

Group meeting
08/03/2018

ν cross sections at high energies

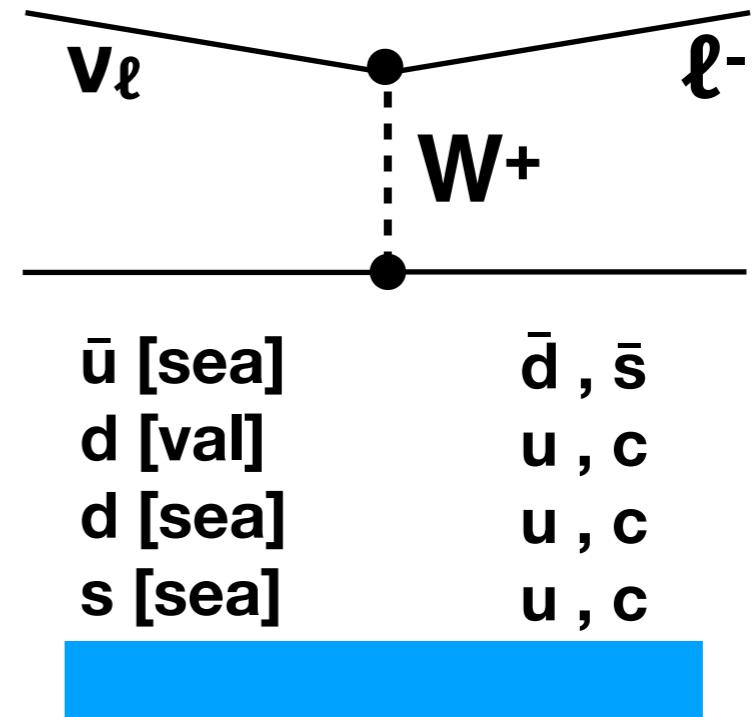
Alfonso Garcia



GENIE:

- Try to understand how it computes the cross section.

$$\frac{d\sigma^{\nu, \bar{\nu}}}{dxdy} = \frac{G_F^2 M E_\nu}{\pi} \left[y \left(xy + \frac{m_l^2}{2E_\nu M} \right) F_1 \right. \\ \left. + \left(1 - y - \frac{Mxy}{2E_\nu} - \frac{m_l^2}{4E_\nu^2} \right) F_2 \right. \\ \left. \pm \left[xy \left(1 - \frac{y}{2} \right) - y \frac{m_l^2}{4ME_\nu} \right] F_3 \right. \\ \left. + \left(xy \frac{m_l^2}{2ME_\nu} + \frac{m_l^4}{4M^2 E_\nu^2} \right) F_4 - \frac{m_l^2}{2ME_\nu} F_5 \right],$$



< m_{charm}

$$F_2^{\text{CC}}(\nu p) = 2x[d \cos^2 \theta_c + s \sin^2 \theta_c + \bar{u} \boxed{}],$$

$$xF_3^{\text{CC}}(\nu p) = 2x[d \cos^2 \theta_c + s \sin^2 \theta_c - \bar{u} \boxed{}]$$

$$\mathbf{q} = \mathbf{q}(x, Q^2)$$

> m_{charm} [**Slow rescaling**]

$$F_2^{\text{CC}}(\nu p) = 2z[d + s + \bar{u} \boxed{}],$$

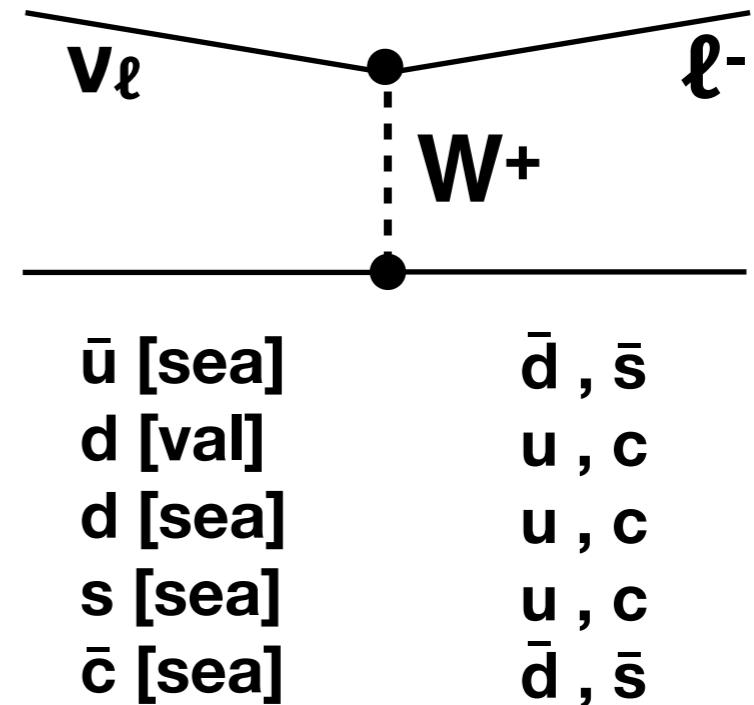
$$xF_3^{\text{CC}}(\nu p) = 2z[d + s - \bar{u} \boxed{}],$$

