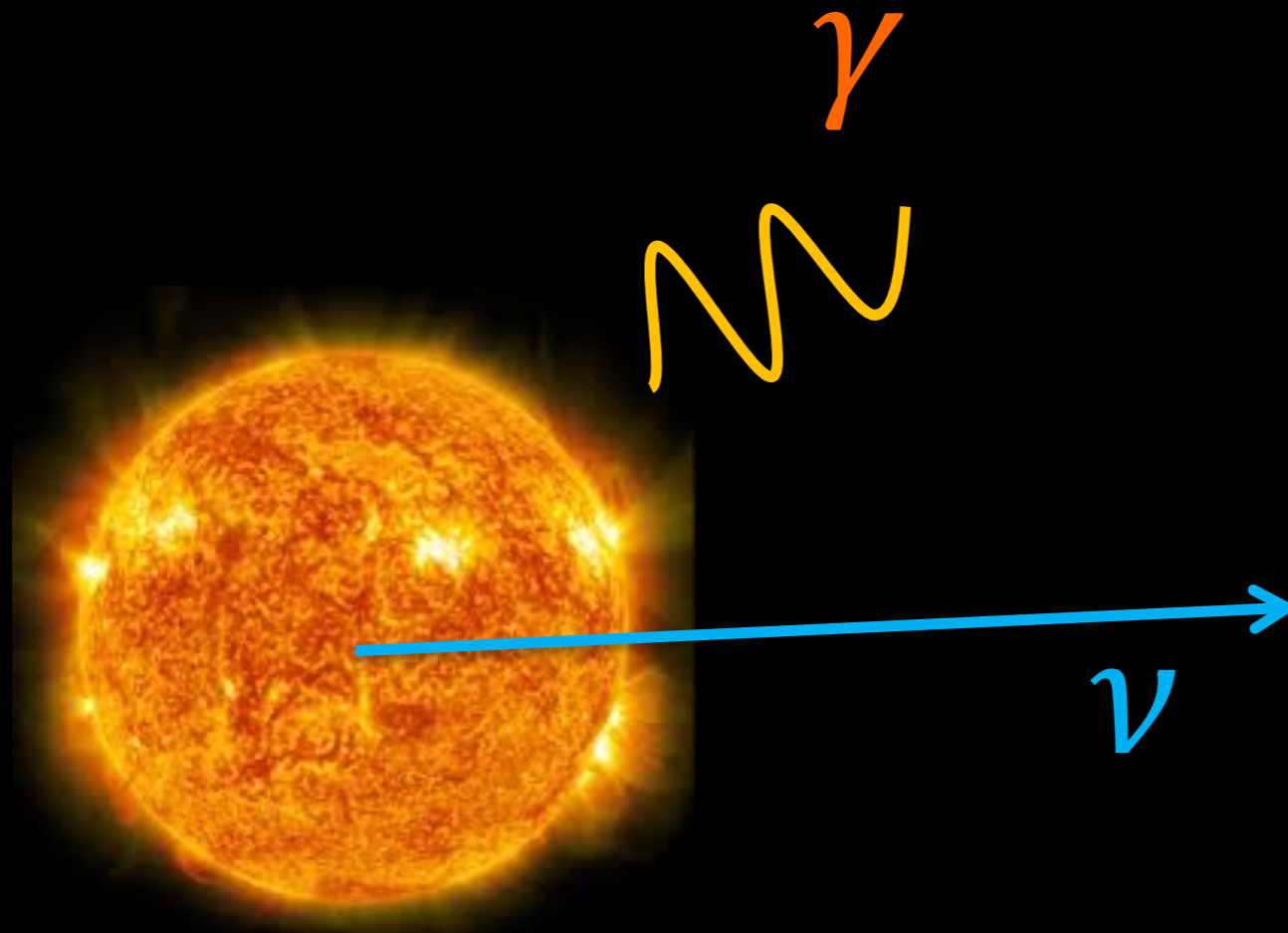
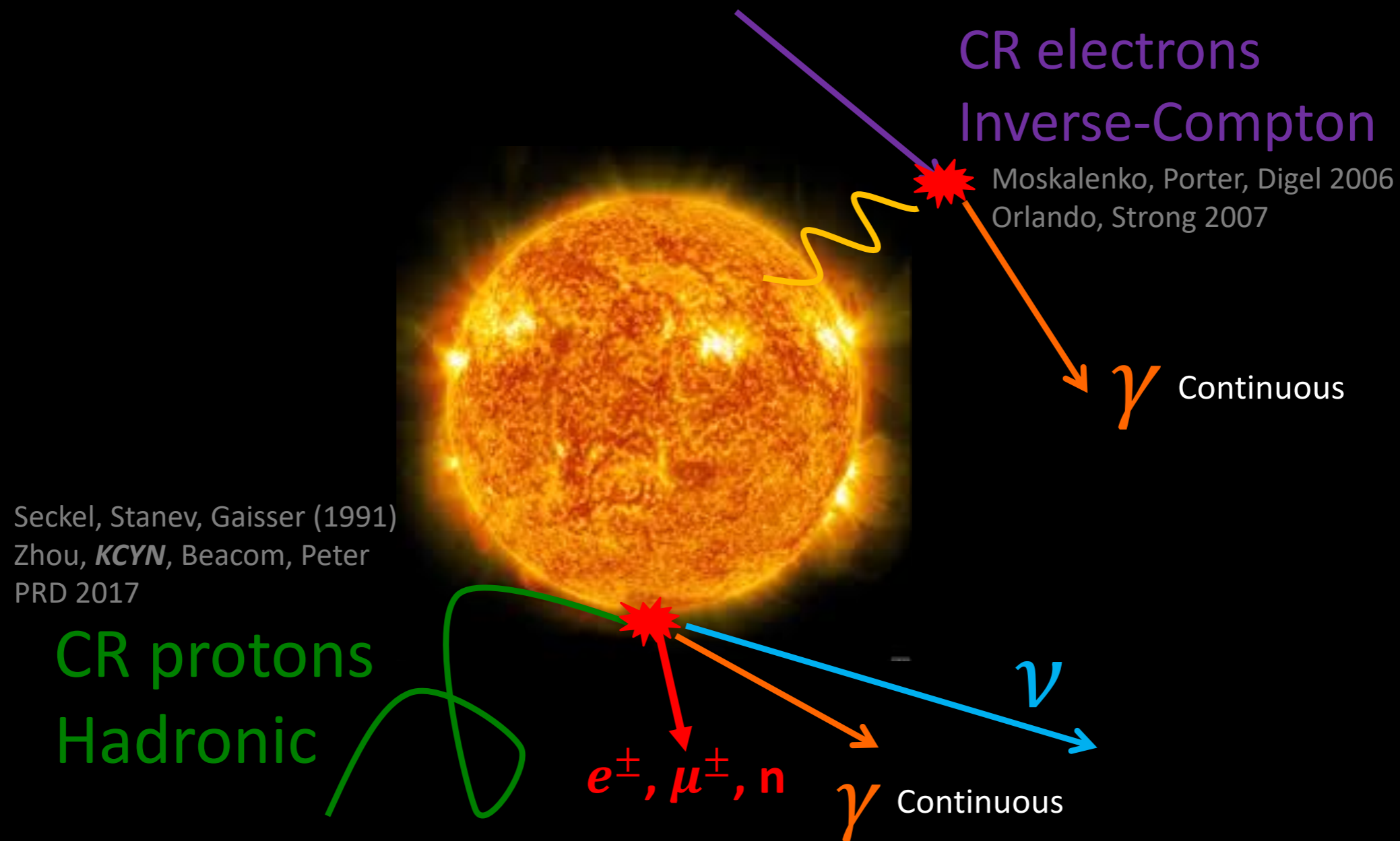


