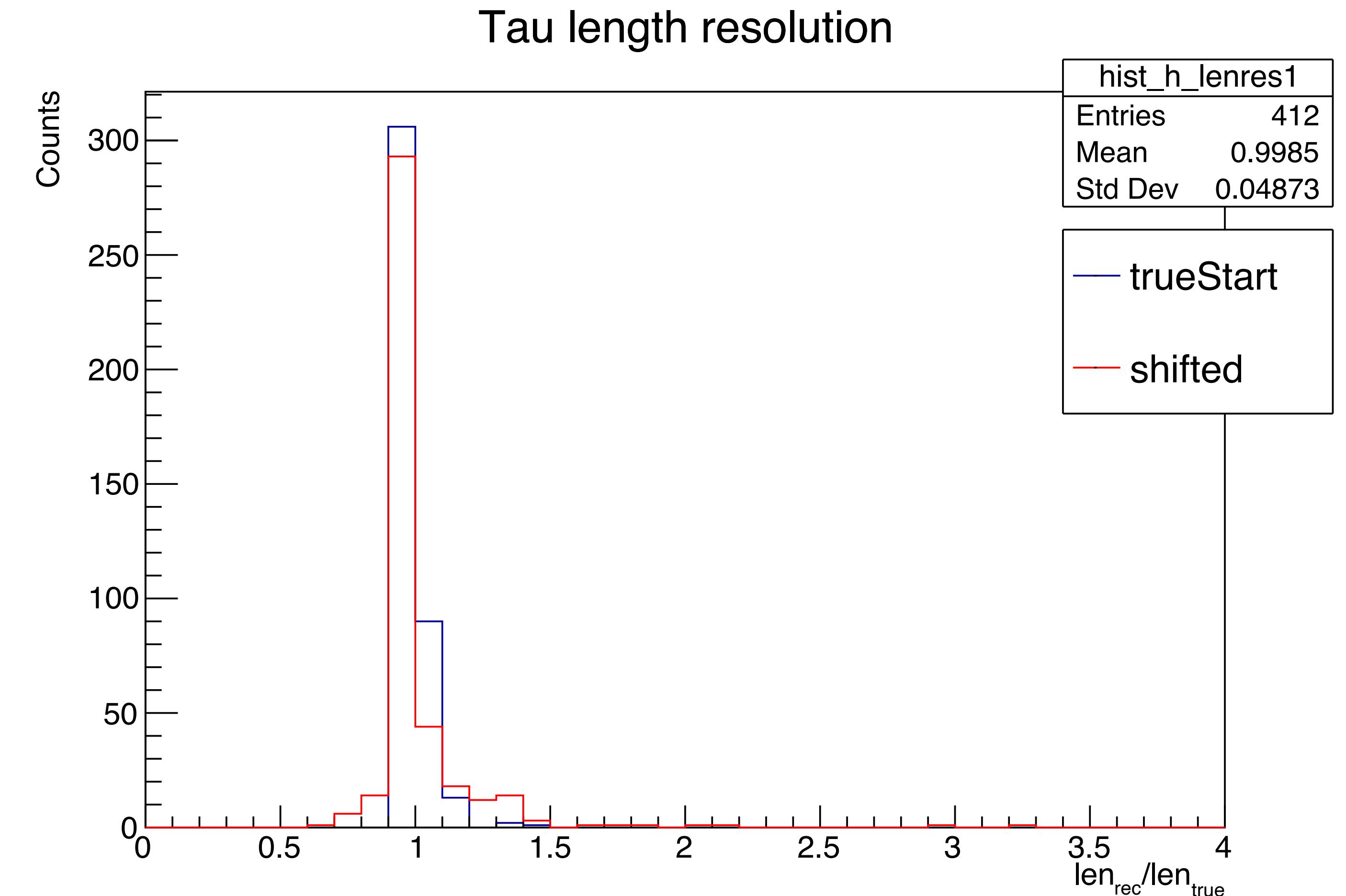


- Longitudinal bias moves towards 1st shower for shifted starting points
- Perpendicular resolution: **20-28 cm**