$$z = x + \frac{m_c^2}{m_p(E_\nu - E_l)}$$

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< **m_{charm}**

$$F_2^{\text{CC}}(\nu p) = 2x[d \cos^2 \theta_c + s \sin^2 \theta_c + \bar{u} + \bar{c}],$$

$$xF_3^{\text{CC}}(\nu p) = 2x[d \cos^2 \theta_c + s \sin^2 \theta_c - \bar{u} - \bar{c}]$$

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> **m_{charm} [Slow rescaling]**

$$F_2^{\text{CC}}(\nu p) = 2z[d + s + \bar{u} + \bar{c}],$$

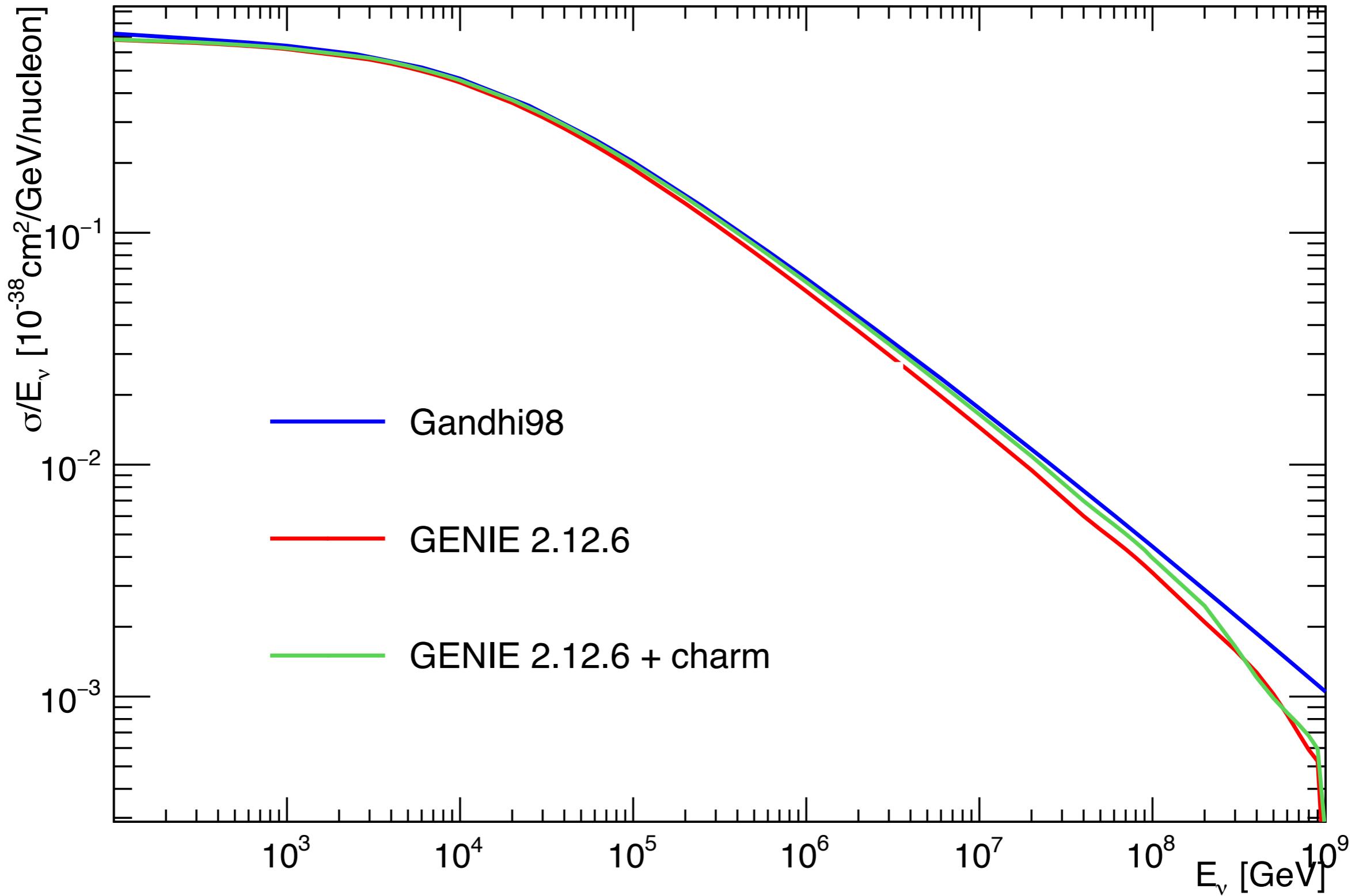
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ν_μ cross section



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