Solar Atmospheric Neutrinos



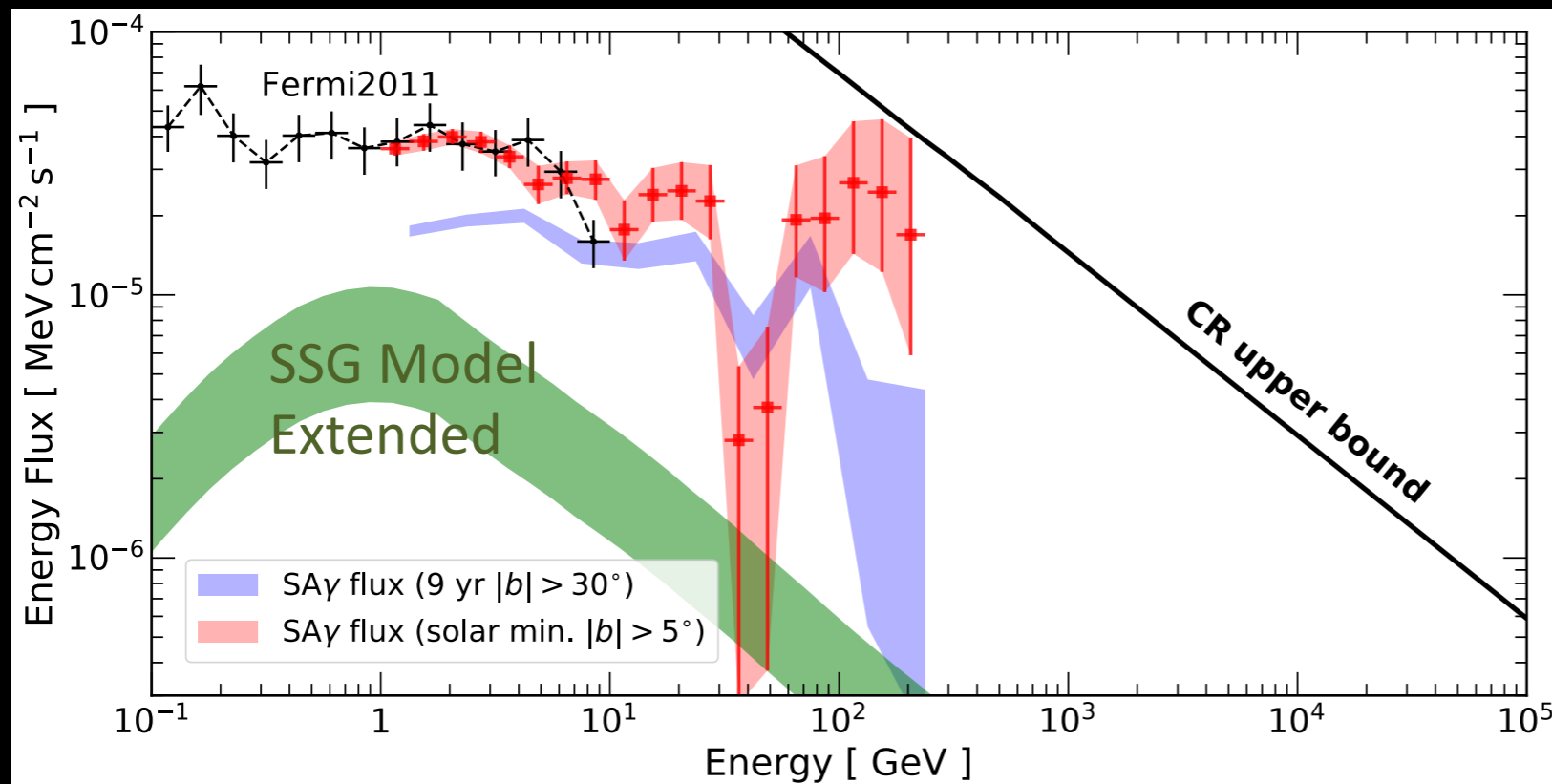
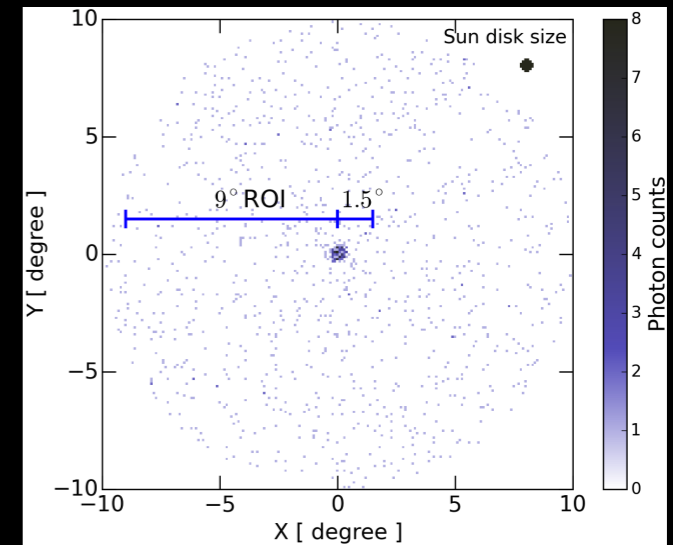
Kenny CY Ng
Marie Curie Fellow, GRAPPA, UvA

Sun - Cosmic-ray Beam Dump



Solar Atmospheric Gamma-ray Puzzle

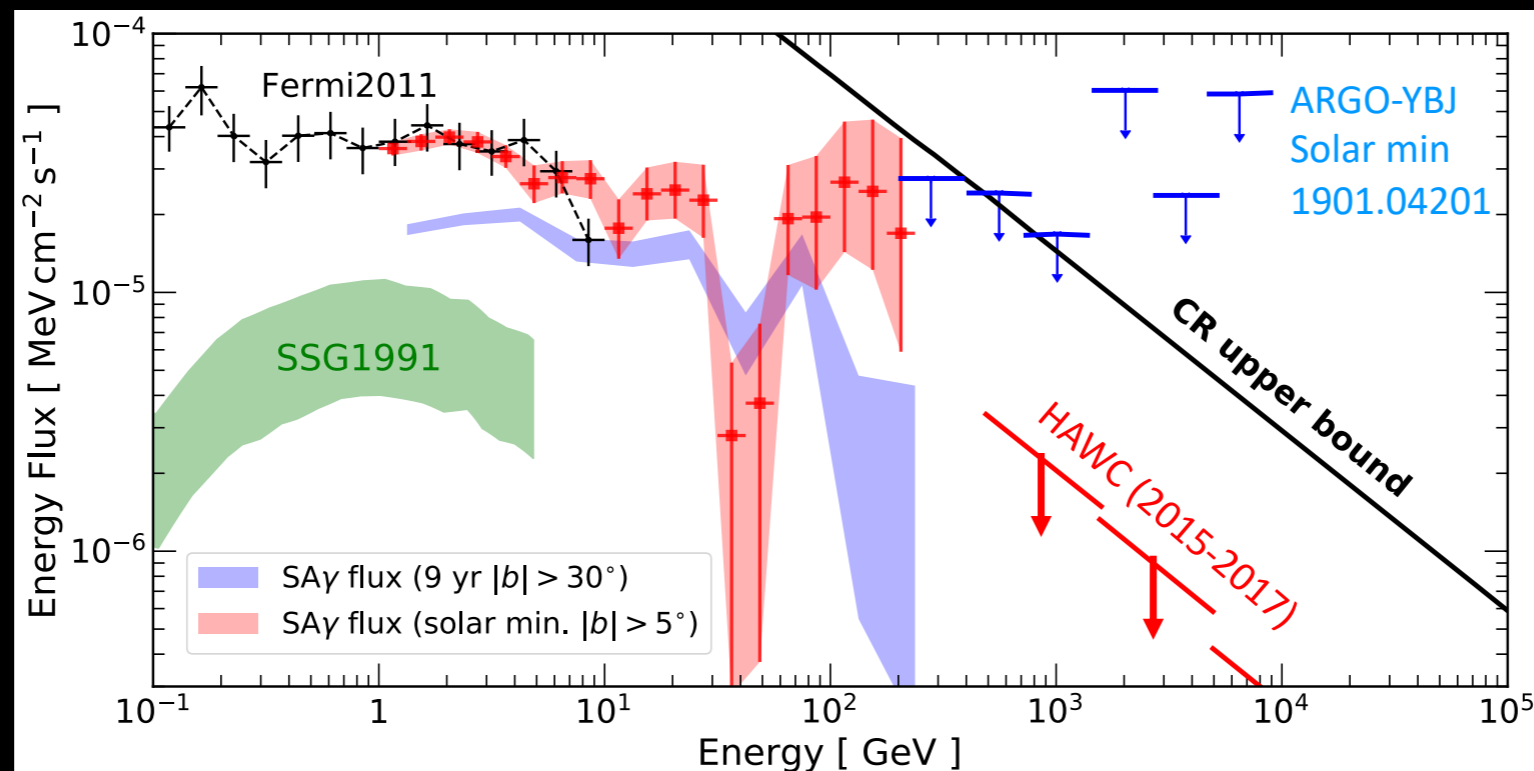
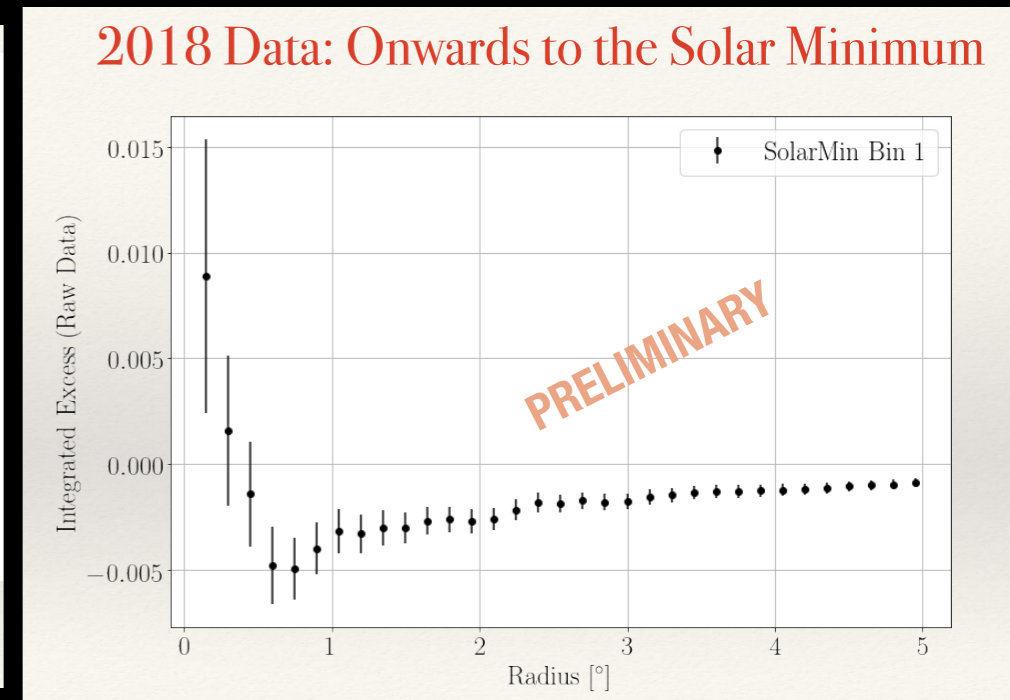
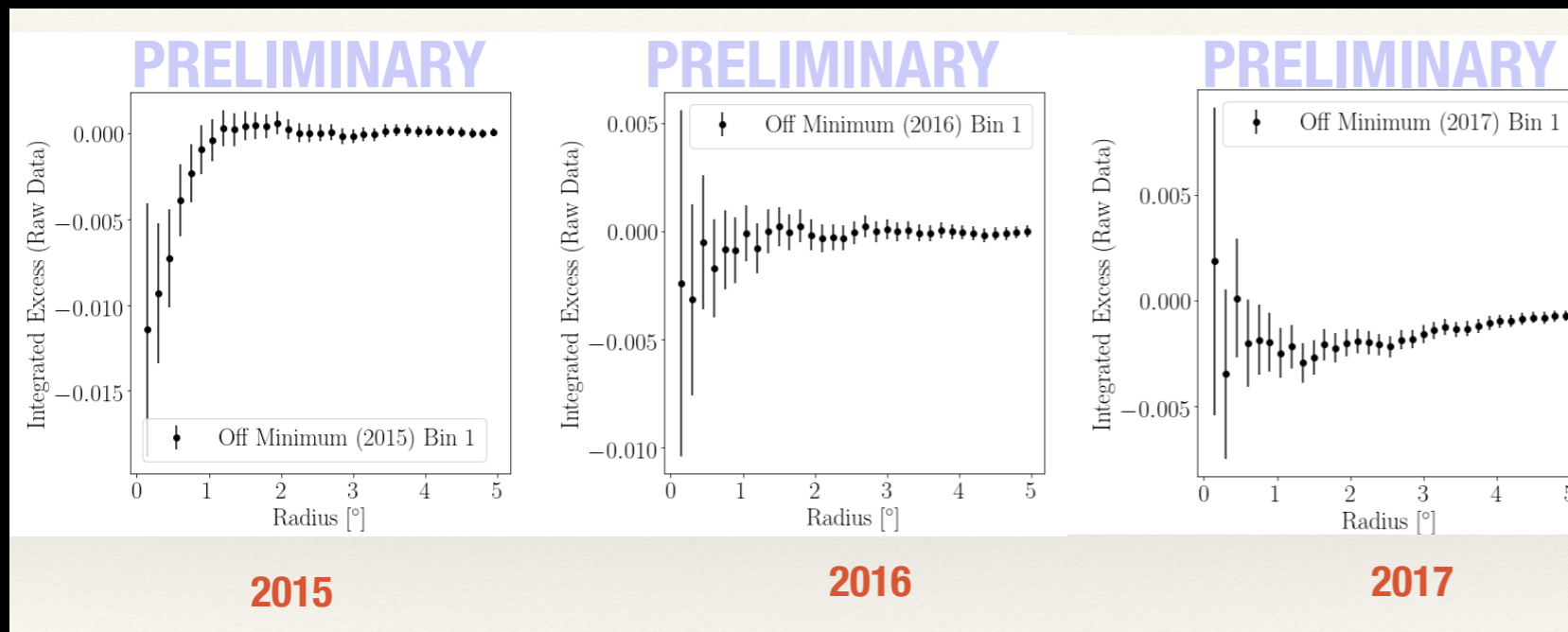
- High Flux, O(10)% efficiency at 100 GeV
- Time variation solar Min-Max
 - (2x @1 GeV, 10x @ 100 GeV)
- Morphology changes
- Dip at ~ 30 GeV, mostly at solar min.
- Hard Spectrum, $\sim E^{-2.2}$