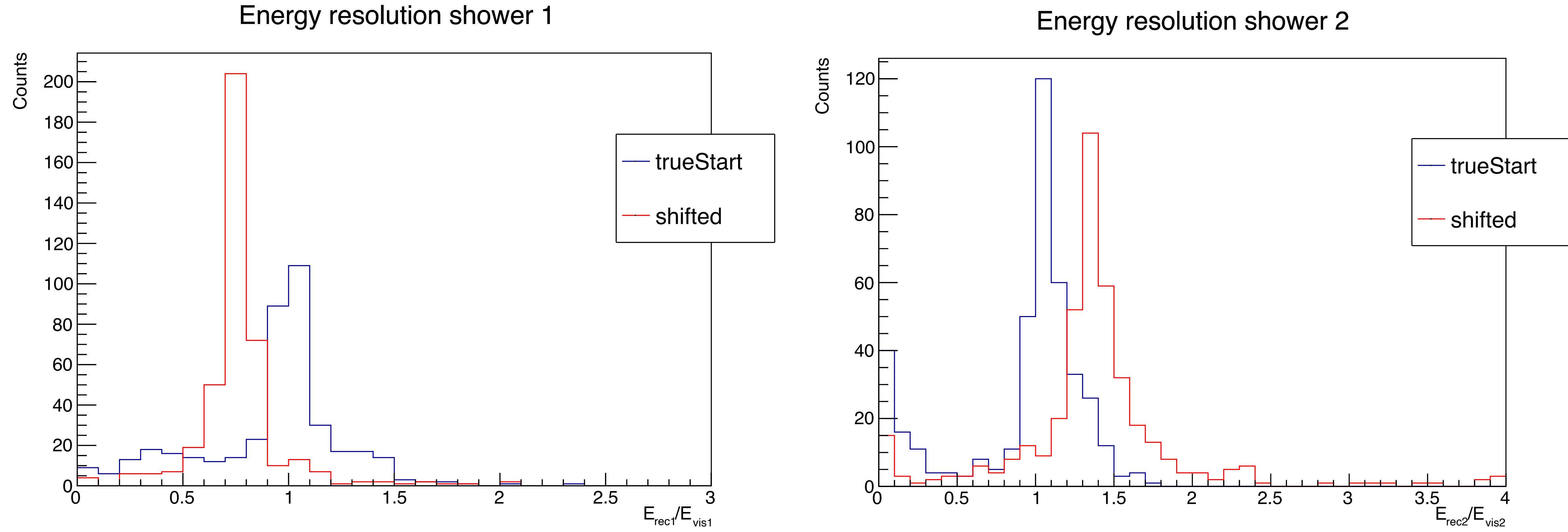
# Tau length resolution

- Tau length is reconstructed well
- Same as the position of the vertices

How about the energy resolution?



# Energy resolution



- Resolution bias at the true energies
- Resolution bias at the shifted energies ( $0.7 * E_1, 1.3 * E_2$ ), fit not working?

# Outlook

- Direction, vertex and length fit seems to work
- Energy fit does not seem to work

Likelihood that is minimised:  $-\text{Log Likelihood} = - \sum_{\text{hits}} \text{Log } P_{1\text{st}}$

Uses only time information: no sensitivity for energy?

Include hit/nohit information!