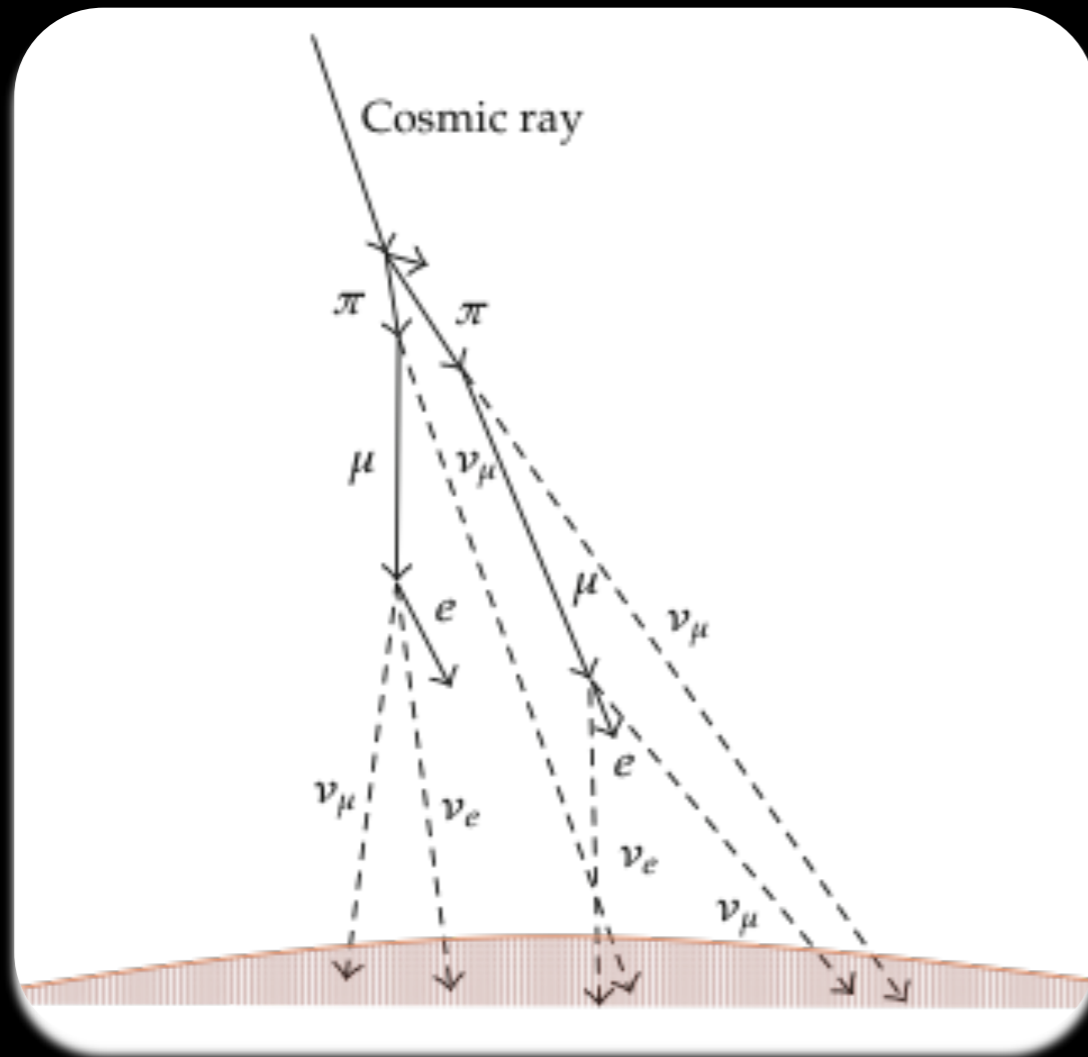
- Abdo+ Apj, 2011
- KCYN+ PRD, 2016
- Linden+ PRL, 2018
- Tang+ PRD, 2018

The Sun as a TeV Source?

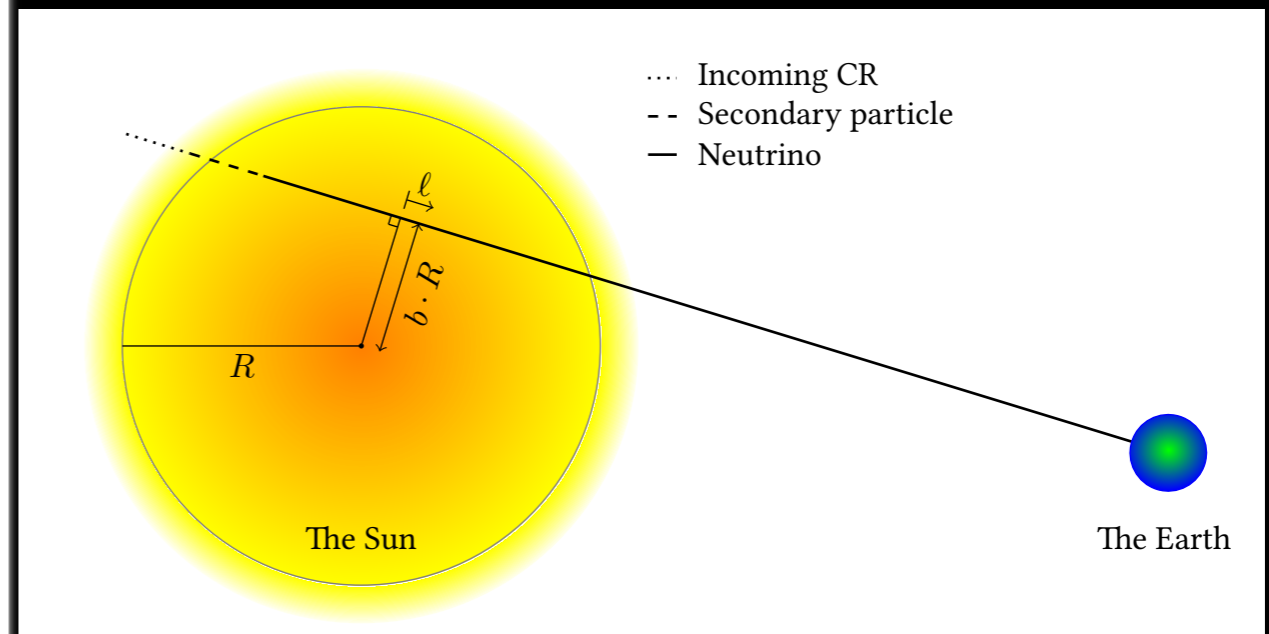
HAWC ICRC2019



Sun - Astrophysical Neutrino Source



Zero Magnetic Fields!

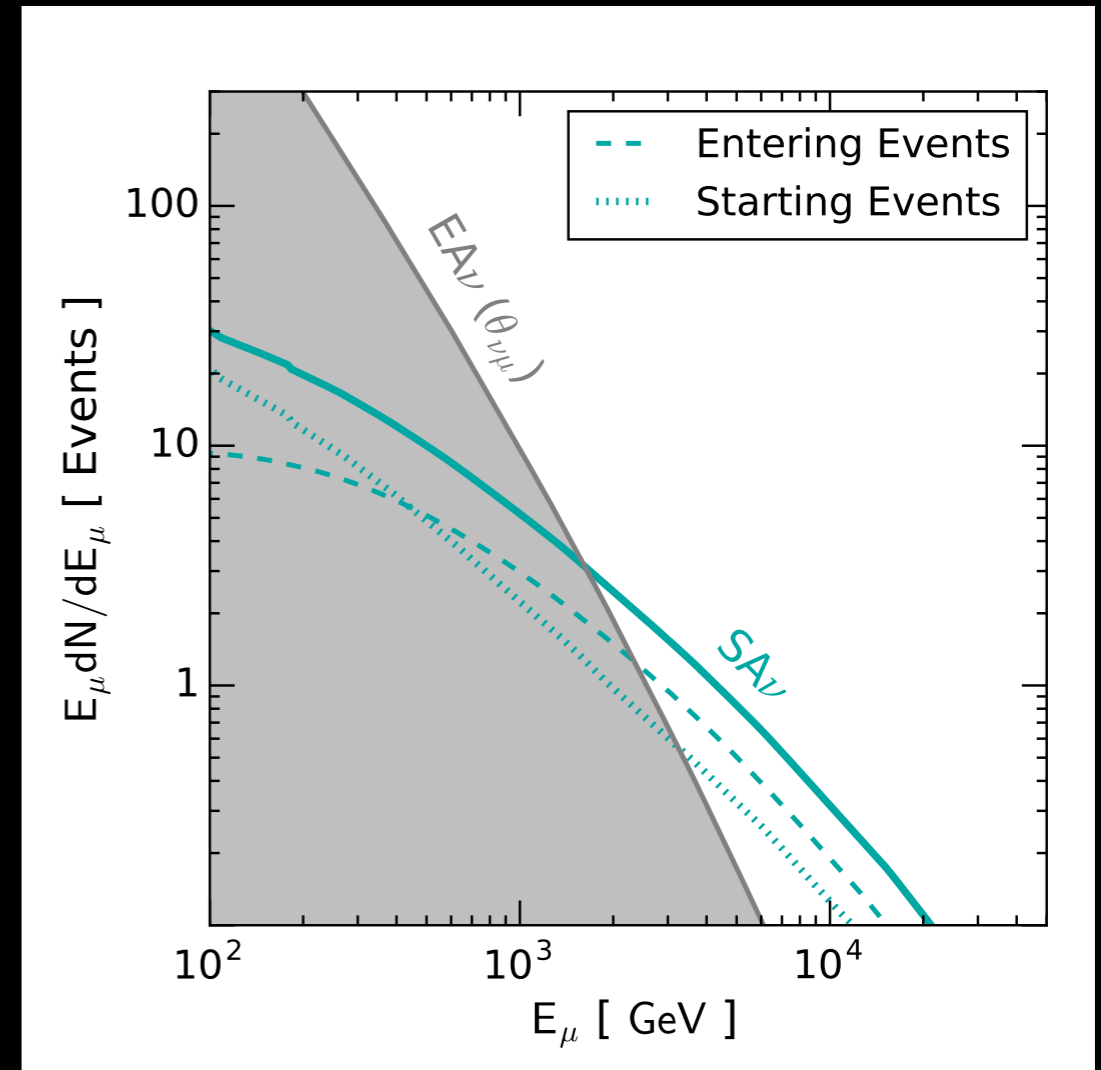
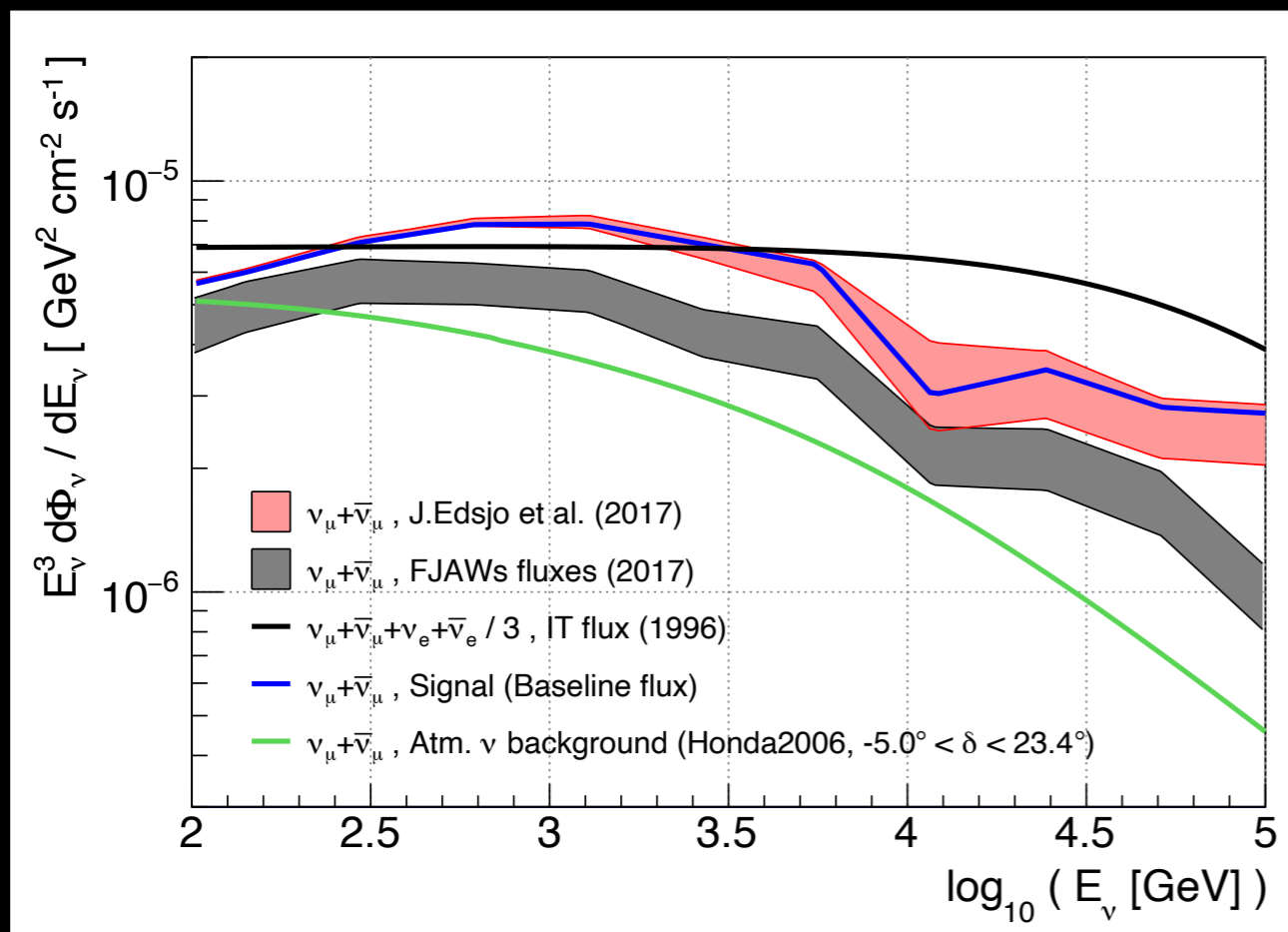


- Dilute atmosphere, larger neutrino flux

Seckel+ 1991, Moskalenko+, 1993, Ingelman+ 1996,
Hettlage+ 2000, Fogli+ 2003

C.A. Argüelles+ 1703.07798
Joakim Edsjo+ 1704.02892

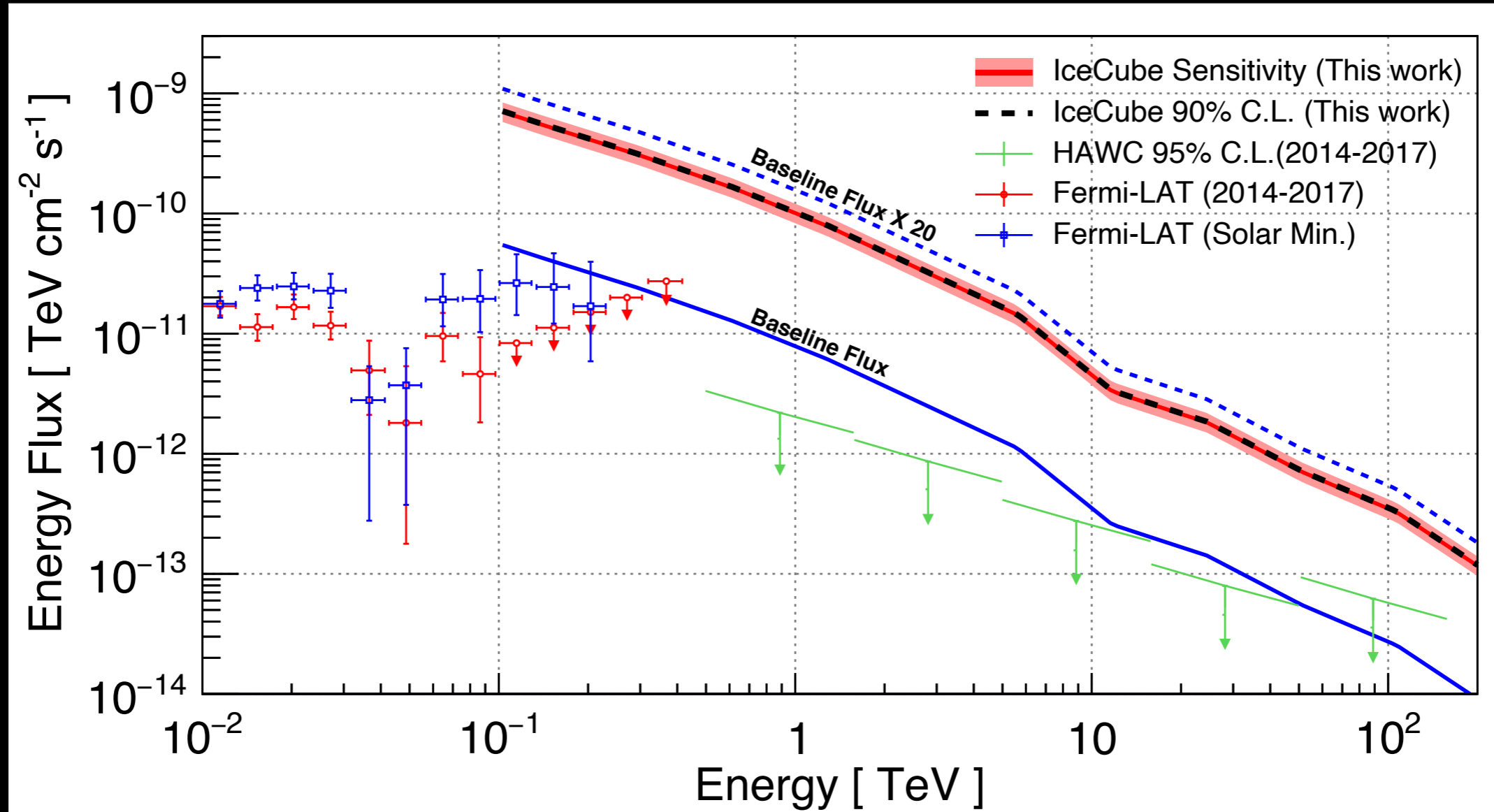
Sun - Astrophysical Neutrino Source



Icecube
1912.13135

KCYN+ 2017

First IceCube search



Not quite sensitive to the benchmark flux yet
- signal too small and too much background