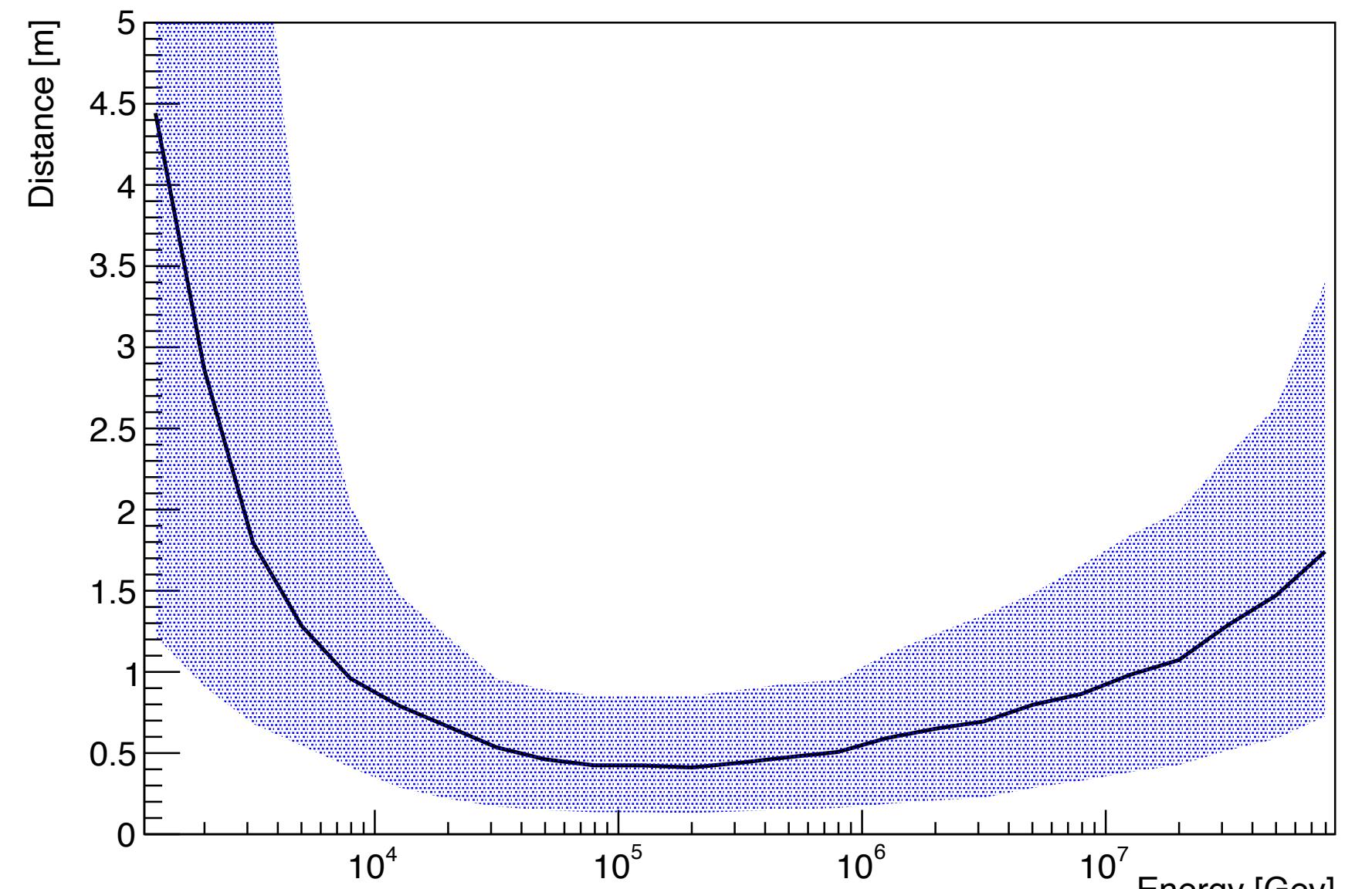
# Vertex reco in Aashowerfit

## Last week in the reco meeting

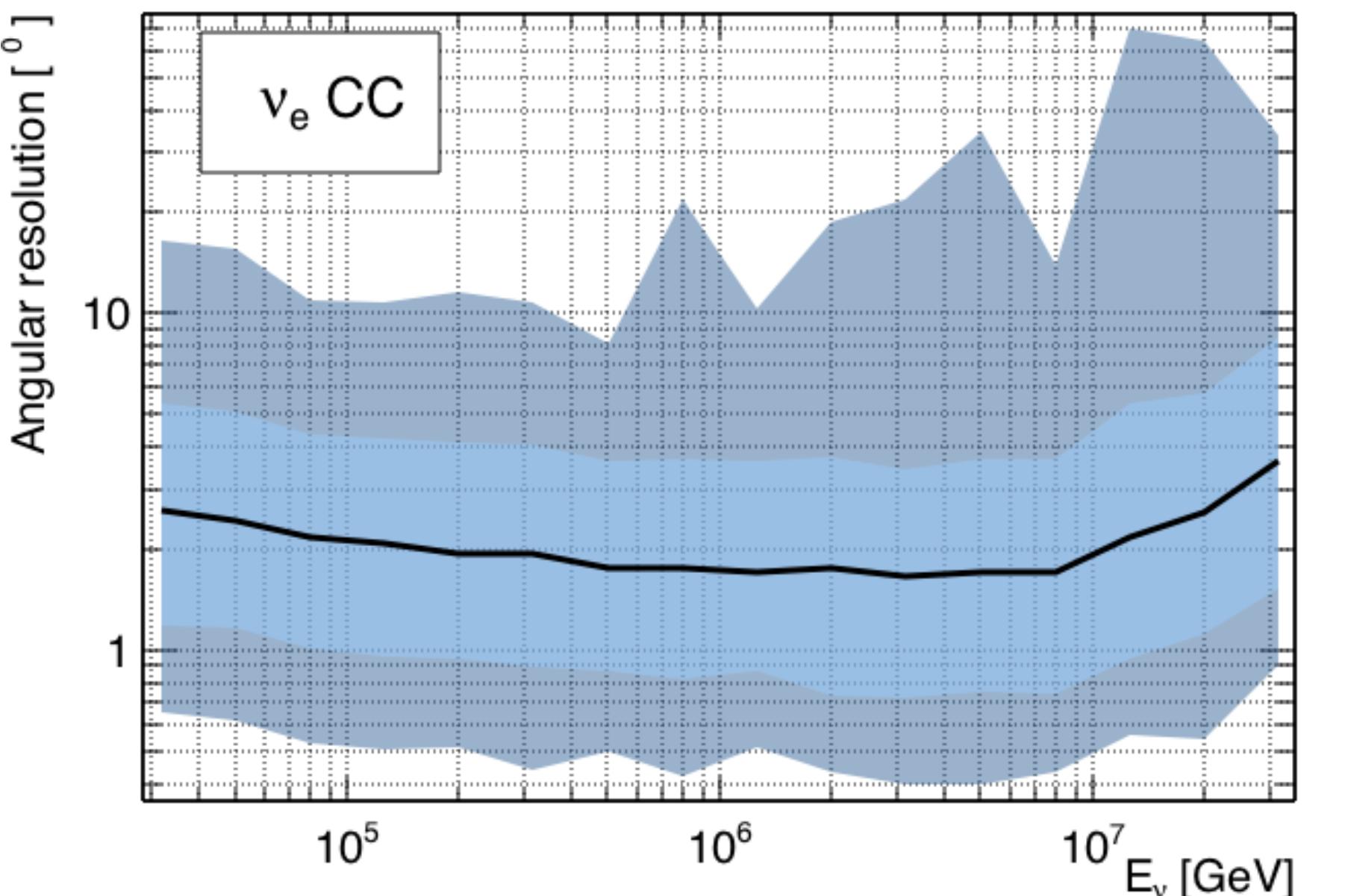
- Performance M-estimator not optimal for lower energies (100 GeV - 10 TeV)
- How can aashowerfit improve if the vertex fit is better (or perfect?)

Rerun aashowerfit with

- M-estimator vertex fit
- True vertex



KM3NeT preliminary



# Vertex reco in Aashowerfit

- Resolution improvement for  $E < 10$  TeV
- Resolution improves slightly or is comparable for  $E > 10$  TeV, depending on the cuts

Suggestion: try Lorentzian estimator