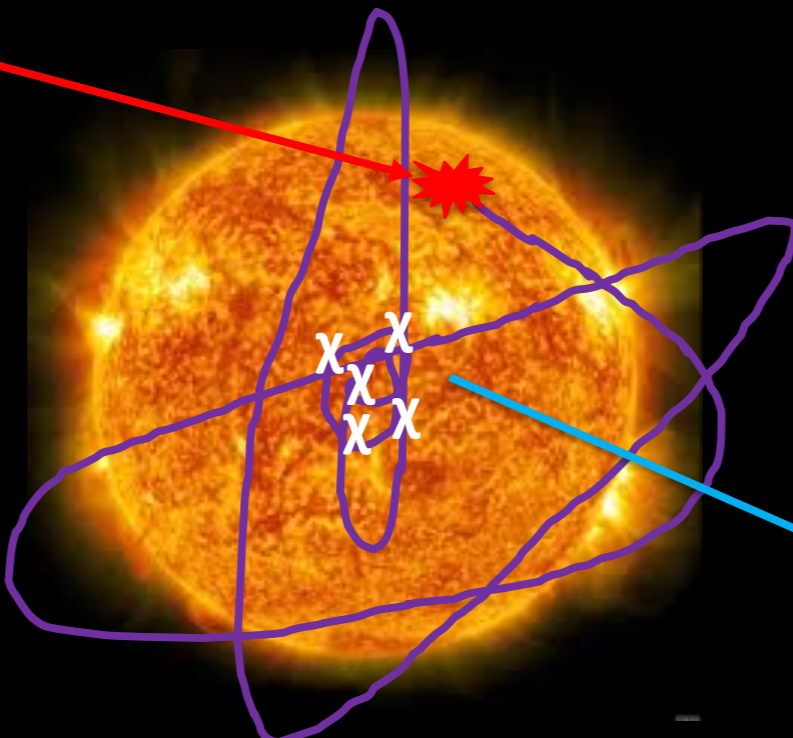
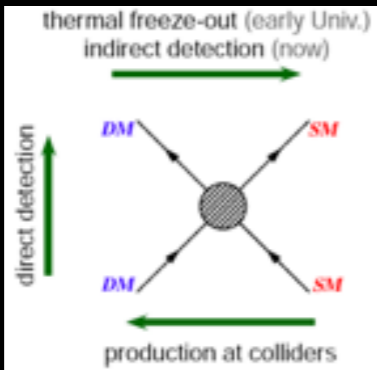
Icecube
1912.13135

Sun - Dark Matter Detector

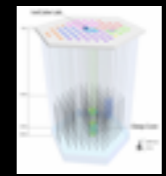
χ

$$\frac{dN}{dt} = \Gamma_{\text{cap}} - C_{\text{ann}} N^2$$

$$\Gamma_{\text{ann}} = \frac{1}{2} C_{\text{ann}} N^2 = \frac{1}{2} \Gamma_{\text{cap}}$$



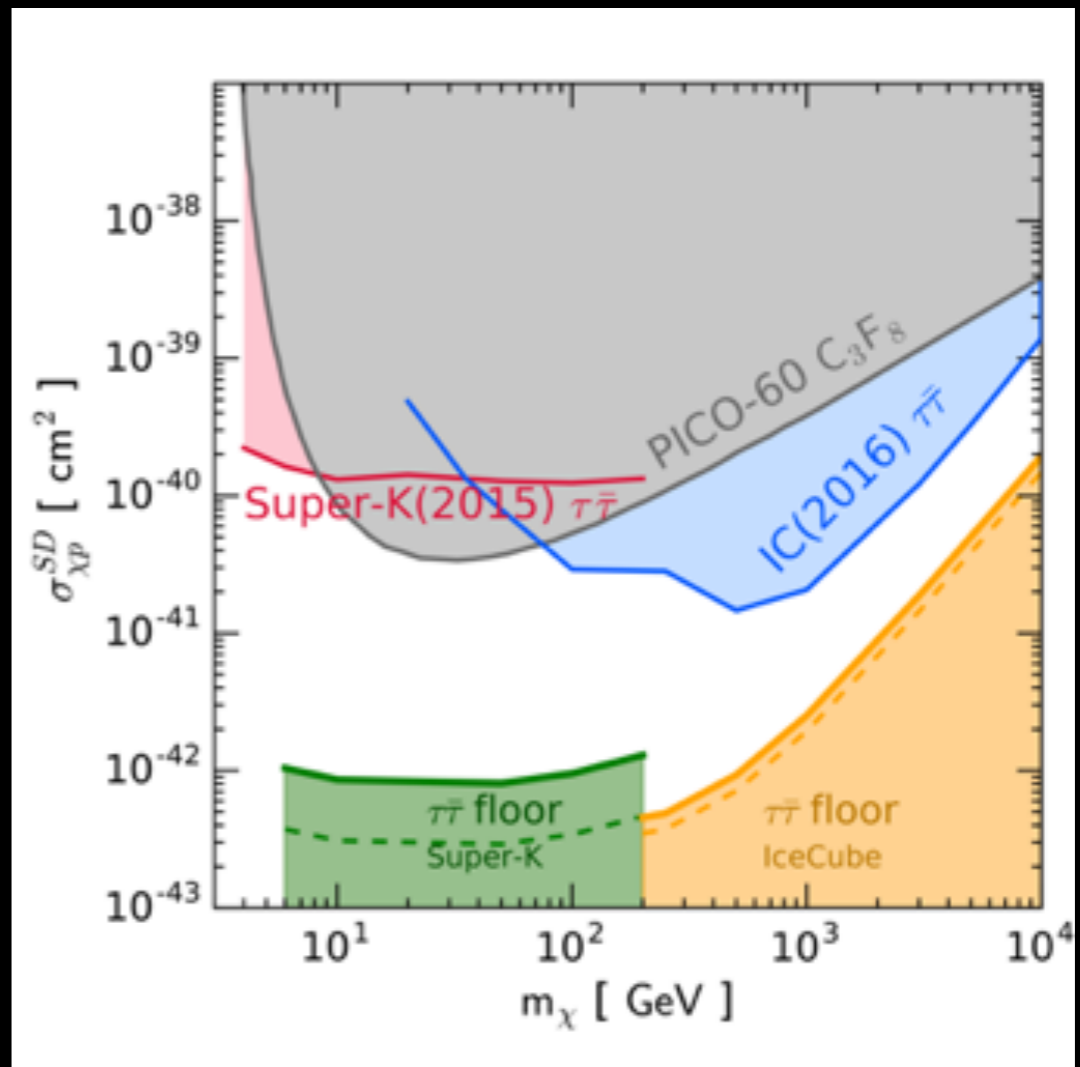
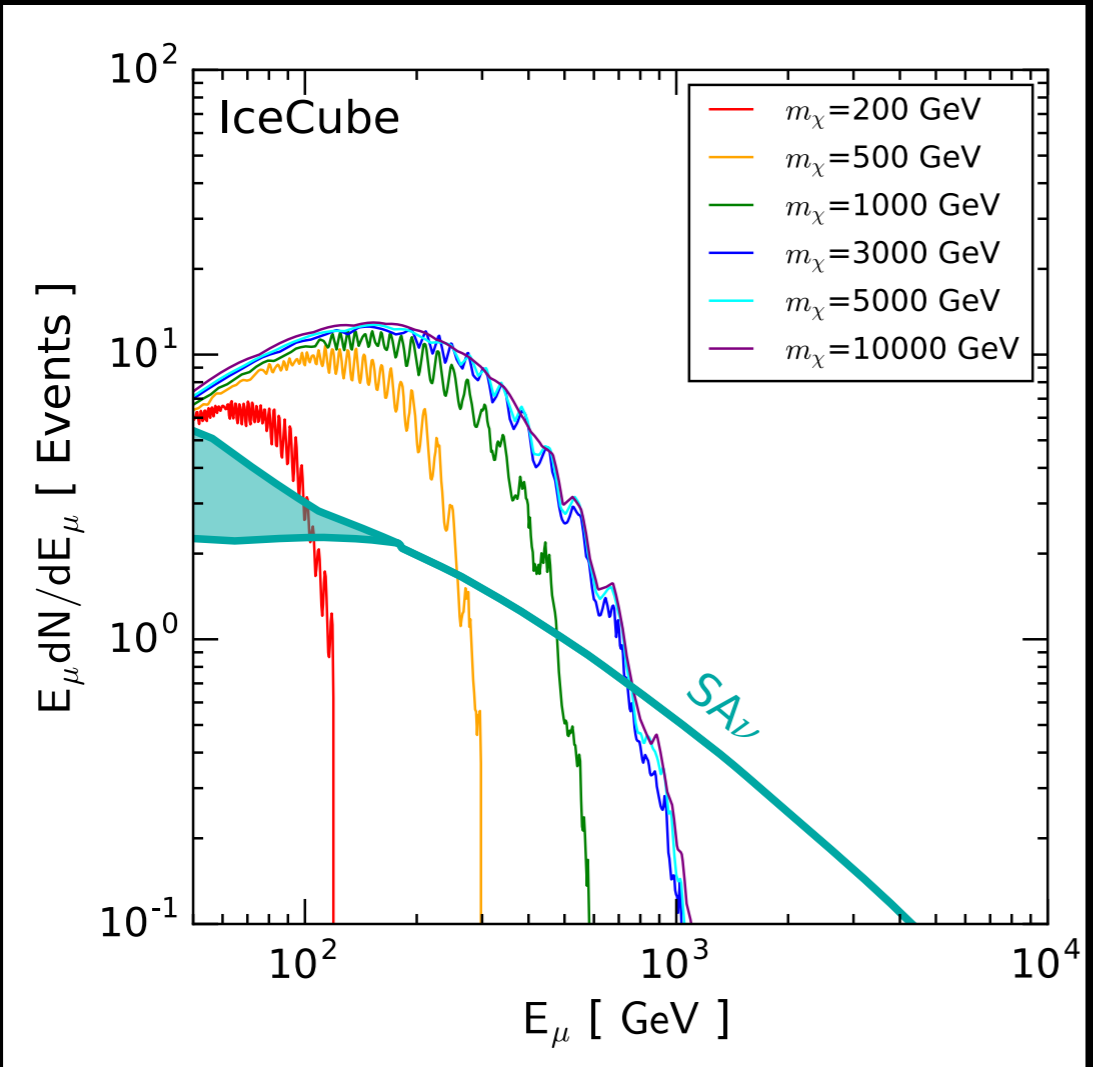
ν



Press, Spergel (1985)
 Krauss, Freese, Press, Spergel (1985)
 Silk, Olive, Srednicki (1985)

Neutrino telescope the most sensitivity prob for SD cross sections

Sun - Dark Matter Detector



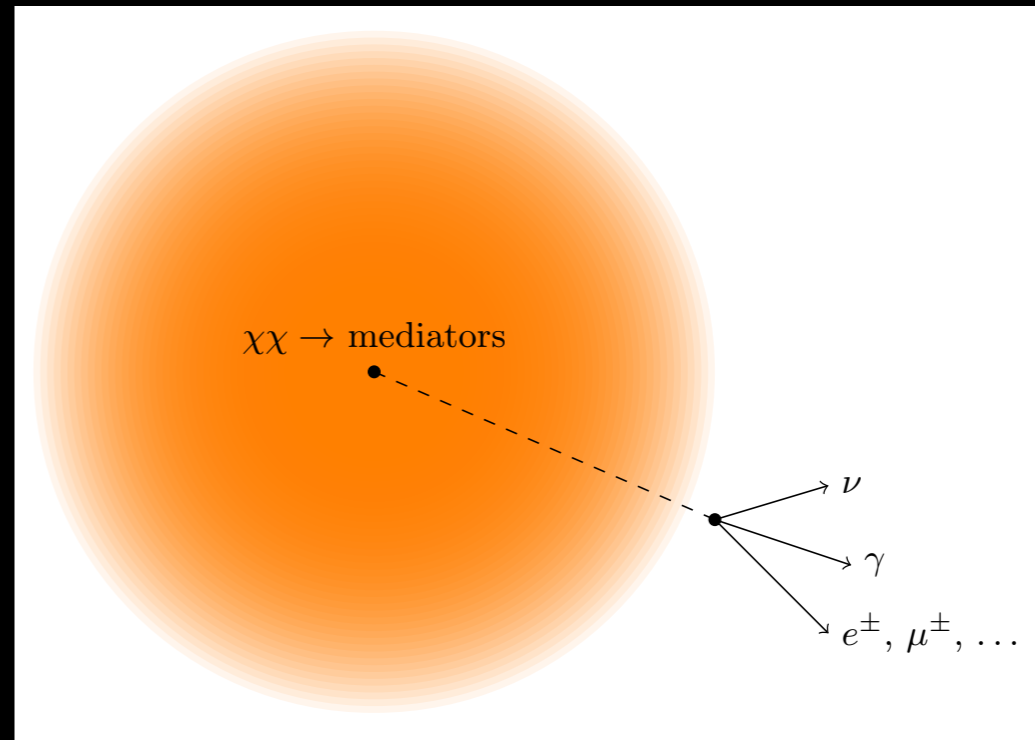
KCYN+ 2017

TeV Neutrinos cannot escape the core of the Sun

Sun - Dark Matter Detector

Leane, KCYN, Beacom 1703.04629

- Unlock
 - Gamma rays
 - Electrons, muon, etc
- Unsuppressed
 - Neutrinos!
- Less absorption (ν)
- Lower density (ν)
- Decay tail (ν, γ)



Batell, Pospelov, Ritz, Shang, 0910.1567

Bell, Petraki, 1102.2958

Feng, Smolinsky, Tanedo, 1602.01465

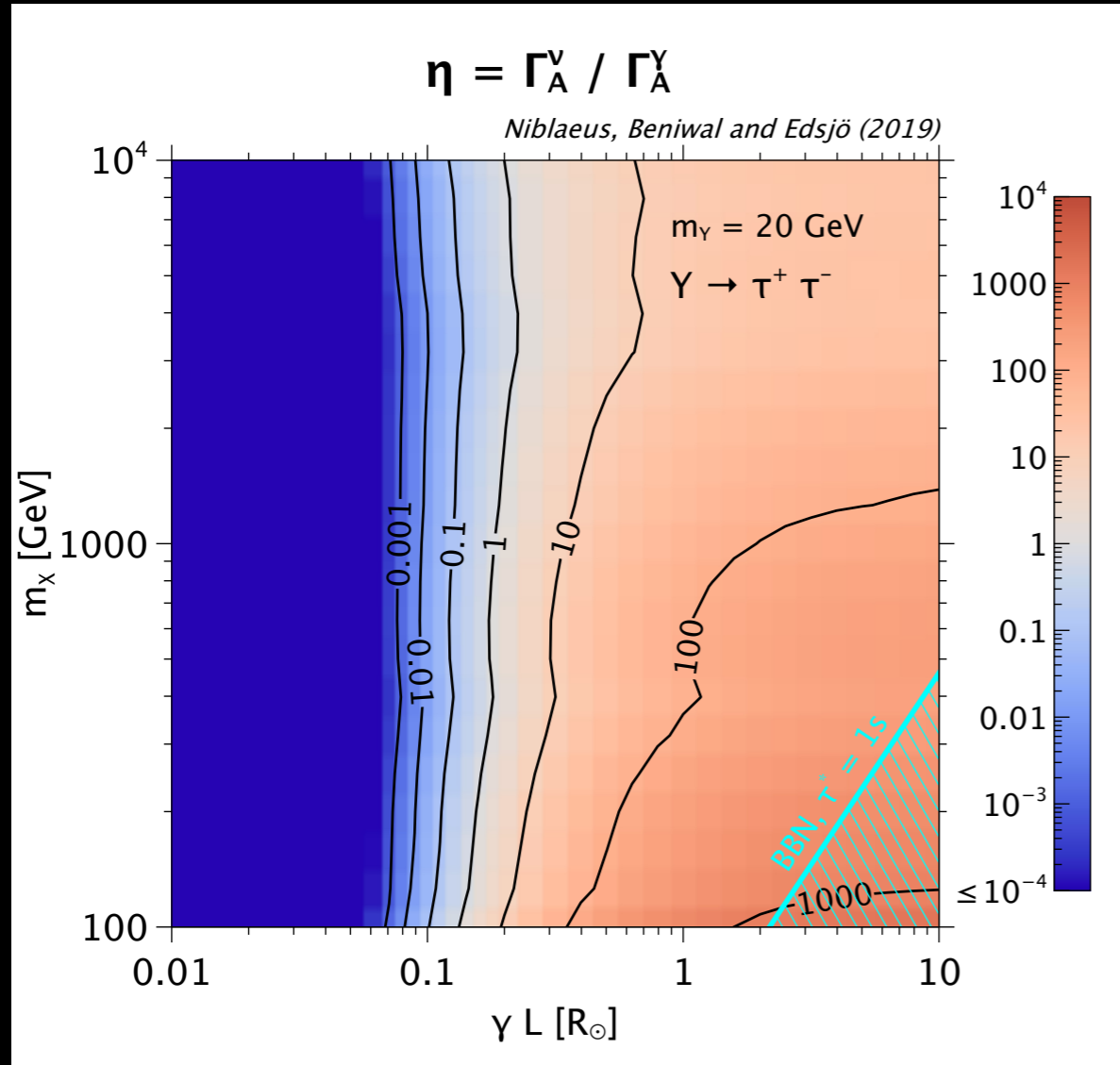
Arina, Backovic, Heisig, Lucente, 1703.08087

Niblaeus, Beniwal, Edsjo, 1903.11363

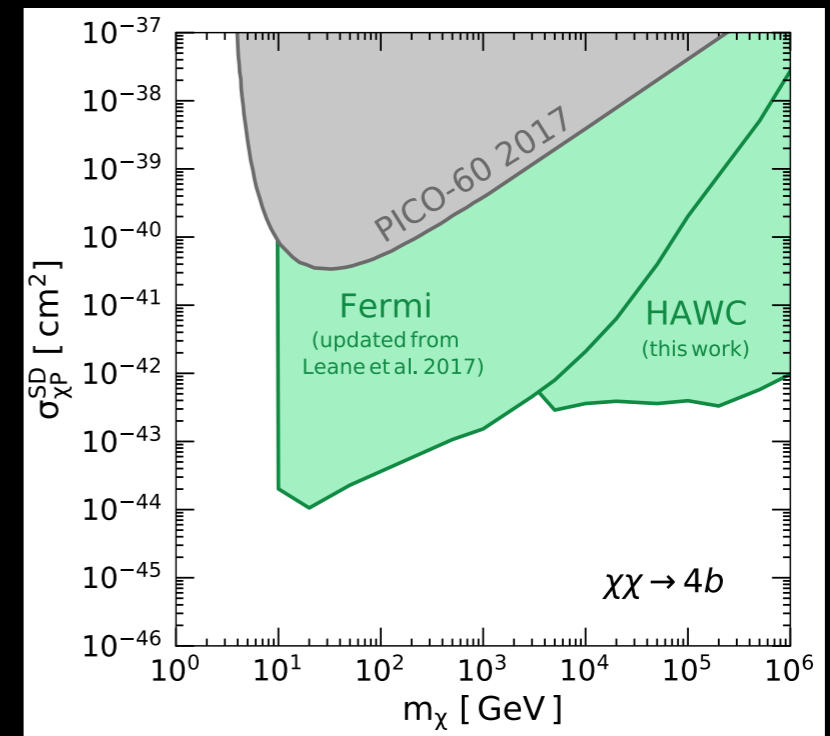
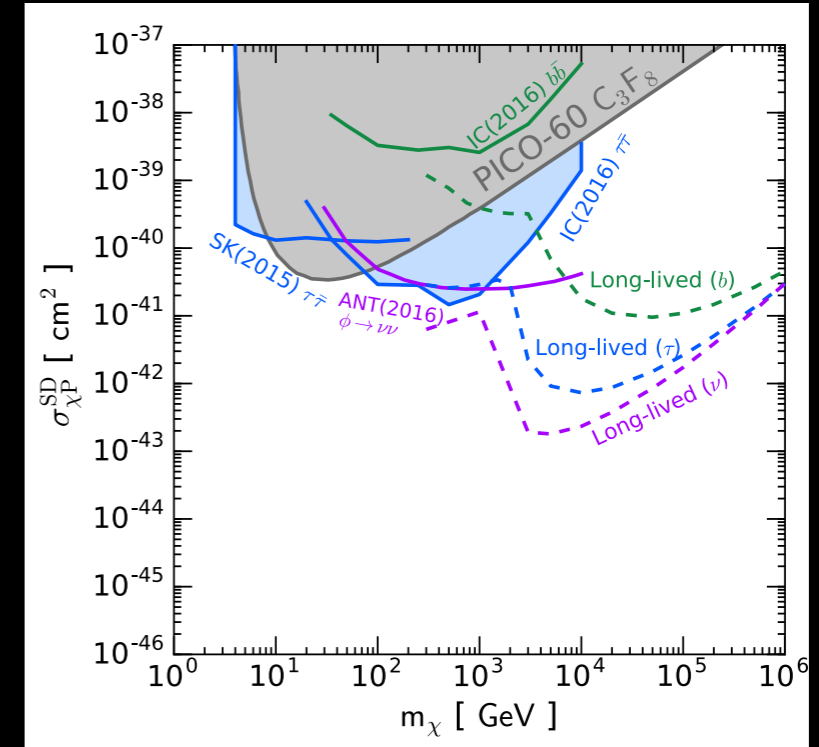
etc

Synergy between gamma rays and Neutrinos

Niblaeus, Beniwal, Edsjo, 1903.11363

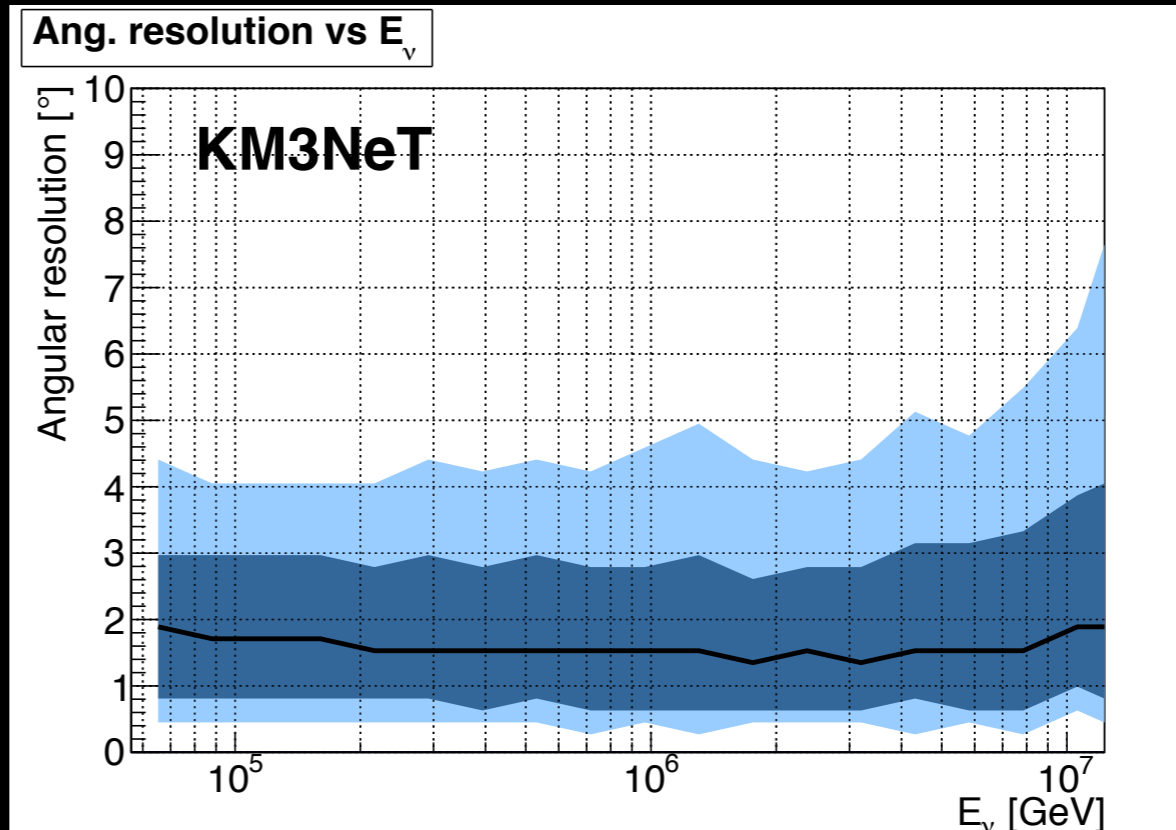
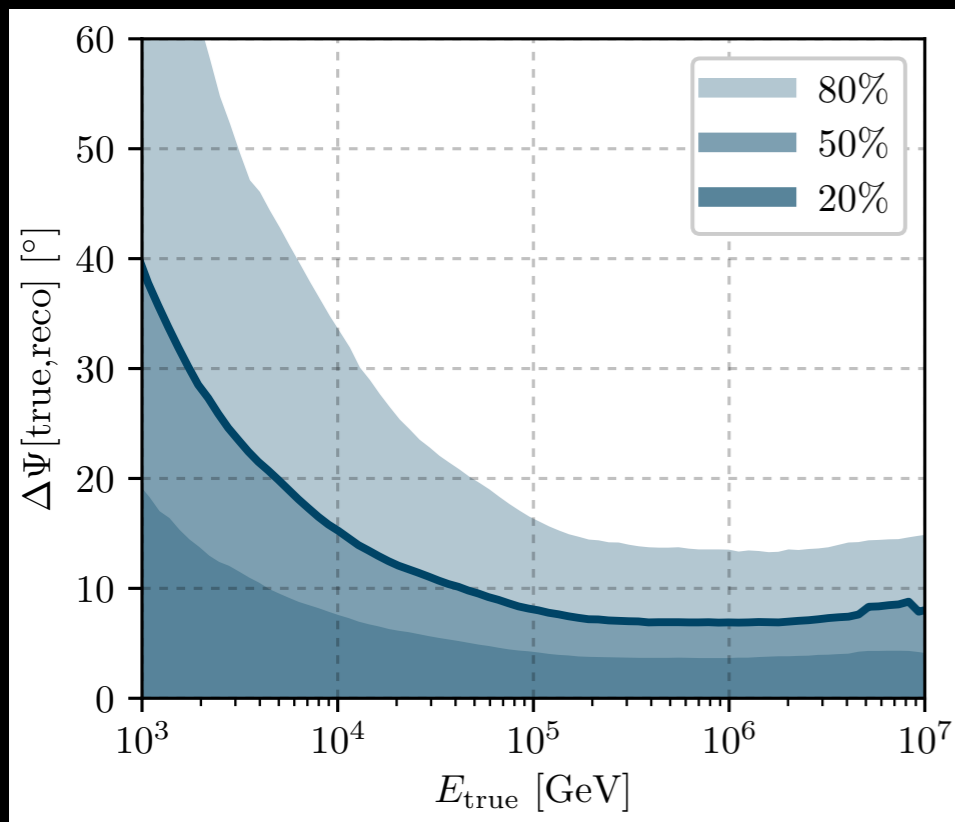


Neutrinos \longleftrightarrow gamma rays
mediator decay length



Solar ATM neutrinos- The case for KM3NeT

IceCube
<https://arxiv.org/abs/1907.06714>



Much better
angular
resolution!

- + lower atmospheric neutrino background
- + similar signal strength

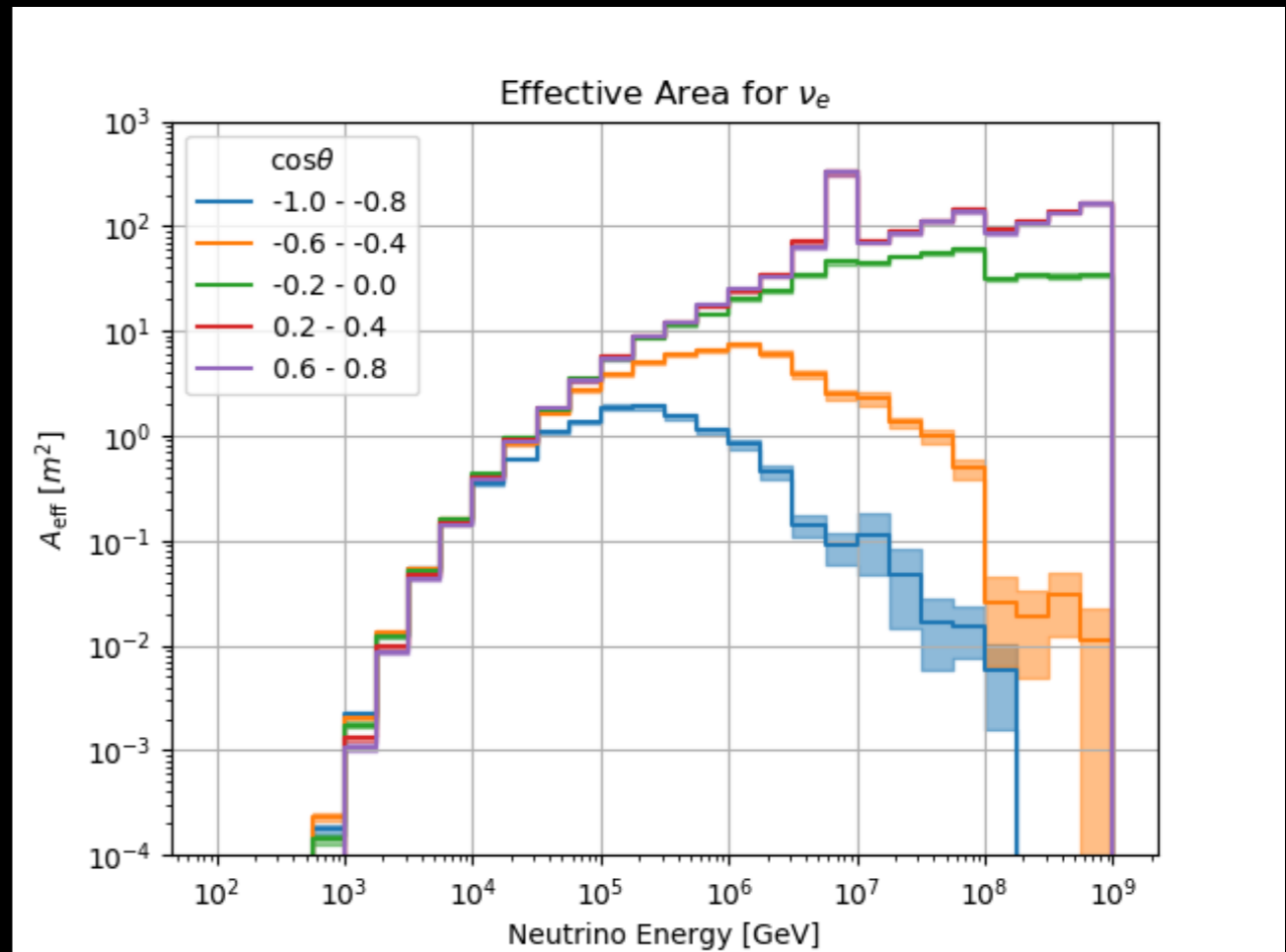
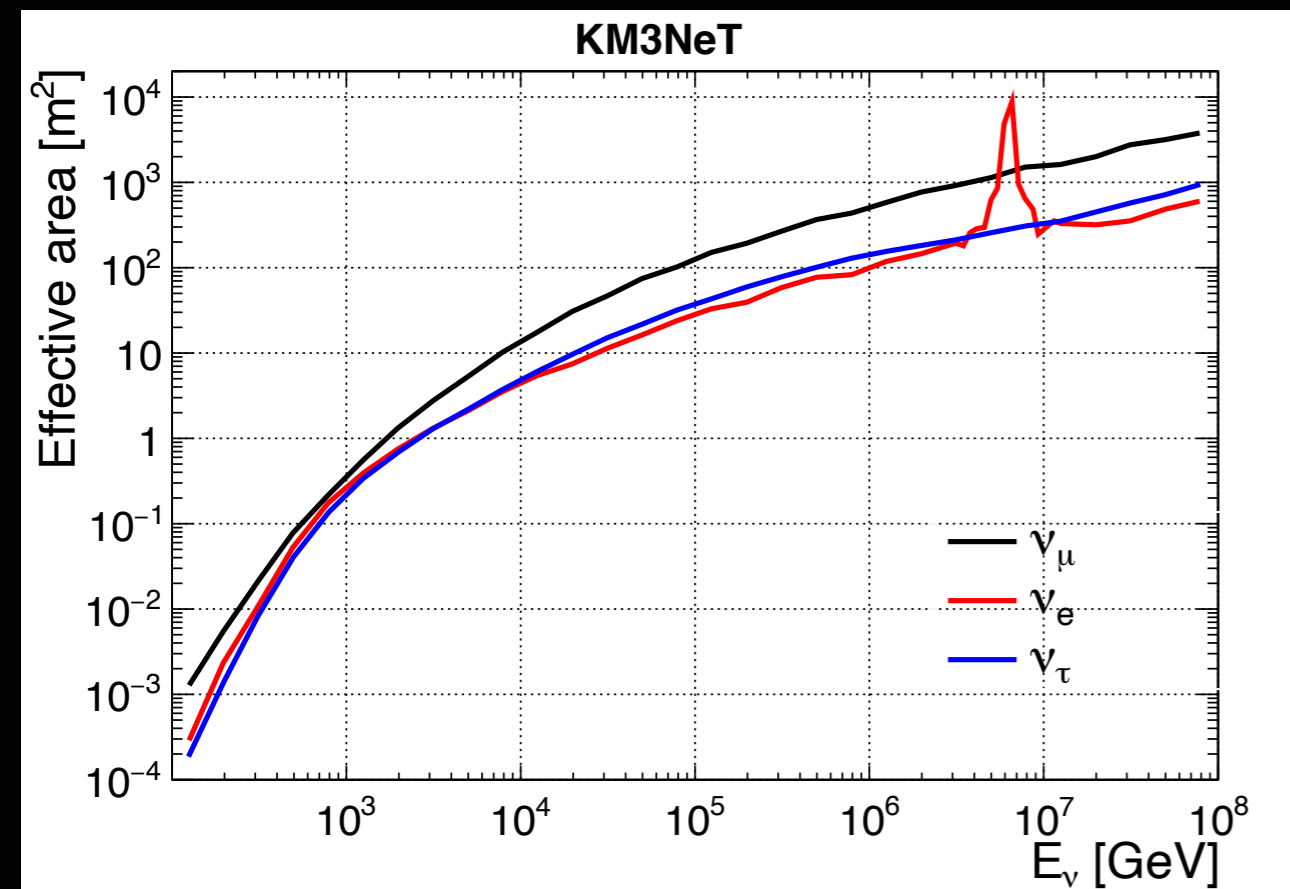
sensitivity comparable to tracks

- + intrinsically much better energy resolution

KM3NeT — The power of cascades?

IceCube 2015

letter of intent



10x larger effective area at 100 TeV?

ITFA workshop 2020: Searching for DM decays with KM3NeT

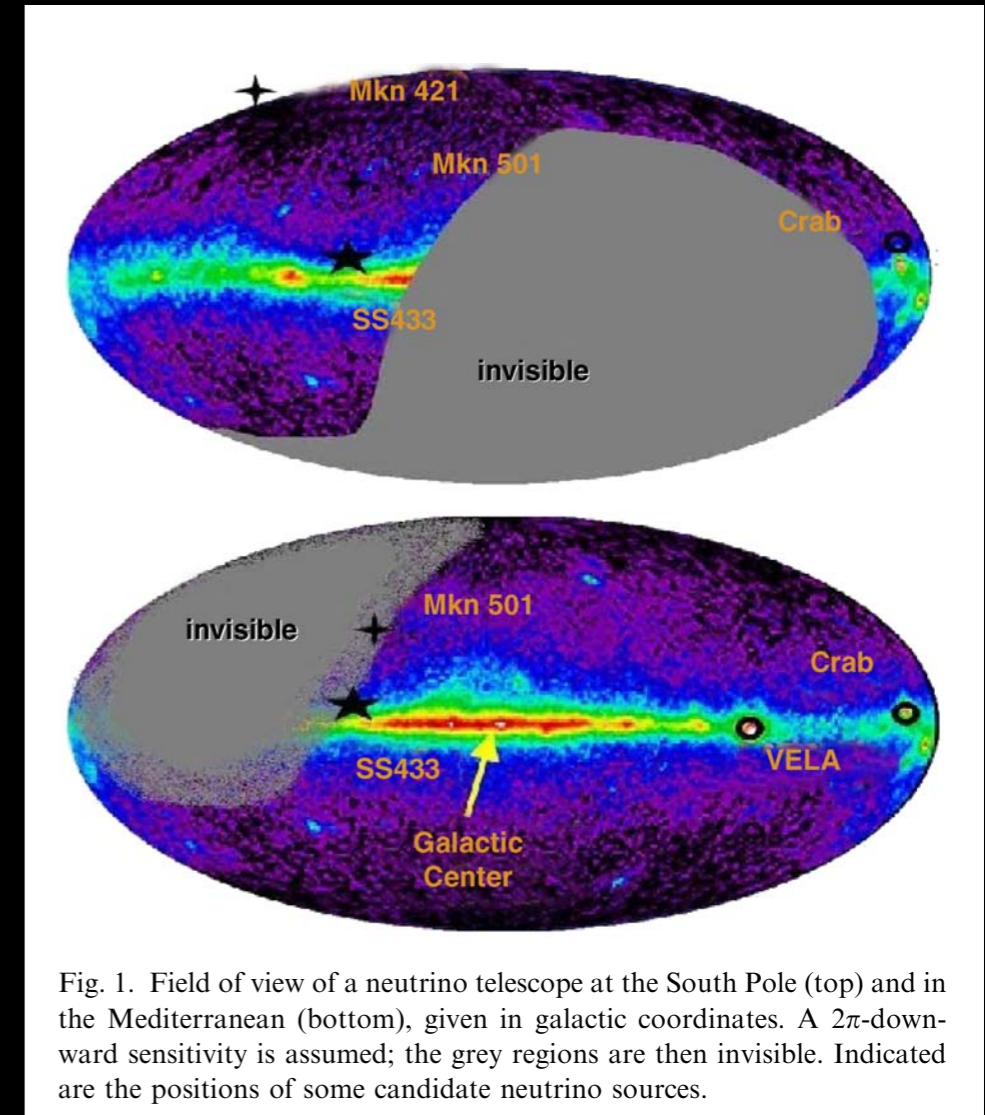


Fig. 1. Field of view of a neutrino telescope at the South Pole (top) and in the Mediterranean (bottom), given in galactic coordinates. A 2π -downward sensitivity is assumed; the grey regions are then invisible. Indicated are the positions of some candidate neutrino sources.